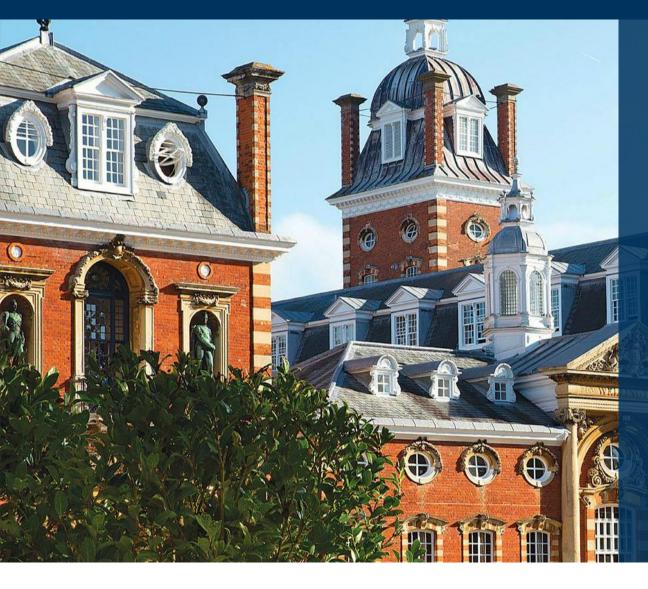




EMPOWER™ RESEARCH

Agenda



Gale Scholar

- Gale Scholar 项目概述
- Gale Scholar 重点数据库介绍
- 跨库检索平台&工具
- · 高效检索和挖掘Gale 原始文献的技巧
- Gale 数字学术实验室简介





Gale Scholar

为全球学者呈现了12世纪至今的超过2亿页珍稀原始文献前所未有的馆藏规模,开启学术创新之路





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THE TIMES





























Gale Scholar

40多个大型的、成体系的原始文献数据库



























































































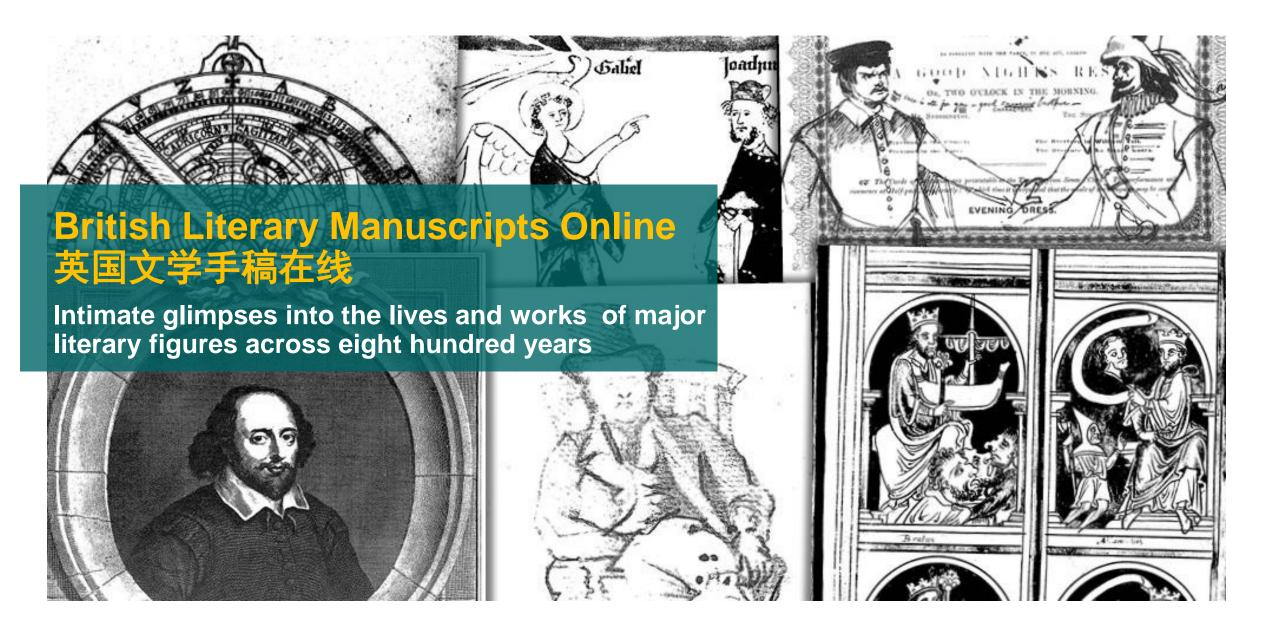




Gale Scholar 数据库介绍











British Literary Manuscripts Online 英国文学手稿在线

一览800年间英国文学手稿

Time

1100—1900年

Pages

78万页手稿的复本图像



Subjects

- > 英国史
- > 英国文学
- > 欧洲文学
- > 古文字学
- ▶ 戏剧
- ▶ 女性研究
- ▶ 跨学科研究等





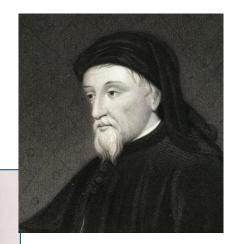
British Literary Manuscripts Online 英国文学手稿在线

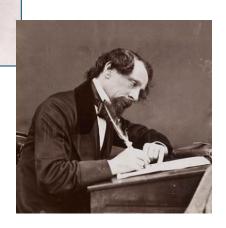




代表性作家:

Geoffrey Chaucer William Shakespeare Alexander Pope William Blake Charlotte Brontë Fanny Burney **Robert Burns** Thomas Carlyle William Cowper **Charles Dickens** John Locke Jonathan Swift Oscar Wilde William Wordsworth And many others!









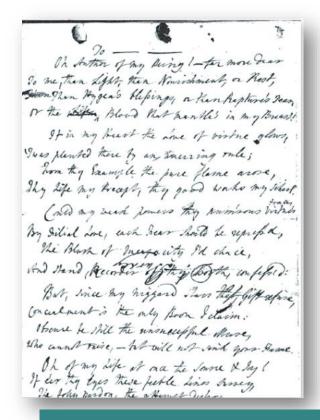
British Literary Manuscripts Online 英国文学手稿在线

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《贝奥武夫》的古英语原本



乔叟15世纪的手稿,《坎特伯雷故事集》



范妮·伯尼(达布莱夫人)手稿

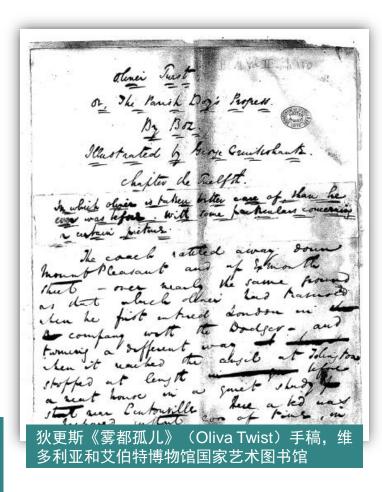


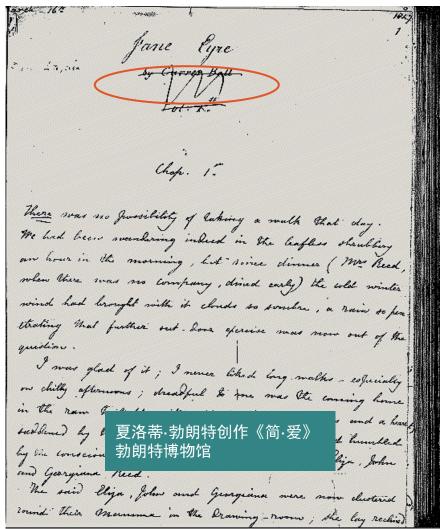


British Literary Manuscripts Online 英国文学手稿在线

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奥斯卡·王尔德戏剧《一个无足轻重的女人》 (A Woman of No Importance)原始打字稿 加州大学洛杉矶分校威廉·克拉克纪念图书馆







British Literary Manuscripts Online 英国文学手稿在线

- British Library 大英图书馆
- Victoria & Albert Museum 维多利亚和艾伯特博物馆
- Princeton University Library 普林斯顿大学图书馆
- National Library of Scotland 苏格兰国家图书馆





- Folger Shakespeare Library 华盛顿福尔杰莎士比亚图书馆
- Brontë Collection at Haworth Parsonage 勃朗特故居博物馆
- University of California Library 加利福尼亚大学图书馆



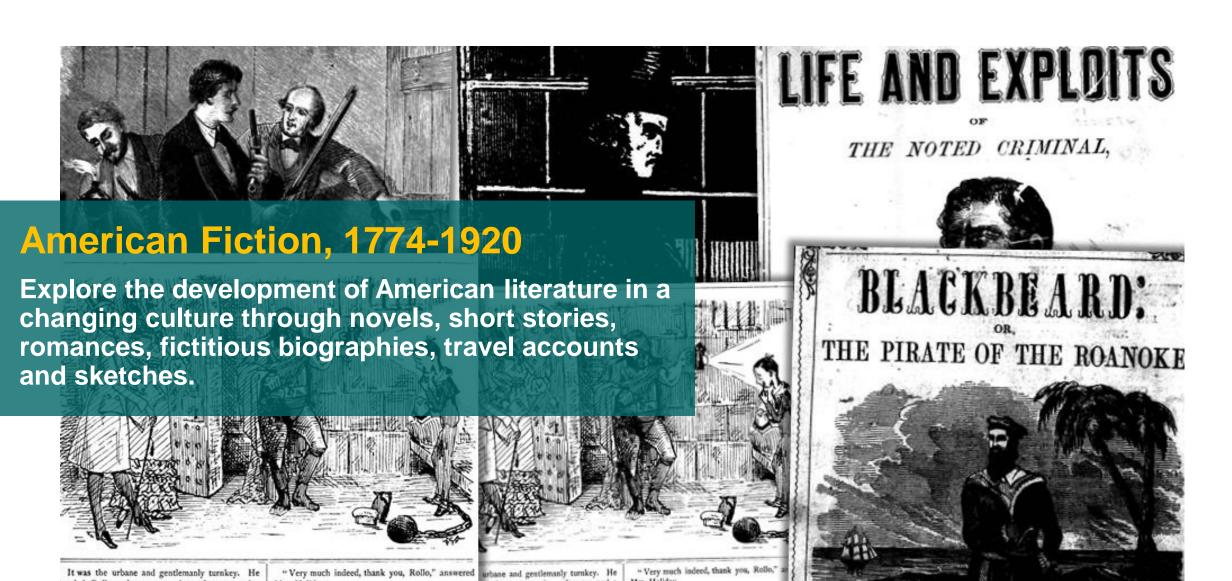






SUBJECTS COVERED

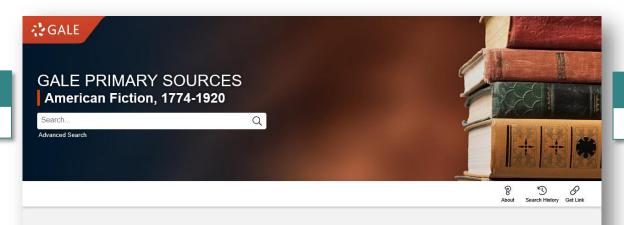
- 英国史
- 英国文学
- 欧洲文学
- 古文字学
- 戏剧
- 宗教与哲学
- 社会学
- 女性研究等





Pages

500万页+, 18,000多卷



Time

1774-1920

Source Library

- ▶ 美国俄亥俄州立大学图书馆
- ➤ 基于American Fiction: A Contribution Toward a Bibliography +American Fiction, 1901-1925: A Bibliography两大书目

ABOUT THIS RESOURCE

American Fiction, 1774–1920 contains more than 17,800 titles and is comprised of prose fiction written by Americans from the political beginnings of the United States through World War I. It gathers extensive content in one place and allows researchers to explore the development of American literature in a changing culture through novels, short stories, romances, fictitious biographies, travel accounts, and sketches. These texts reveal much about the socioeconomic, political, and religious tenor of America through centuries of radical change, enabling students and researchers to answer key questions about history, society, identity, psychology, race, gender, and culture....

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Visualize connections between search terms and topics and view relevant articles for those topics.

Go to Topic Finder >>



Term Frequency

Explore the coverage of your search terms, graphed over time and note trends in coverage of multiple topics.

Go to Term Frequency >>

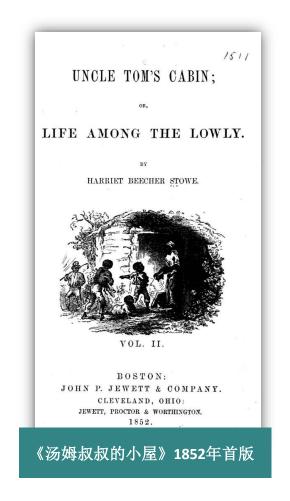
Subjects

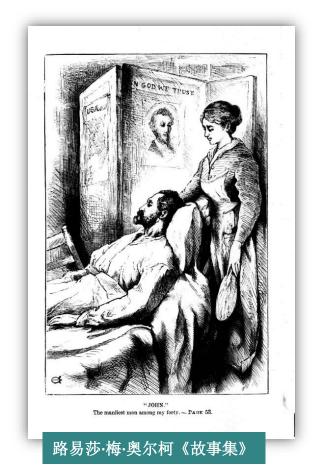
- · 美国文学
- 美国历史
- > 社会史
- > 宗教研究
- > 黑人研究
- > 女性研究等





■ 数千种首次数字化的书目,囊括从美国独立到第一次世界大战之间的小说

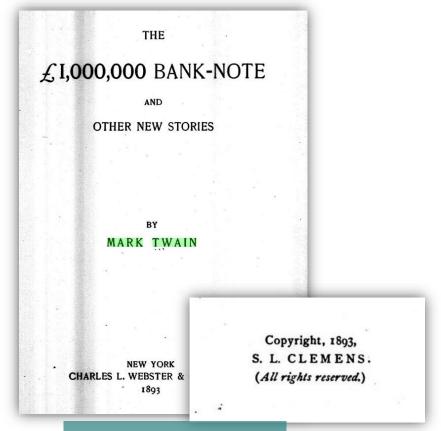




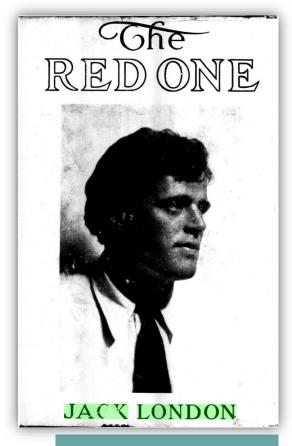




通常被认为是最全面的十八与十九世纪美国小说书目



《百万英镑》1893年首版

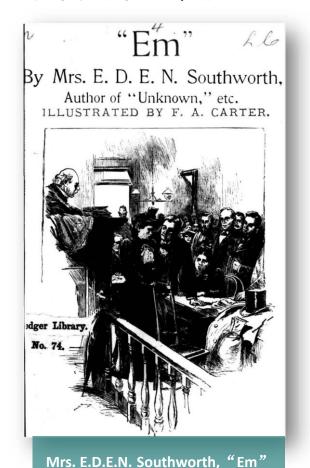


杰克·伦敦《短篇小说集》





除了主流作家的作品外,该书目还强调具有<mark>地方色彩</mark>的小说、<mark>通俗题材</mark>作品,有助于构建这一时期的社会全貌



A Skeleton in the Closet

A Novel

By MRS. E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH

"The Trail of the Serpent," "Em," "The Bride's Ordeal," "Nearest and Dearest," "The Lost Lady of Lone," Etc.



A. L. BURT COMPANY

PUBLISHERS :. .: NEW YORK

Mrs. E.D.E.N. Southworth,《衣柜里的骷髅》

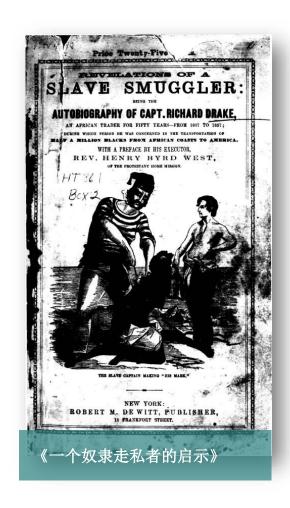


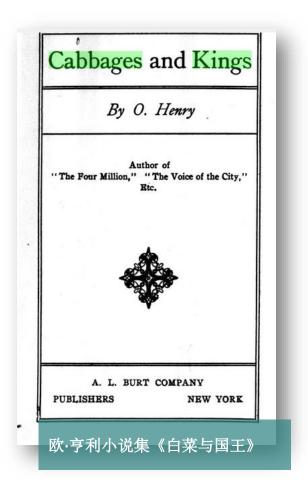




文献类型

- 短篇小说
- 移民小说
- 冒险小说、游记与素描
- 浪漫小说
- 废奴文学
- 黑人文学
- 现实主义文学
- 诗歌
- 热门作者和获奖作者的作品
- 带有地方色彩的作品
- 包含政治动机的作品等

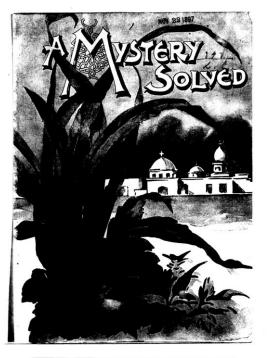






















SUBJECTS COVERED

- 美国文学
- 美国史
- 文学史
- 社会学
- 宗教研究
- 黑人研究
- 性别与女性研究
- 出版史等



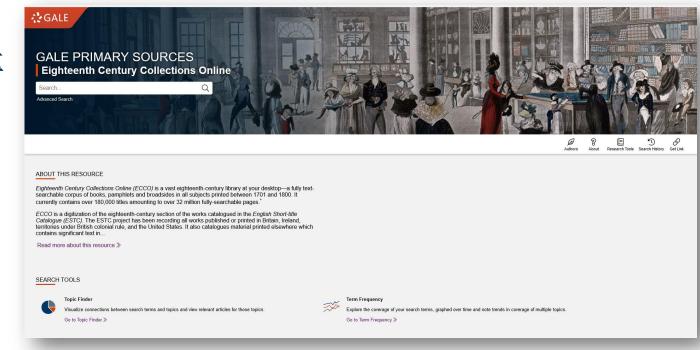




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收录了1701年-1800年在英国印刷的<u>所有重要</u> 英语及其他语言书目,以及来自美洲的数千种重 要著作。

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- · 覆盖文学、语言学、历史、地理、法律、政治、艺术、科学等多学科



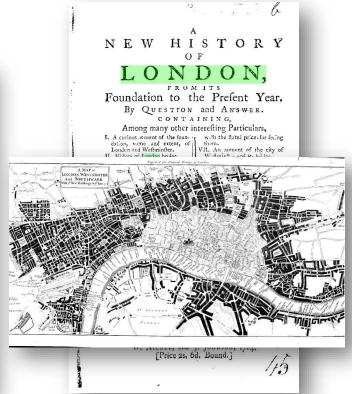


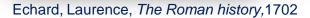


历史学

- 欧洲中世纪史
- <u></u>古罗马史
- 古希腊史
- * 英国史
- 俄国史
- 城市史
- 西方史学史
- 西方社会文化史
- 美国殖民地
- 中国与其他亚洲国家的游记等









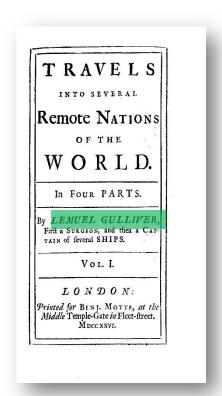
Reeves, George. A new history of London, 1764

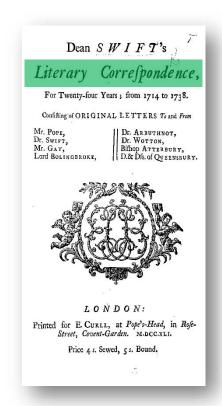


文学与语言学

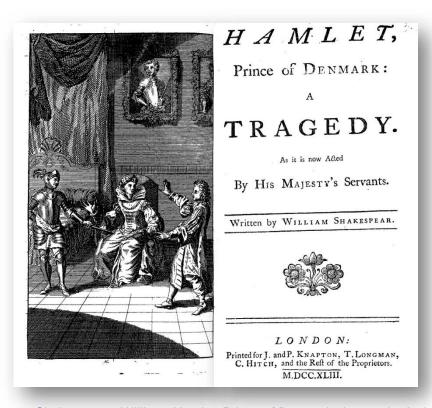
作品类型:

- 散文
- 戏剧
- 诗歌
- 民谣
- 小说
- 语法
- 词汇
- 词典
- 语言学等





Swift, Jonathan. *Travels into several remote nations of the world. In four parts. By Lemuel Gulliver, first a surgeon, and then a captain of several ships.* ... Vol. 1, printed for Benj. Motte, at the Middle Temple-Gate in Fleet-Street, M,DCC,XXVI. [1726]. *Eighteenth Century Collections Online*



Shakespeare, William. Hamlet, Prince of Denmark: A tragedy. As is not acted by His Majesty's servants. Written by William Shakespear. Printed for J. and P. Knapton, T. Longman, C. Hitch, and the rest of the proprietors, M.DCC.XLIII. [1743]. Eighteenth Century Collections Online, From National Library of Scotland

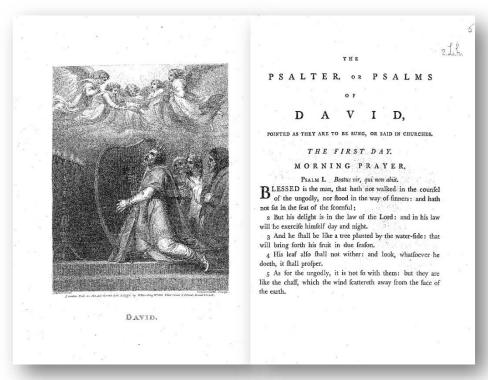




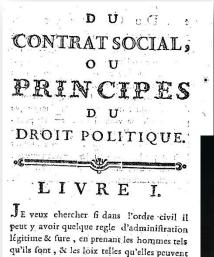
宗教与哲学

作品类型

- 圣经、布道、祈祷书
- 赞美诗、福音册、教理问答
- 道德和伦理辩论
- 启蒙哲学
- 德国古典哲学
- 法国唯物主义哲学
- 无神论
- 怀疑论等
- 哲学辩论



Church of England. The book of common prayer, and administration of the sacraments, and other rites and ceremonies of the church, Vol. 2, 1794. Eighteenth Century Collections Online



être : je tâcherai d'allier toujours dans cette techerche ce que le droit permet avec ce que l'intérêt preserit, afin que la justice & l'utilité ne se trouvent point divisées. J'entre en matiere sans prouver l'importance de mon sujet. On me demandera si ia

J'entre en matiere sans prouver l'importance de mon sujet. On me demandera si je suis prince ou législateur pour écrire sur la



Rousseau, Jean-Jacques. *Du contrat social, ou principes du droit politique*. [s.n.], 1782. *Eighteenth Century Collections Online*

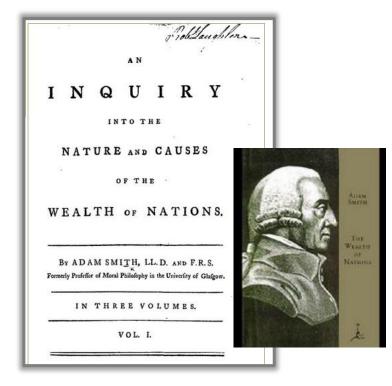




社会科学与艺术

作品类型

- 经济学
- 教育学理论
- 政治学
- 心理学
- 绘画
- 音乐
- 戏剧
- 建筑等



亚当·斯密《国富论》1776年



Aheron, John. A general treatise of architecture. In five books. By John Aheron, Architect. Printed for the author, by John Butler, on Cork-Hill, MDCCLIV. [1754]. Eighteenth Century Collections Online,

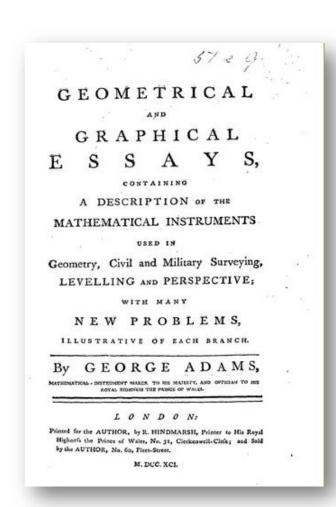


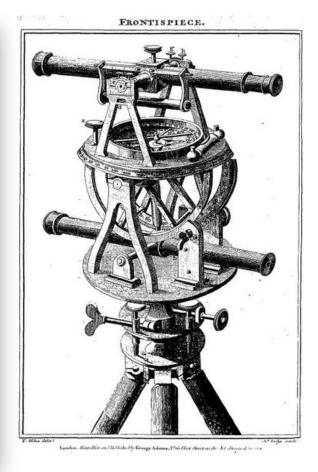


医学、科学与技术

涉及领域:

- 数学史
- 天文学
- 物理史
- 技术史
- 医学
- 化学史
- 地质学等



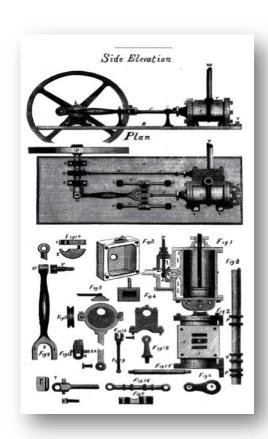


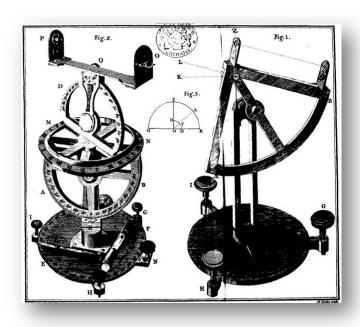




技术史

- 数学测量工具
- 天体测量工具
- 军事仪器测量
- 农耕工具
- 蒸汽机、纺织机、交通工具
- 仪器制造(钟表、手术器械、地图计 步器、螺纹切削车床)等





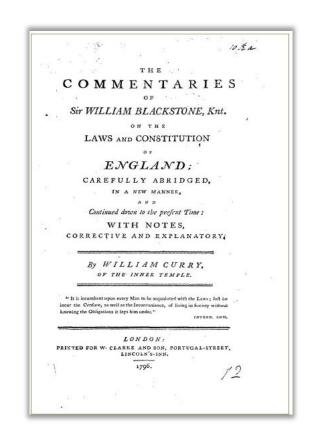




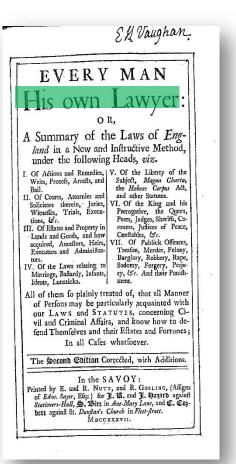
法律

英美法系发展的关键的出版物:

- 审判
- 法案
- 法庭记录
- 裁决
- 辩护
- 法学专论
- 法律法规
- 法律词典
- 法学院学生指南等



William Blackstone, The commentaries of Sir William Blackstone, Knt. on the laws and constitution of England, 1796



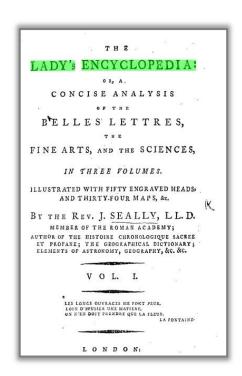
Jacob, Giles. Every man his own lawyer: or, a summary of the laws of England in a new and instructive method, . [1737].





参考综述类

- 年鉴
- 百科全书
- 目录
- 词典
- 特定读者用书



Seally, John. The lady's encyclopedia: or, a concise analysis of the belles lettres, the fine arts, and the sciences, in three volumes. Illustrated with fifty engraved heads, and thirty-four maps, &c. By the Rev. J. Seally, ... Vol. 1, printed for J. Murray, and W. Creech, Edinburgh, 1788.



Strutt, Joseph. A complete view of the dress and habits of the people of England, from the establishment of the Saxons in Britain to the present time, illustrated by engravings Taken from the Most Authentic Remains of Antiquity, . [1796]-99. Eighteenth Century Collections Online





中国&东亚史



THE GENERAL

HISTORY OF CHINA:

A Geographical, Historical, Chronological, Po-·litical and Physical Description of the Empire of China, and Chinese-Tartary, &c.

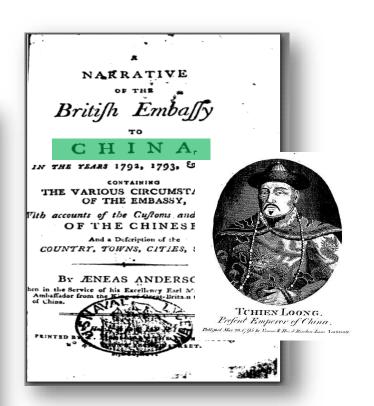
Of the Method the young Chinese observe in their Studies; of the several Degrees they take, and the various Examinations they undergo to ut-tain the Degree of Doctor.

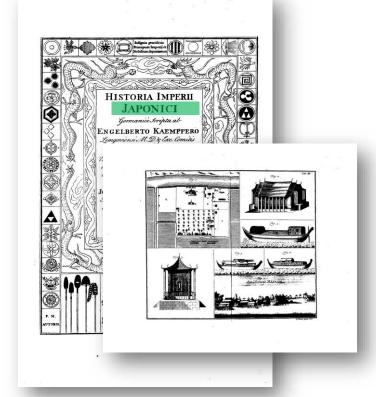
ROM the Age of five or fix Years, according to the Children's Capacities, and the Care that Parents take of their Edu cation, the young Chinefe begin to flud; the Letters; but as the Number of the Letters is fo great, and without any Order as in Earope, this Study would be very unpleafant if they has not found a way to make it a fort of Play and Amufe

For this Purpose about a hundred Characters and chosen, which express the most common things, and which are most samiliar to the Senses; as the Sky Vol. III.



Anderson, Aeneas. A narrative of the British embassy to China, in the years 1792, 1793, and 1794; [1797].





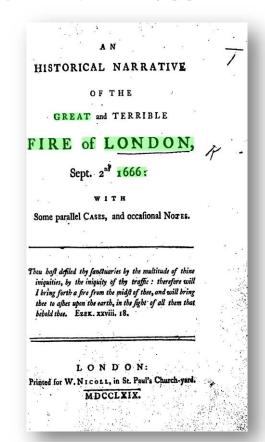
Kaempfer, Engelbert. The history of Japan, [1727]. 480pp



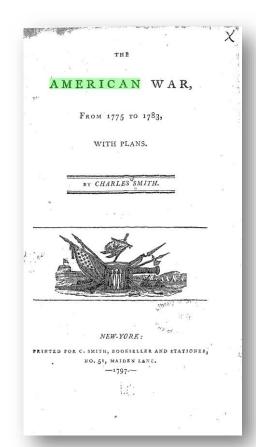




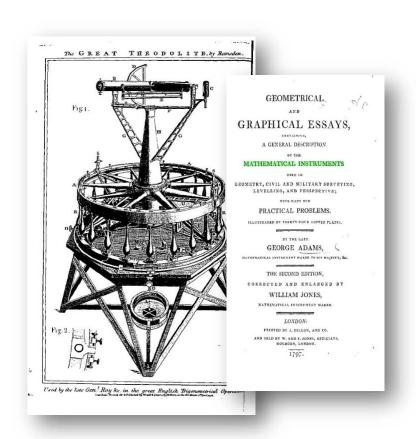
特定主题的专著



Harvey, Gideon. An historical narrative of the great and terrible fire of London, [1769].



Smith, Charles. *The American war, from 1775 to 1783, with plans* [1797].

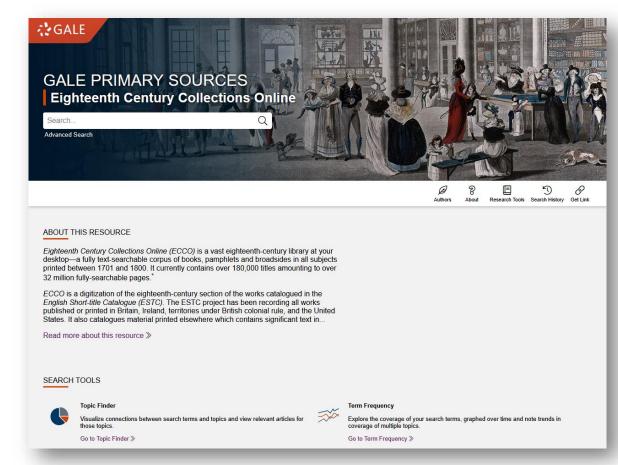


Adams, George. Geometrical and graphical essays, containing, a general description of the mathematical instruments used in geometry, civil and military surveying, [1797].





- 最完整的十八世纪英语出版物文献库
- 时间跨度: 1701-1800
- 超过3300万页原始文献资料
- ■覆盖: 历史、文学、语言学、哲学、艺术等学科
- ■语言:英语、法语、德语、西班牙语等20多种语言















十九世纪作品在线

Gale 最为丰富、全面的项目之一,由国际学术顾问团队的指导下甄选19世纪有重大价值的珍稀原始资料,为研究及教学人员提供有关19世纪的宝贵资料

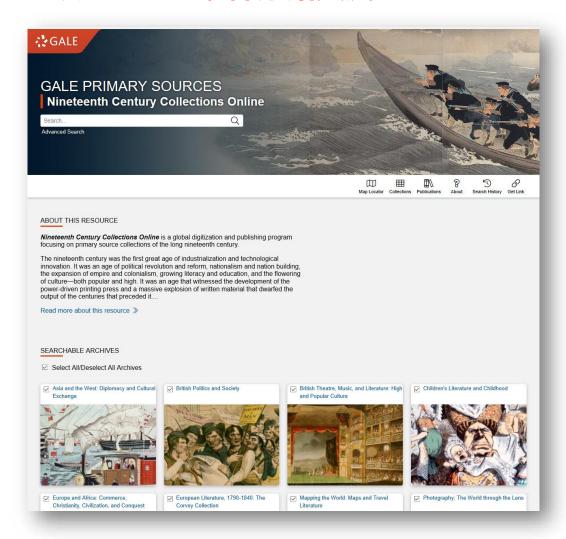
- 时间跨度: 1570-1984
- 超过2600万页原始文献资料
- 多种类型文档:

图书、手稿、政府报告、报纸、期刊、小册子、照片、地图等

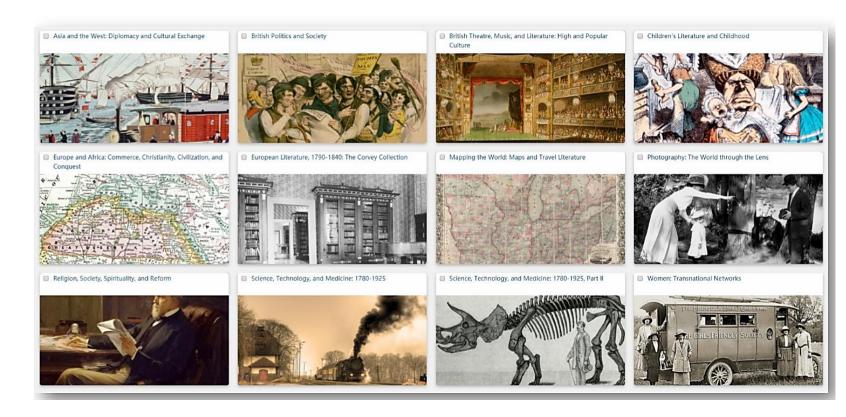
馆藏来源:

美国国家档案馆、英国国家档案馆、大英图书馆、美国古文物学会、亨廷顿图书馆、马萨诸塞州历史学会牛津大学、美国总统图书馆、鲍德温图书馆等

甄选19世纪珍稀原始典藏







12大主题子库

- 英国政治与社会
- 宗教、灵性、改革与社会
- 亚洲与西方:外交和文化交流
- 欧洲与非洲: 商业、基督教、 文明和征服
- · 科维欧洲文学藏品, 1790-1840
- 儿童文学与童年
- 英国戏剧、音乐和文化: 高雅文化与大众文化
- Ⅰ摄影:透过镜头看世界
- | 绘制世界: 地图与旅游文献
- 女性:跨国关系网
- 科学、技术和医学, 1780-1925第一部分
- · 科学、技术和医学, 1780-1925 第二部分



1. 绘制世界: 地图与游记

Mapping the World: Maps and Travel Literature

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Time

1570-1935

Subjects

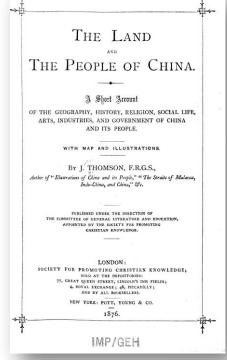
- ▶ 历史学
- ▶ 地理学
- ▶ 国际关系史
- > 社会学
- ▶ 文学
- > 支持跨学科研究





西方探险家游记





Soochow on earth, and heaven above."

Ningpo, the only port in this province open to foreign trade, is a fortified town built on the Yuyaon branch of the river Yung. The small foreign settlement on the opposite bank of the stream facing this town is conveniently placed for commercial purposes, and otherwise well adapted to meet the wants of its European community. This spot is intimately connected with the early history of Chinese intercourse with foreign nations.

The Portuguese traders sought refuge in Ningpo in 1522, after they had been expelled by the Chinese from Kwangtung; but some twenty years later the majority of these Portuguese settlers were massacred by the natives, who were incensed by their outrageous conduct. Towards the end of the seventeenth century the East India Company reopened commercial relations with China, by establishing a depôt on Chusan Island, opposite the mouth of the Yung; but it was not until 1842, when Ningpo became a treaty port, that foreigners were again permitted to reside and carry on their trade at the place. The city fell into the hands of



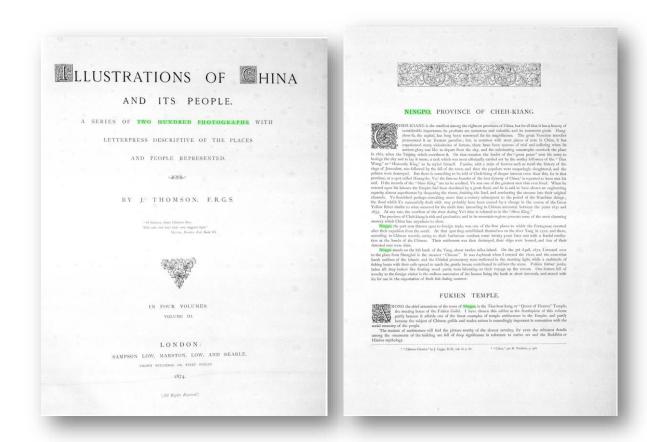
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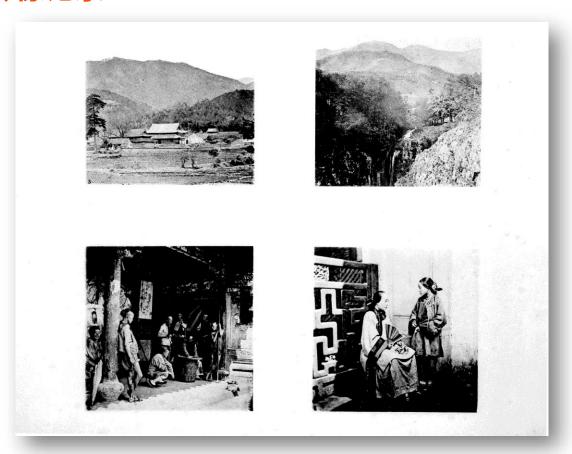
Thomson, John. The Land and the People of China. Pott, Young & Co., 1876. Nineteenth Century Collections Online, link.gale.com/apps/doc/AJYBIM600275800/NCCO?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-NCCO&xid=b2dab0d7&pg=2





纪实摄影师的影像记录





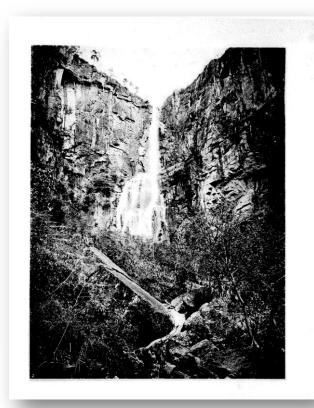
Thomson, John. Illustrations of China and Its People. Vol. 3, S. Low, Marston, Low, and Searle, 1874. Nineteenth Century Collections Online, link.gale.com/apps/doc/AIQKNF897197213/NCCO?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-NCCO&xid=7aa27198&pg=1





1874年的中国印象





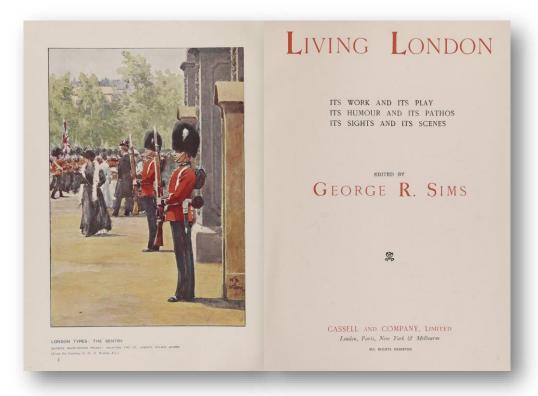


Thomson, John. Illustrations of China and Its People. Vol. 3, S. Low, Marston, Low, and Searle, 1874. Nineteenth Century Collections Online, link.gale.com/apps/doc/AIQKNF897197213/NCCO?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-NCCO&xid=7aa27198&pg=1





城市史专著







Sims, George R. Living London: Its Work and its Play, its Humour and its Pathos, its Sights and its Scenes Edited by George R Sims: With over 450 Illustrations and 12 Full-Page Plates: Edited by George R. Sims. Vol. 1, Cassell and Company Limited, 1906. Nineteenth Century Collections Online, link-gale com/apps/doc/COTENT839111166/NCCO?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-NCCO&xid=9280b115&pg=2



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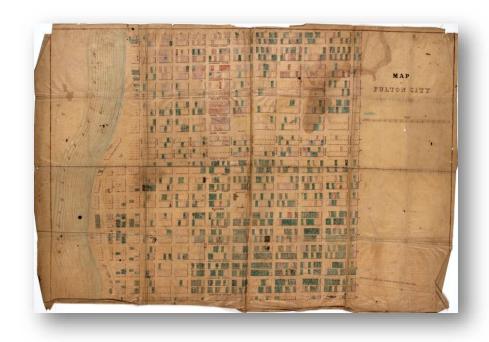
Great Britain. General Staff Geographical Section, and Great Britain. War Office General Staff Geographical Section.

"[Large Scale Plans in Chekiang Province, China], Series GSGS 2669." British Library: Ministry of Defense Maps, Primary Source Media, 1913. Nineteenth Century Collections Online, 杭州及周边城市地图(1913年),源自大英图书馆: 国防部地图





专题地图集



Map of Fulton City, 1851



Railroad map of the eastern United States, 1858



Map of Seattle ,1901





2. 亚洲与西方: 外交和文化交流

Asia and the West: Diplomacy and Cultural Exchange

Pages

收录了18-20世纪有关亚洲和西方之间国际关系的原始资料,共计140万页

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Time

1790-1949

Countries

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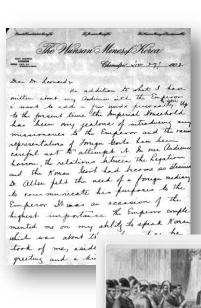
- ▶中国
- ≻日本
- ▶朝鲜
- ▶越南
- ▶泰国
- ▶新加坡
- > 菲律宾
- ▶印尼
- ▶ 及其他亚洲国家

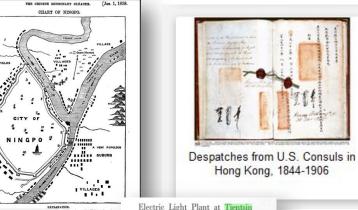




档案类型

- ▶ 传教士文件;
- ▶ 英国外交部通信;
- ▶ 美国外交部信件;
- 美国领事馆驻中国、日本、朝鲜等 亚洲国家函件
- 传教士与社会经济期刊等







Despatches from U.S. Consuls in Nanking, China, 1902-1906









Representatives, and Treaty.

Despatches from U.S. Consuls 美国领事馆公函

中国专题:包括了宁波、天津、上海、南京、杭州、厦门、丹东、沈阳、烟台、福州、汉口、镇江、重庆、香港、澳门、营口、汕头等共计18个城市的档案



Despatches from U.S. Consuls in Ningpo, China, 1853-1896



Chunking, China, 1896-1906



Despatches from U.S. Consuls in Canton, China, 1790-1906



















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Despatches from U.S. Consuls in Tientsin, China, 1868-1906

Archive: Asia and the West: Diplomacy and Cultural Exchange

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OVERVIEW

Despatches from U.S. Consuls in Tientsin, China, 1868–1906

This collection comprises eight volumes that consist, for the most part, of despatches addressed to the State Department from U.S. consular officials at Tientsin (Tianjin), China, between January 6, 1868, and July 21, 1906. The initial part of the collection consists of State Department registers of correspondence that constitute a register of despatches from Shanghai. These despatches, with their enclosures, are arranged, with few exceptions, in chronological order.

On March 15, 1862, Anson Burlingame, American minister to China, appointed Franklin B. Forbes, the first American consular official at Tientsin, acting consul at that post. Tientsin ranked as a vice-consulate from 1864 to 1871, when it became a consulate. On February 2, 1903, the post became a consulate general. For the greater part of the period between 1873 and 1896 Chefoo was a consular agency in the Tientsin district.

A large number of the despatches are covering letters for enclosures of a routine nature forwarded by consular officials to the State Department, such as tables of consular fees received, arrivals and departures of American vessels, trade statistics, civil and criminal cases brought before the consular court, and other data collected in the ordinary course of consular duty. In accordance with departmental policy adopted in 1870, however, most statistical enclosures were removed from their covering letters and distributed among other records of the State Department or sent to other departments of the U.S. government.

In addition there are despatches covering a wide range of subjects. Among these are reports of anti-foreign disturbances such as the Tientsin Massacre, 1870; the Boxer Rebellion; and the anti-American boycott, 1905–1906. There is also unique documentation on the activities of the North German Confederation consul as well as materials relating to consular court activities, commercial activities, the Sino-Japanese and Russo-Japanese Wars, the need for additional U.S. military and naval forces, the Taku Forts issue, the protection of missionaries and Christianized Chinese, claims of American citizens against the Chinese government, and the International Commission administration.

COLLECTION FACTS

Extent:

9 manuscripts; 1,527 items; 8,527 pages

Language:

English

Source Institution:

National Archives (United States)

Date Range:

1868-1906



Tientsin, China, was a hub of fighting during the Boxer Rebellion. Here a company of Boxers walk down a city street, circa 1901. The Library of Congress

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of forty Marines from the French gunboat * Comete

one, only the English and Russian Consuls, some of whose

The affair passed off without disturbance and the impression now prevails that the danger is over.

Thuidant Rood



地区史

Subjects

- 中国近代史研究;
- 亚洲国家的传教活动;
- 英国殖民地史研究;
- 美国史;
- 国际事务:
- 商业与经济史
- 社会学
- 文学等

Chinese Colonization in Manchuria Part I.-Motives and Characteristics FOURTHA AND SCIENTIFIC INTEREST.—For many years, parti-try since the overther of the dynasty in Chinain 1910, has this revenent into Masshurin progressed space. For many years, too, the has been an obvious popular interest in the movement which it was been an obvious popular interest in the movement which it may be the property of the property of the property of the minimum area amount entirely men and that their mission in minimum area second labor, or at most temporary. Before 1920 lee or no effort had been made by any qualified authorities to consider the character of this migration to Masshuring, or even to

Young, C. Walter. "Chinese Colonization in Manchuria." The Far-Eastern Review, vol. XXIV, no. 6, 1928

国际关系



ARON MAKOYO SAITO, governo-specard of Korea,
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Raron M. Saito, Governor General of Chosen, JAPAN'S LIBERAL PRO-CONSULS WHO BROUGHT REFORMS TO CHOSEN AND TAIWAN

Baron K. Den, Governor, General of Taiwar

terms. In that year, however, the velvet glove of consiliation and "tartenie" was supplied over the iron hand of Japanese control at small import and experts amounted to just a little mere at the formation and Loren, Japan's greatest colonies. The new methods the control of the property of the propert

The traveler in Formosa is soon impressed with the truth of the results statement that under the Japanese system the monis development of the country comes first. He sees splendid of the Formosa Chinese. Japan's policy, they believe, is simply

Hayden, Ralston. "Japan's New Policy in Korea and Formosa." The Far-Eastern Review, vol. XX, no. 5, 1924922





经贸

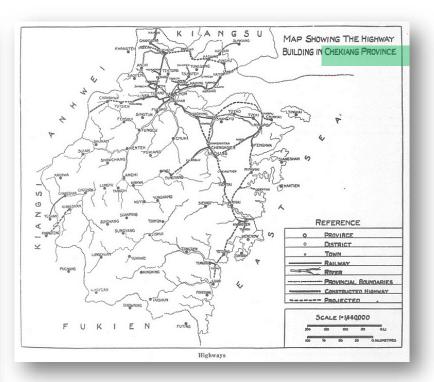
South China Silk Trade

Silk export returns from the South China field for the calendar year 1919 promise a marked improvement in this teade in the near future. In the first place silk rereeled according to American ideas on the system known as the "Grant reel" has been produced in considerable quantities, with the result that practically the whole of such silk was taken up by American buyers at prices ruling considerably higher than those obtained for silk of ordinary Chinese reels. During the year, also, the Comite International pour l'Amelioration de la Sericulture dans le Kwangtung at Canton completed a series of tests extending over all the year's crops, which have proved that if the Pasteur process of eliminating silkworm diseases be carried out on a comprehensive scale a very large increase in production, as well as a very marked improvement in the quality of the silk, may be counted upon in South China. This international committee was inaugurated upon the initiative of the French Chamber of Commerce at Canton, but the result of its work will be of particular benefit to American importers, since the improved method of reeling mentioned is in line with their efforts.

American demand controlled the silk trade of the whole of South China during practically the entire year. The new season commenced with a burden of something like 5,000 bales of last season's silk on hand, which was composed almost entirely of grades of silk usually sold in France and in Europe generally. The slack demand from Europe early in the season led reclers to produce a larger proportion of silk for the United States than usual from the midseason crops, the result being that when Europe finally came into the market it was short of stocks. The comparatively high exchange for silver as against the franc and pound sterling also affected the demand from Europe very seriously.

The total exports of raw silk during the season are placed by the Canton Chamber of Commerce at 57.030 bales, as compared with a total of 40,513 bales for 1918, the exports to Europe showing a decrease of 1,870 bales, while those to the United States showed an increase of 18,587 bales. Exports of waste silk for the season are placed at 29,448 bales, as compared with a total of 41,336 bales in 1918, exports to Europe showing a slight increase, while those to the United States showed a marked decrease. Exports of pierced cocoons for the year are placed at 5,701 bales, as compared with 7,426 bales in 1918, shipments to both Europe and the United States showing a decrease. During the year Japan took 2 bales of waste silk and 1 bale of pierced cocoons, as compared with 4 and 16 bales, respectively, in 1918.

交通



医疗&教育

STATISTICS OF THE NINGPO PROTESTANT MISSION. STATISTICS OF THE AMERICAN BAPTIST MISSION.

THE first agent of this mission at Ningpo was D. J. Macgowan, M.D., who opened a hospital there in November, 1843. Leaving temporarily in the early part of 1844, he returned with Mrs. Macgowan in April, 1845, and reopened his hospital. In June, 1847, he was joined by the Rev. E. C. Lord, who still continues his labours there.

We have to thank the Rev. E. C. Lord, D. D. and the Rev. J. R.

Goddard, for the formula The mission of was commenced in C
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Content

汇集了来自世界各地图书馆和档案馆收藏的 照片、相册及集,共计120万页

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3. 摄影:透过镜头看世界 Photography



Time

1646-1926

Subjects

人类学、摄影、犯罪学、法律、健康、 医学、军事史、社会学、技术、科学、 艺术、建筑、新闻等





早期摄影照片集







- 英国殖民地部珍稀照片合集(共计7900多张) •
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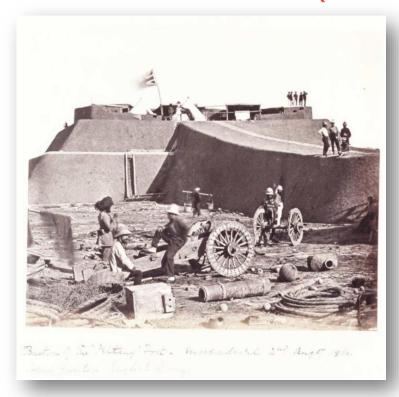
长崎大学收藏的<mark>日本明治时期</mark>照片合 集(共计6000多张)

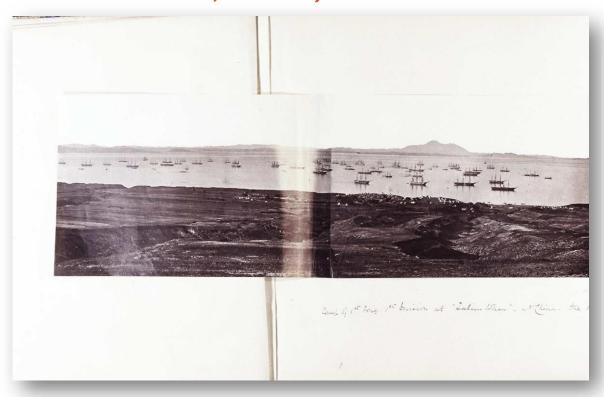




维多利亚和艾尔伯特博物馆

(the Victoria and Albert Museum, London)



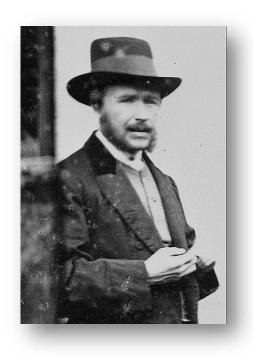


Beato, F. "Views of China." Early Rare Photographs from the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, Primary Source Media, 1860.





摄影师的珍贵照片集









John Thomson (1837-1921)





科学、技术与医学

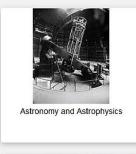
Science, Technology, and Medicine

涉及领域

- 数学
- 天文学与天体物理学
- 物理学
- 医学
- 技术史
- 电力与电磁学
- 进化与原始物种等







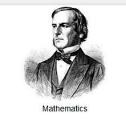




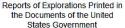




Evolution and the Origin of Species









Scientific and Technical Periodicals from the Royal Society of London's Catalogue of Scientific Papers,...





英国政治与社会



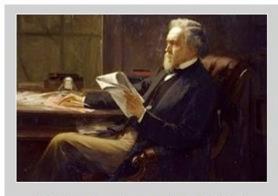
- 170 万页
- 时期: 1749年-1984年
- **■** 相关主题:英国史,欧洲史,国际事务等

欧洲与非洲、殖民主义与文化



- 82 万页
- 时期: 1792年-1938年
- 相关主题:非洲研究、殖民主义、宗教、社会学、经济、政治、国际关系、军事史等

宗教、灵性、改革与社会



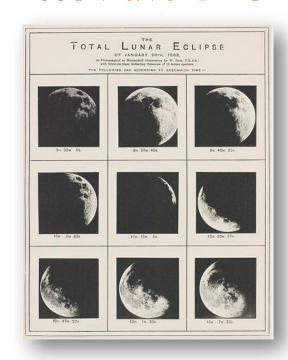
Nineteenth-century portrait of British secularist George Jacob Holyoake (1817-1906). Holyoake was convicted of blasphemy in 1842 and sentenced to six months in prison. Birmingham Museums and Art Gallery / The Bridgeman Art Library

- 150万页
- 手稿、专著、期刊、照片
- 主题:政治、法律、经济以及社会学





科学、技术与医学



■ 820万页

■ 时期: 1780-1925

■ 相关主题:科学、医学、生物学、昆虫学、 植物学、化学、物理、数学、地质学

欧洲文学,科维典藏



■ 500万页

■ 时期: 1790-1840

■ 相关主题: 19世纪欧洲史,英国、法国和德国文学研究,浪漫美学,女性作家等

女性: 跨国网络



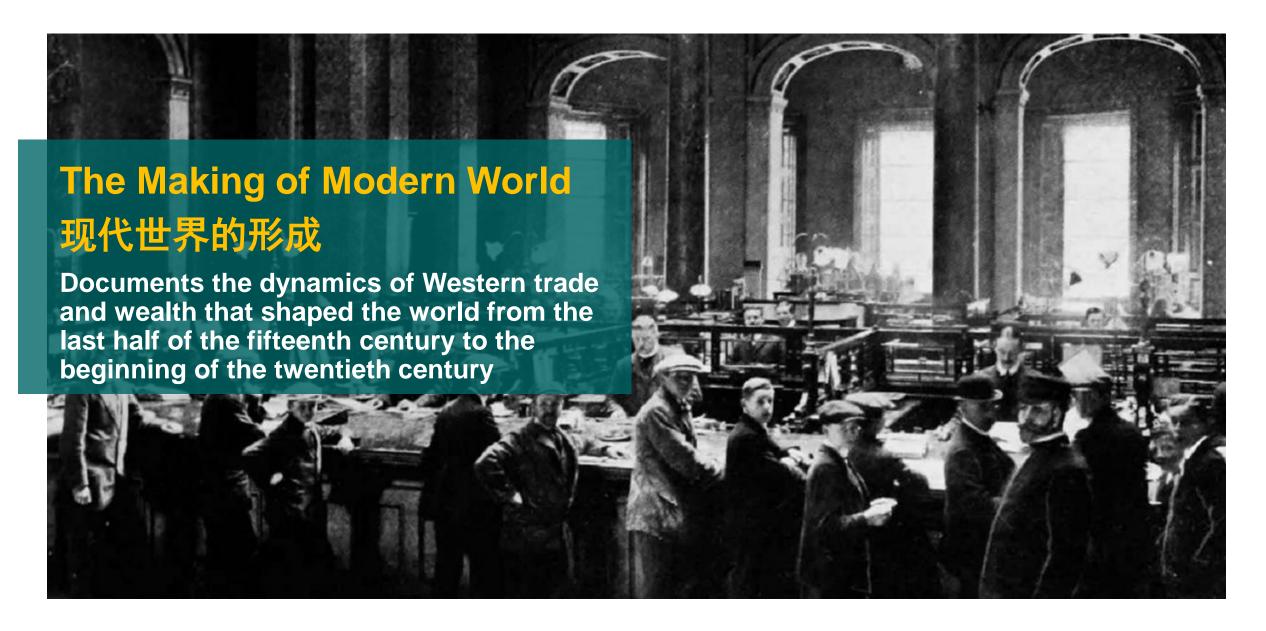
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1700-1947

■ 馆藏:社会改革、高雅和通俗文化、跨国 网络、移民、日常生活、宗教等











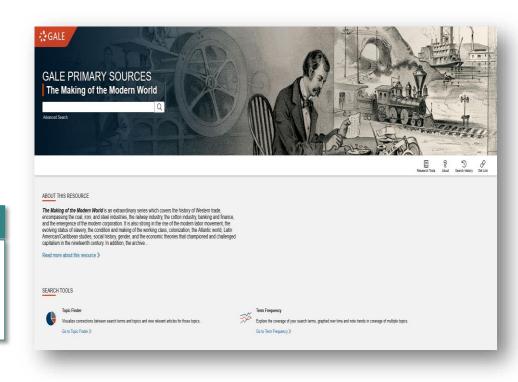
从广义的"经济"角度记录了现代世界的形成

Time

1450-1945年

Source Library

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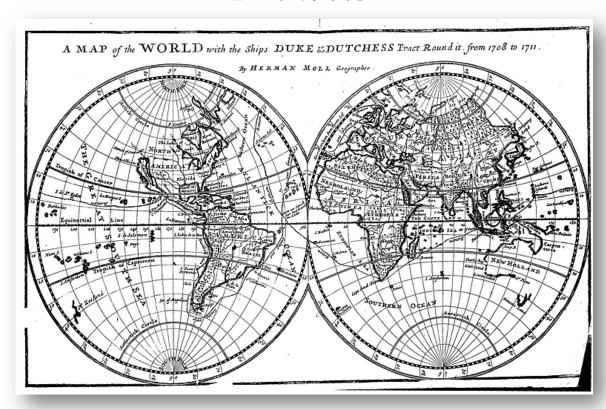
Subjects

- ▶ 历史
- ▶ 政治学
- ▶ 哲学
- ▶ 商业和经济学
- ▶ 法学
- > 女性研究
- ▶ 文学
- > 支持跨学科研究





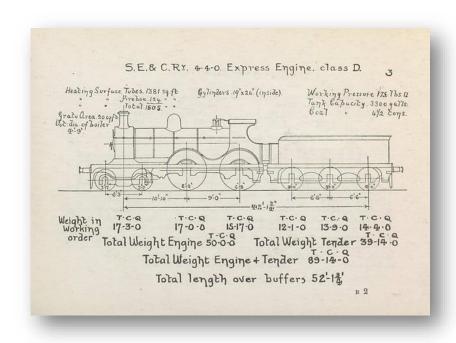
地理大发现



Rogers, Woodes. *A cruising voyage round the world*. Printed for A. Bell [etc.], [1712]. The Making of the Modern World, http://tinyurl.galegroup.com/tinyurl/9aTuG9



技术革新



Taylor, Arthur T. *Modern British locomotives: 100 diagrams and principal dimensions: by A. T. Taylor.* Spon, 1907. The Making of the Modern World, http://tinyurl.galegroup.com/tinyurl/8W7Fe2



贸易综述

An HISTORICAL

C C O U N T

BRITISH TRADE

OVER THE

CASPIAN SEA:

WITH .

JOURNAL of TRAVELS

FROM

London through RUSSIA into PERSIA; and back again through RUSSIA, GERMANY and HOLLAND.

To which are added,

The revolutions of PERSIA during the prefent century, with the particular history of the great usurper NADIR KOULI,

In FOUR VOLUMES.

VOL. I.

By JONAS HANWAY, Merchant.

LONDON.

Sold by Mr. Dodsley, in Fall-mill; Mr. Nourse, Mr. Miller, Mr. Valllant, and Mr. Patterson, in the Strand; Mr. Waugh, in Lombard-Street; and Mr. Willock, in Cornhill. Micclin.

A Cengage Company

Chap. XVIII. THE BRITISH FACTORS LEAVE PERSIA. 101 were detained a whole year, on account of the jealoufy of some of their principals.

Perhaps it may be imagined, that the intire amount of a trade in which above 150 perfons were concerned, and in which the ballance of the account plundered was so very considerable, should be greater than we really find it.

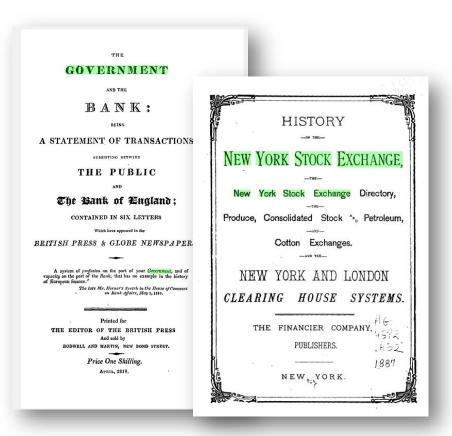
The whole export of cloth and Eu-			The whole import of raw filk, ac-				
ROPE	ROPEAN goods, for account of			cording to the value in PERSIA.			
the B	the BRITISH CASPIAN traders.				crowns		
· broug	brought into PERSIA, colt as fol-				120,000		
lows.			1744		- 50,000		
		crowns	1745		- 62,000		
1742	486 parcels	170,000	1746		- 50,500		
1743	414 ditto	144,900	1747		- 13,000		
1744	299 ditto	102,650	1748		- 12,000		
1745	value	252,942	1749		- 33,000		
1746	ditto	20,000	H	in money -	- 33,000		
			l				
£	. 174,398	689,592	}	£ 93.375	373,500		

The price of raw filk rifing much beyond its ordinary value, it may be eafily calculated that the profits on this trade were very confiderable, and equal to the rifk, however great this may appear. A batman of sherbarf filk, containing 8 pounds of 24 ounces, bring bought for about 16, crowns, the charges 34 per cent. till delivered for fale, brings it to about 15s. 6 d. per pound; and such filk reached the price of 28 shillings consequently those who came early into this trade, or sent the most proper goods, may not have suffered very much.

* It may however be at 18 s. again, if we get a large supply from other countries.

Hanway, Jonas. An historical account of the British trade over the Caspian sea: With a journal of travels from London through Russia into Persia; and back again through Russia, Germany and Holland. Vol. 1, sold by Mr Dodsley [etc.], 153. 《英国贸易历史综述》

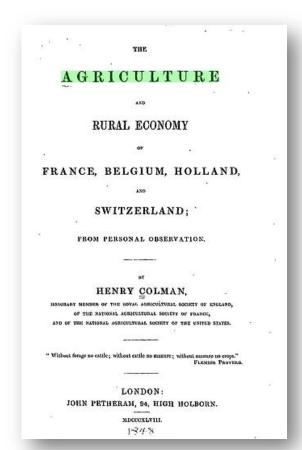
金融&货币

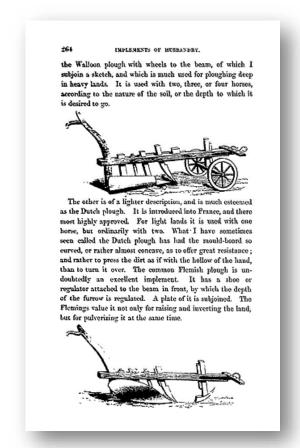




农业相关专著

- 渔业
- 采矿业
- 土地测量
- 农业生产技术
- 土地所有制
- 地主权利
- 法律法规
- 土地保护
- 农具变革
- 牲畜照料、医疗、饲养方面的指南 等方面的内容





Colman, Henry. *The agriculture and rural economy of France, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland, from personal observation*. J. Petheram, 1848. *The Making of the Modern World*, http://tinyurl.galegroup.com/tinyurl/9aTCf9
EMPOWER™ RESEARCH



中国文学、文字与典籍

CHINA AND THE CHINESE:

THEIR

RELIGION, CHARACTER, CUSTOMS

AND

MANUFACTURES:

THE EVILS ARISING FROM THE

OPIUM TRADE:

WITH A GLANCE AT OU

RELIGIOUS, MORAL, POLITICAL, AND COMMERCIAL INTERCOURSE WITH THE COUNTRY.

HENRY CHARLES SIRR, M.A.,

VOL. II.

LONDON:
Wm.S. ORR & CO., AMEN CORNER, AND 147, STRAND.

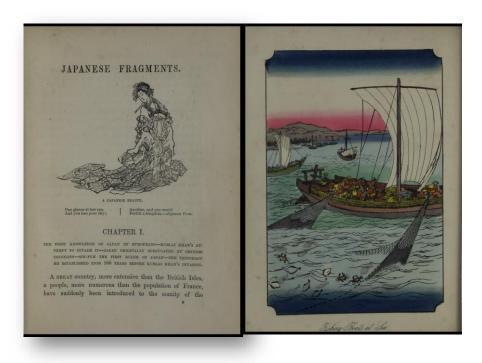


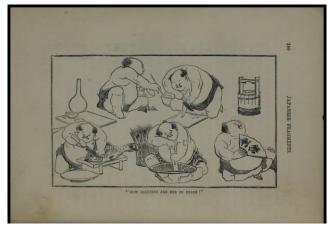
- Sirr, Henry Charles. China and the Chinese: their religion, character, customs and manufactures: the evils arising from the opium trade: with a glance at our religious, moral, political and commercial intercourse with the country. Vol. 2, W.S. Orr, 1849. The Making of the Modern World, link.gale.com/apps/doc/U0106844706/MOME?u=tlcn &sid=bookmark-MOME&xid=b160d321&pg=4
- · 《中国与中国人》,1849年,详细记录了中国的宗教、 文字、习俗、音乐、文学、儒家思想等内容。





日本的语言和文化





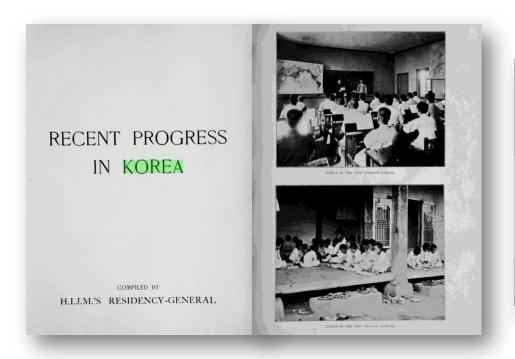


Osborn, Sherard. Japanese fragments: with facsimiles of illustrations by artists of Yedo: by Captain Sherard Osborn. Bradbury and Evans, 1861. 《日本的碎片》,艺术家插图版。从西方的视角记录了日本的历史、文化、宗教、语言、服饰及日本与中国的关系,日本与西方国家的关系等内容。





朝鲜半岛的历史与变革





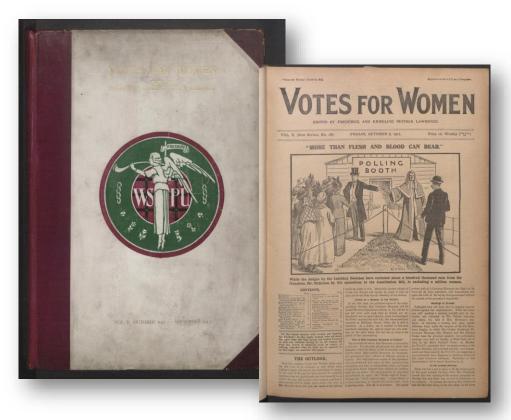


· Japan. Residency General, Seoul, Korea. Recent Progress in Korea. N.p., [1910]. 《朝鲜最近的发展》,1910年。从西方的视角记录了日本的历史、文化、法律、教育、建筑、铁路等丰富的内容,并附有多幅照片、地图、 及图表。





女权运动





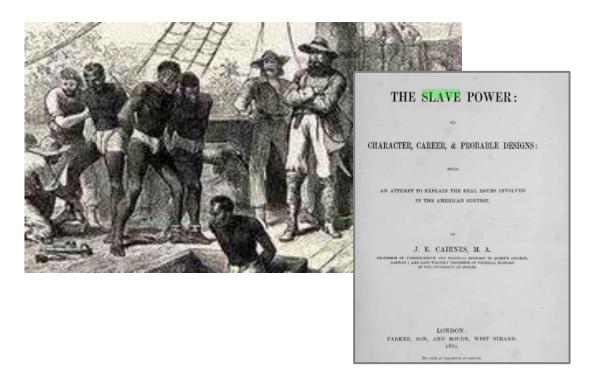


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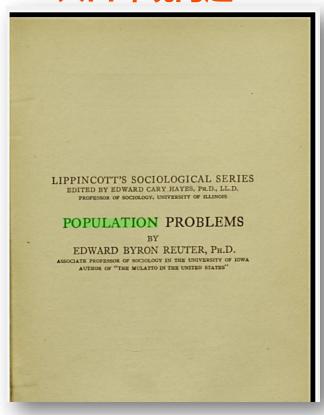
奴隶制问题



Professor Cairnes, John Elliott《奴隶权力》, 1862年



人口环境问题



Reuter, Edward Byron. Population problems: by Edward Byron Reuter; [with introduction by E. C. Hayes]. J. B. Lippincott Company, 1923.



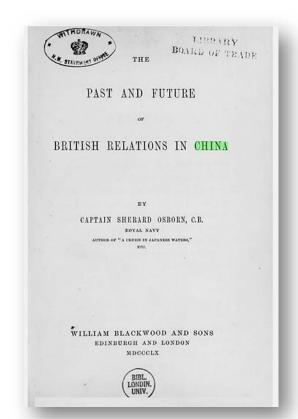
中国相关的专著



Del, Mar Alexander, Monograph on the History of Money in China, from the Earliest Times to the Present. San



Hsu, Mongton Chih. *Railway problems in China: by Mongton Chih Hsu*. Columbia University, 1915. The Making of the Modern World

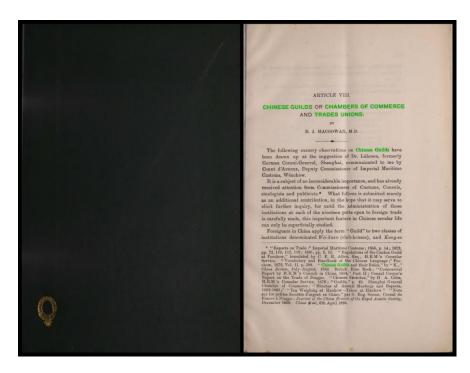


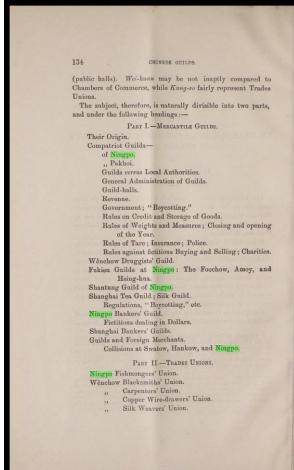
Osborn, Sherard. *The Past and Future of British Relations in China*. William Blackwood and Sons, 1860. The Making of the Modern World,





中国的商会





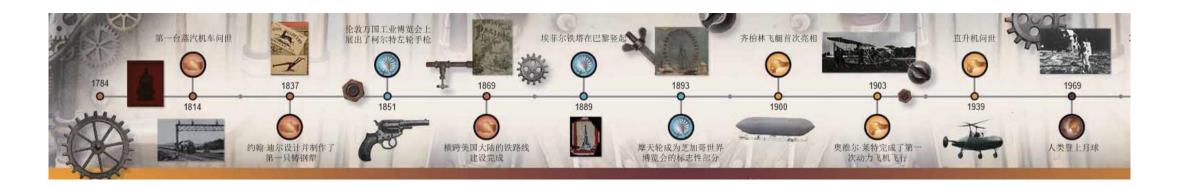
NINGPO COMPATRIOT GUILD OF WENCHOW.

In relation to the first-named object, the Ningpo-Wênchow Guild (established at the close of the last century) says in its preamble: "For a century, no province has been without Ningpoese residents. Ningpo is a maritime region. Those of its people who cannot find employment as agriculturists resort to other places for trade. Here at Wênchow we find ourselves isolated; mountains and sea separate us from Ningpo, and when in trade we excite envy on the part of Wênchowese, and suffer insult and injury, we have no adequate redress. Mercantile firms, each caring only for itself, experience disgrace and loss—the natural outcome of isolated and individual resistance. It is this which imposes on us the duty of establishing a Guild."

Chinese guilds or chambers of commerce and trades unions. Kelly & Walsh, Limited, [1887]. The Making of the Modern World, link.gale.com/apps/doc/AWUQTH982357374/MOME?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-MOME&xid=0e59df8e&pg=6







■ 精选全球经济学文献

■ 覆盖时间: 1450-1945年

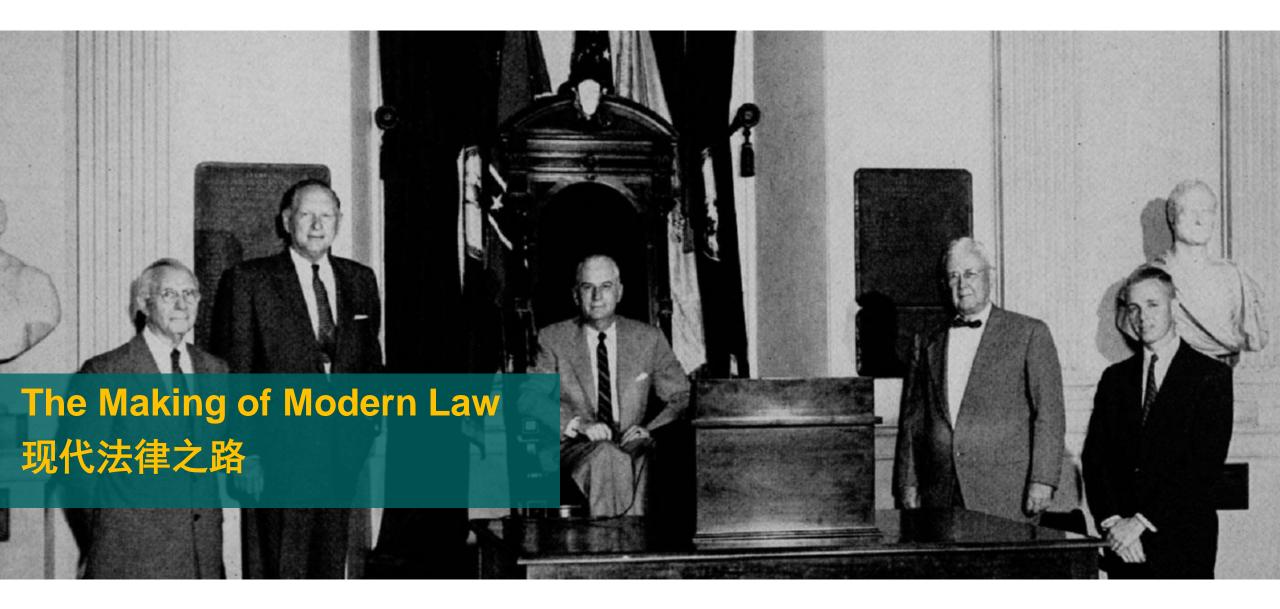
■ 藏量: 1340万页

■ 收录语言:英语、法语、德语、意大利语、拉丁语、西班牙语、葡萄牙语和荷兰语等语言

■ 涉及学科: 历史学、政治学、哲学、社会学、商学、文学等



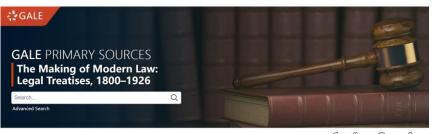








The Making of Modern Law 现代法律之路





Visualize connections I

The Making of Modern Law: Foreign complements the collection of treat Foreign, Comparative, and Interna monograph publications an interpr sources" of law. (Note that the term sense of a manuscript, letter or diar or regulation.) Jurisdictions include (



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The Making of Modern Law: Primary Sources contains a virtual goldmine of information for researchers of American legal history—a fully searchable digital archive of the published records of the American colonies, documents published by

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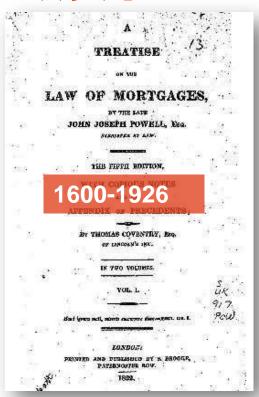


12个模块

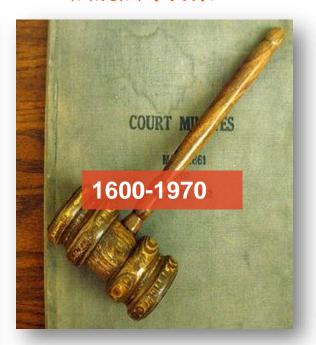
- 法学专论, 1800-1926年
- 美国最高法院卷宗与法庭辩词, 1823-1978年
- 审判, 1600-1926年
- 法规法令合集,第一部分: 1620-1926年
- 法规法令合集, 第二部分: 1763-1970年
- 非英美国家法、比较法和国际法、1600-1926年
- 非英美国家法规法令合集,1600-1970年,第一部分
- 非英美国家法规法令合集,1600-1970年,第二部分
- 美国公民自由联盟档案,第一部分:1912-1990年
- 10. 美国公民自由联盟档案, 第二部分: 南方地区办公室
- 美国上诉法院重大案件卷宗与法庭辩词, 1950-1980年
- 美国上诉法院重大案件卷宗与法庭辩词, 1891-1950年

The Making of Modern Law 现代法律之路

Legal Treatises 法学专论



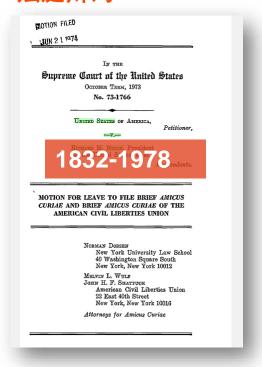
Laws/Treaties 法规法令合集



Trials 审判

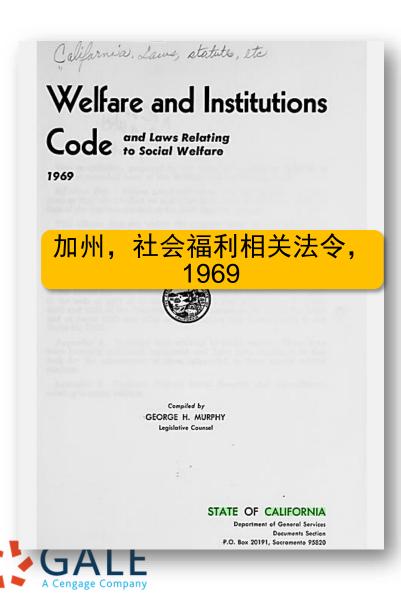


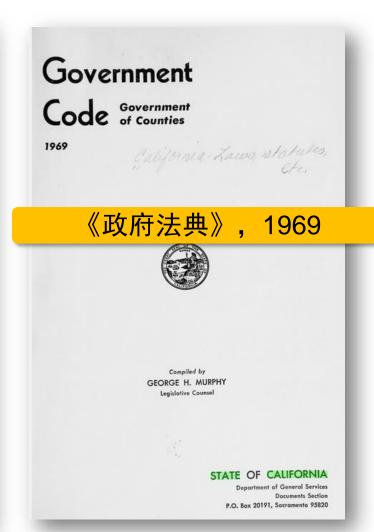
Supreme Court Records and Briefs 美国最高法院卷宗与 法庭辩词

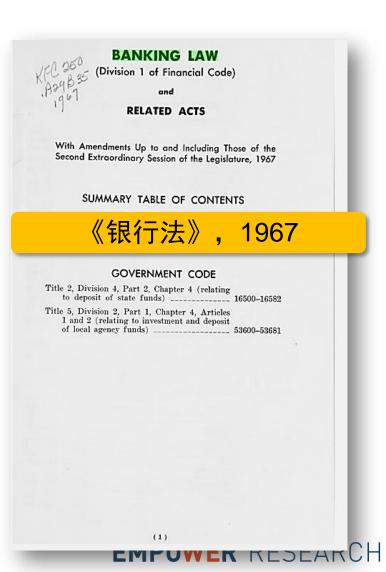




The Making of Modern Law 现代法律之路



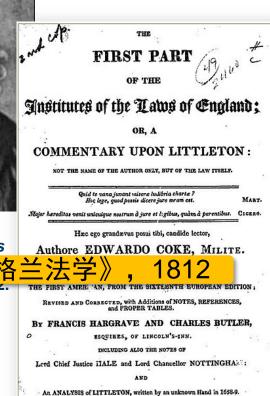




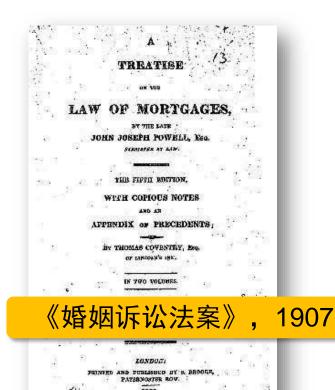
The Making of Modern Law 现代法律之路



Coke, Edward, Sir. The first part of the Institutes of the laws o 《英格Vol. 1. Philadeipina, 1012.











The Making of Modern Law 现代法律之路



- 覆盖16世纪以来英美法系与大陆法系的法学专论、 法规法令、审判以及最高法院判决记录等原始文献
- 深入了解古代及当代美洲、欧洲、拉美、亚洲、及 其他地区的法律传统
- 当代法学与历史学研究必备资源











下设19家博物馆



National Museum of American History



Smithsonian American Art Museum



Freer Gallery of Art



National Museum of Natural History



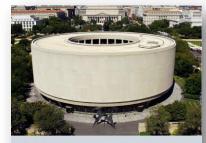
National Air and Space Museum



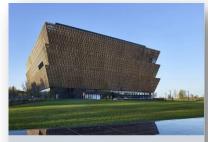
National Museum of the American Indian



Arts and Industries Building



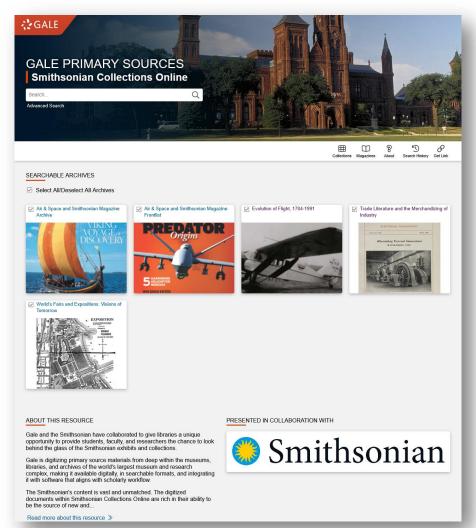
Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden



National Museum of African American **History and Culture**







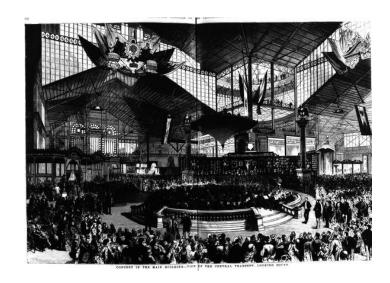
四大模块

- World's Fairs & Expositions: Visions of Tomorrow
 - 世界博览会与展览会: 展望明天
- Trade Literature & the Merchandizing of Industry
 贸易文献与工业商品化
- Evolution of Flight, 1784-1991飞行的发展, 1784-1991年
- Air & Space and Smithsonian Magazine Archive 1970-current 《航空与航天》和《史密森学会会刊》典藏, 1970-至今



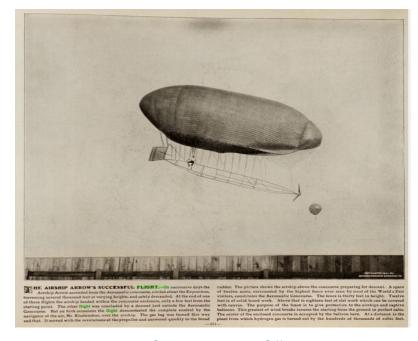


百年间的世博会记录



Illustrated Historical Register of the Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876, and of the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1878: by Frank H. Norton; 25 Colored Art Plates 800 Engravings





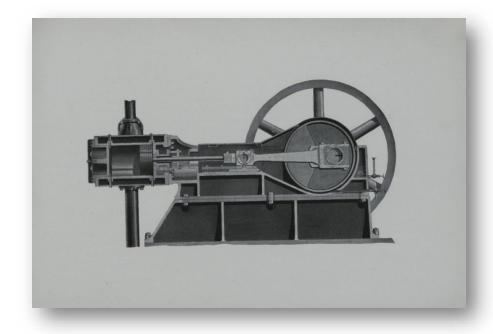
The World's Fair: Comprising the Official Photographic Views of the Universal Exposition Held in Saint Louis, 1904



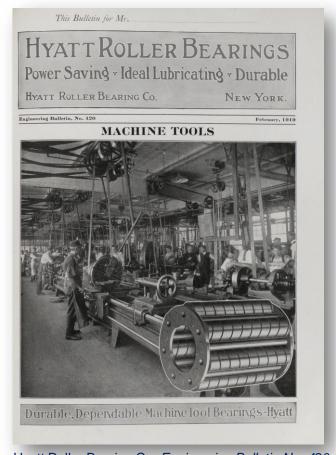


技术史的发展

- 农业/农业机械
- 建筑
- 采矿
- 机动车辆
- 铁路
- 矿山与采矿等等



The Fischer Foundry & Machine Company. The Improved Fischer Engines: The Fischer Foundry & Machine Company, Steam, Hydraulic and General Machinery. Press of Challinor Dunker & Co., n.d.

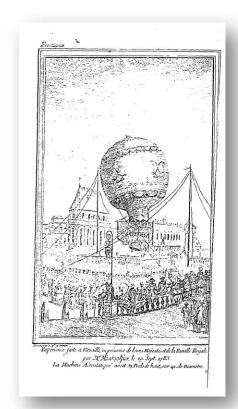


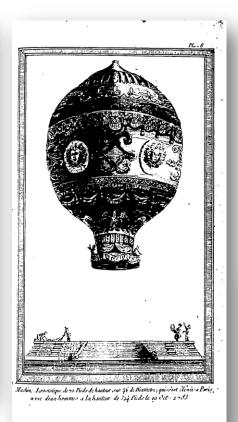
Hyatt Roller Bearing Co. *Engineering Bulletin No. 420, Hyatt Roller Bearings; Power Saving, Ideal Lubricating, Durable: Machine Tools.* Hyatt Roller Bearing Co., Feb. 1919

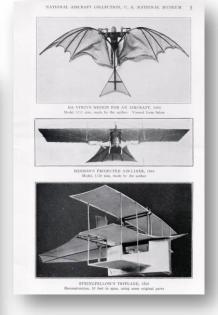


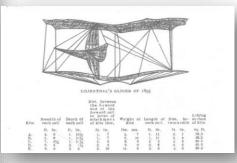


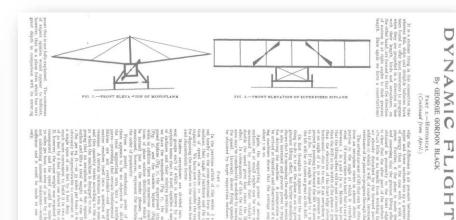
飞行探索

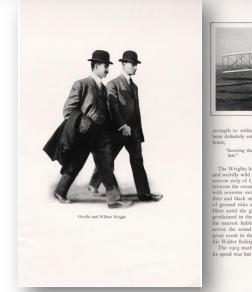














The First Flight by Man-

strength to withstand landing shocks. When these points had been definitely established, they at once packed up and returned

chowing that the age of the flying machine had come a ast."

The Wrights had selected for their experiments as inaccessible and weirfly wild a place as could be imagined: A comparatively narrow strip of Carolina beach extending for hundreds of miles between the ocean and Albernafe, Pamilio and Roundes sounds, with noisome swamps and jungle, infested with moceasins, rattlers and black smakes, biluting swarms of mosquitoes, myriads of ground ticks and juggers, wild loop, turkey and other force, there and the degranting and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee and the gleaning and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee and the gleaning and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee and the gleaning and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee and the gleaning and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee and the gleaning and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee and the gleaning and monatins the Wright Brothers (Fee) and the ground the property of the property of the property of the world's history took place, the settlement of Six Walter Reliefs's, colors of Feelingtonen.

Sir Walter Raleigh's colony of Englishmen.

The 1903 machine had a fuel capacity of but a few minutes, its speed was but 30 miles an hour, it carried only the operator,



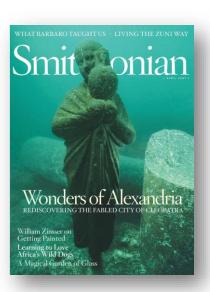


SMITHSONIAN 《史密森学会月刊》

- 创刊于1970年4月
- 探讨了现代与历史的观点,深入的专家报道,主题丰富
- 涵盖科学、技术、考古、历史、艺术史、博物馆学、城市史、人类学、自然和区域研究等
- 收录: 1970年---至今











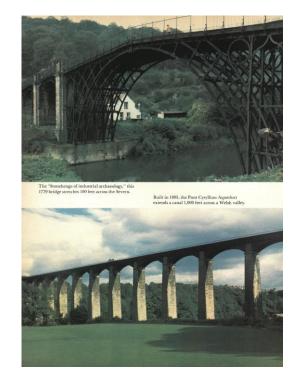




工业考古







trial Revolution, a period of especial vitality that now strongly beckons to modern Englishmen.

Today the British Waterways Board keeps the Leeds and Liverpool Canal open—at a lon—and coal barges still ply its western end, but more and more it is a place of recreation. Among the picnickers, scores of amateur historians note the fine engineering points along the way as they cruise the channel at the leitment of the property of

Indeed, in the last 20 years many Britons have become immersed in the artifacts of their early industry and commerce. Two thousand at a time will line up to see and hear a primitive steam engine when it is going to be fired. Impelled by the bulldours' progress, thousands of entitusiants comb the countryside and the edges of towns for relice of the Industrial Revolution time wherever possible.

ing wherever possible.

There is more to it than nostalgia and the worship of fine old machinery. A new scholarly discipline has arisen from the relicis. The local anaetues frequently work under the direction of a growing handful of professionals. These are known as "industrial archaeologists," because they have turned from the usual written sources of the historian and, like archaeologists, have taken to the field to see what new perspectives on Britain's economic and social past can be gleaned from actual artifacts. They have abandoned their books for their books.

interi Douktal archaeology has recently become a recogimed tield of study for the Royal Interiture of British Architects. The National Trust, which historically has spent much of its energies on the preservation of more traditional monuments and buildings, now finds itself engaged with increasing viges in the restoration of dol factories and windmills. (It is perhaps appropriate that this movement began in Great Britain, for it is there that the Industrial Revolution had its beginnings. More recently, the subject has taken root in the United States. Last fall the Society for Industrial Archchoology was formed through the instigation of various consistent of the Division of Mechanical and Civil Engineering at the Satisbosania Institution. In first annual meeting will be held in April 1972.)
Though induste, the field has already identified

Though inchant, the field has already identified some heroes and some classic artifacts. And from these have come some insights. For example, among efforts to "level" the British countryside with locks over hills, aqueducts over valleys and boat lifts from one waterway to another, one engineering marvel is the 1,000-loop Pont Cyyllitau Aqueduct near Llangollen

Anne Angus reported on science in Britain's open classrooms in the July issue of SMITHSONIAN.

in Wales. Built from 1785 to 1805 by Thomas Helford, it is a thing of simple beauty with its 18 masonry piers and iron trust still in perfect condition, and one of several meccas for the industrial archaeologist. It is also a towering reminder that the real birth of capitalism may have coincided with the canal era when subscriptions for shares were made up among all kinds of people to bear the enormous capital expenditures of building England's waterways.

If canals were the blood vessels of the early Industrial Revolution, then iron was its protein. Perhaps the classic structure of the era is the Iron Bridge (faring page, above) built across the Severn River in Teford. Stropshire, by an iron snelter named Ahraham Darby in 1729. The first such structure in the work every piece of its 578 tons of iron is dovetailed like timber: There are no bolts or scried sovetailed like timber: There are no bolts or scried sovetailed.

Few such bridges were built. The pace of designer picked up rapidly and bridges soon became far need edicate and economical in their use of metal. In places ed edicate and economical in their use of metal. In places talke Bath and Southwick, one can see 19th-cents of the ancestors of the Golden Gate bridge. Not only did the ancestors of the Golden Gate bridge. Not only did the non-bridge between the production bridge building and transport, it showed 18th-century engineers the vast soubhilities of usine ear from a building machine.

John 1784 the first on the second to the control of the the off of the entire two basis re-aginetics. Thomas Talford, had applied east iron to the construction of canal aquestucts a metal-framed building had been erected, the ancestor of every skycraper; and central heating had been introduced by running steam through holow fron columns. It was, as some have called it, the second from Age, and it lassed until 1889 and the in-



A later development, the Anderton boat lift sti

37

Angus, Anne. "The Fascinations of Discovering Engineering's past." Smithsonian, vol. 2, no. 11, Feb. 1972, pp. 35+. Smithsonian Collections Online, link.gale.com/apps/doc/CHAXIF361669448/GDCS?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-GDCS&xid=07e78923





中国的考古&文物保护

In March 1974, a group of peasants digging a well in drought-parched Shaansi province in northwest Chian unearthed fragmens of a clay figure—the first evidence of what would rum out to be one of the great-starbacological discoveries of modern times. Near the unexacwated tomb of Qin Shi Huangdi—who had proclaimed himself first emperor of Chian ia 21 BC—lay an extraordinary underground treasures an entire army of life-size term cotta soldiers and horses, interred for more than 20.00 wars.

The site, where Qin Shi Huangdi's ancient capital of Xianguage ance stood, lies a half-hour drive from trafficclogged Xi'an (pop. 8,5 million). It is a dry, scrubby land planted in persimmon and pomegranate—bitterly cold in winter and socrothigh bot in summer—marked by ducored hills pocked with caves. But hotels and a roadside souvenir emporium selling five-foot tall pottery figures suggest that something other than fruit culviration is going on here.

Over the past 35 years, archaeologists have located some 600 pits, a complex of underground vaults as yet largely unexcavated, across a 22-square-mile area. Some are hard to get to, but three major pits are easily accessible, enclosed inside the four-acre Museum of the Terracotta Army, constructed around the discovery site and opened in 1979. In one pit, long columns of warriors, reassembled from broken pieces, stand in formation. With their topknots or caps, their tunics or armored vests, their goatees or closecropped beards, the soldiers exhibit an astonishing individuality. A second pit inside the museum demonstrates how they appeared when they were found: some stand upright, buried to their shoulders in soil, while others lie toppled on their backs, alongside fallen and cracked clay horses. The site ranks with the Great Wall and Beijing's Forbidden City as one of the premier tourist attractions within China.

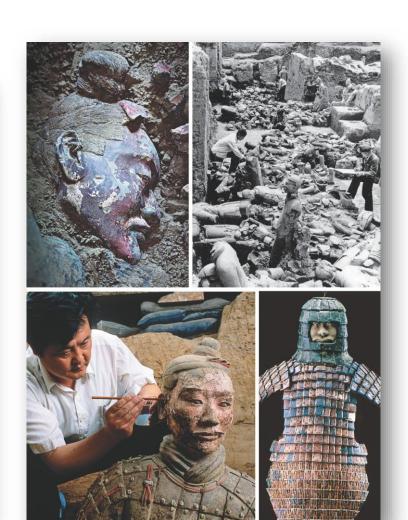
For those unable to make the journey to Xi'an, some of the choicest specimens unearthed there form the centerpiece of two successive travelling exhibitions that survey the reign of Qin Shi Huangh (21 at 86-210 B.C.). "The First Emperor," organized by the British Museum, debutted in London before moving to the High Museum in Atlanta. A second show, Terra Corta Warriors, 'then opened at the Bowers Museum in Santa Ana, California, It is now at the Houston Museum of Natural Science through Corbote Fig. and then moves to National Geographic Society Museum in Washington, D.C. for display from November 1 pto March 31, 2 2010.

For museumpoers, frjinkt center: attending the show at London's Rittish Hussum, in exhibitions offer a rare glimpse of Xl'an's treasures (clockwise from top lett: court official, kneeling archer, acrobat-troups strongman, cavally horse, bronze crano). The excavations reveal a dazzing range of artifacts, painting a detailed portrait of a China newly unified in the third centry. BG. According to Chinese archaeologist Duan dingbo, the figures represent "an imitation of the voal organization of the Olin dynasty."

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36 SMITHSONIAN JULY 2009

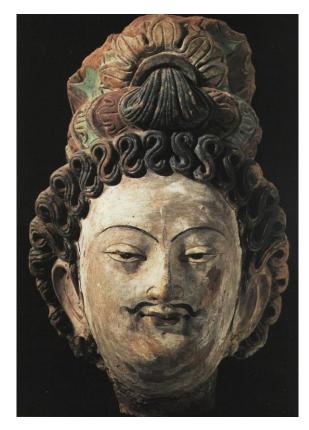




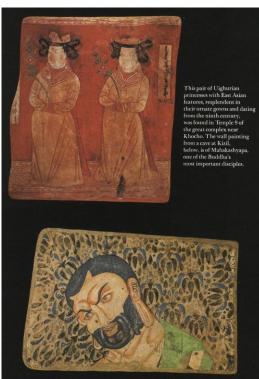
Lubow, Arthur. "On the March." Smithsonian, vol. 40, no. 4, July 2009, p. [35]+. Smithsonian Collections Online, link.gale.com/apps/doc/RBJHYY960010933/GDCS?u=tlcn&sid=GDCS&xid=2f1e6b0d



艺术史



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married twice and had three children - daughters Nadia and Carole, and son David. Tarzi began teaching archaeology and became a full professor at the University of Strasbourg.

ALEX MASI travels the world on assignment from London



Iran. The family didn't return home for five years.

In February 2001, Al Qaeda-supporting Taliban radicals, having won a power struggle with moderates, condemned Back in Bamiyan, trouble was brewing. After several the Buddhas as "idolatrous" and "un-Islamic" and announced failed attempts to conquer the province, Taliban forces cut their intention to destroy them. Last-ditch pleas by world deals with Taiik and Hazara military leaders and marched in leaders to Mullah Omar, the Talihan's reclusive, one-eyed unopposed in September 1998. Many Hazara fled just ahead leader, failed. During the next month, the Taliban—with the of the occupation. My interpreter, Ali Raza, a 26-year-old help of Arab munitions experts - used artillery shells and Hazara who grew up in the shadow of the eastern Buddha high explosives to destroy both figures. A Hazara construcand played among the giant statues as a child, remembers tion worker I'll call Abdul, whom I met outside an unfinhis father calling the family together one afternoon. "He ished mosque in the hills above Bamiyan, told me that the said, 'You must collect your clothes; we have to move as soon Taliban had conscripted him and 30 other Hazaras to lay as possible, because the Taliban have arrived. If they don't plastic explosives on the ground beneath the larger Buddha's kill us, we will be lucky." They gathered their mules and set feet. It took three weeks to bring down the statue, Abdul out on foot, hiking south over snowy mountain passes to told me. Then "the Taliban celebrated by slaughtering nine cows." Koichiro Matsuura, the head of UNESCO, the U.N.'s



XUMISHAN GROTTOES, CHINA Under the Gaze of Buddha



THROUGHOUT HISTORY, human ettlement has been driven by three basic tenets: location, location, location, And the Xumishan grottoes-a collection of ancient Buddhist cave temples construct ed between the fifth and tenth centuries A.D.-owe their exis-

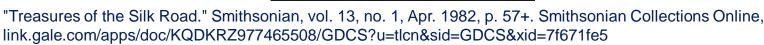
tence to this axiom. Located in China's Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, Xumishan (pronounced "SHU-meshan") capitalized on its proximity to the Silk Road, the crucial trade artery between East and West that was a thoroughfare not only for goods but also for culture and came the cave temple tradition.

Hewed out of red sandstone cliffs-most likely by artisans struction of the approximately 130 grottoes spans five tury that recount a sporadic history of the caves. dynastic eras, from the Northern Wei (A.D. 386-534) to the Tang (A.D. 618-906), Although there are more extensive cave the name "Xumishan" - a Chinese-language variation of



religious beliefs. Along this route the teachings of Buddha little known," savs Paola Demattè, an associate professor of traveled from India to China, and with those teachings
Chinese art and archaeology at the Rhode Island School of and monks, funded by local officials and aristocrats—the Xu-such as the devotional "Lu Zijing" from A.D. 848, in which "a mishan grottoes break into eight clusters that scatter for Buddha's disciple wholeheartedly attends to the Buddha''more than a mile over starkly beautiful, arid terrain. The con-

One of the steles contains the first written reference to





服装&社会风尚



Copeland, Peter E., and Peter F. Copeland. "Our Ancestors as Fashion Plates." Illustrated by Peter F. Copeland. *Smithsonian*, vol. 4, no. 7, Oct. 1973, p. 104+. *Smithsonian Collections Online*, link.gale.com/apps/doc/SSUGZF927401182/GDCS?u=tlcn&sid=bookmark-GDCS&xid=1af7b0c1











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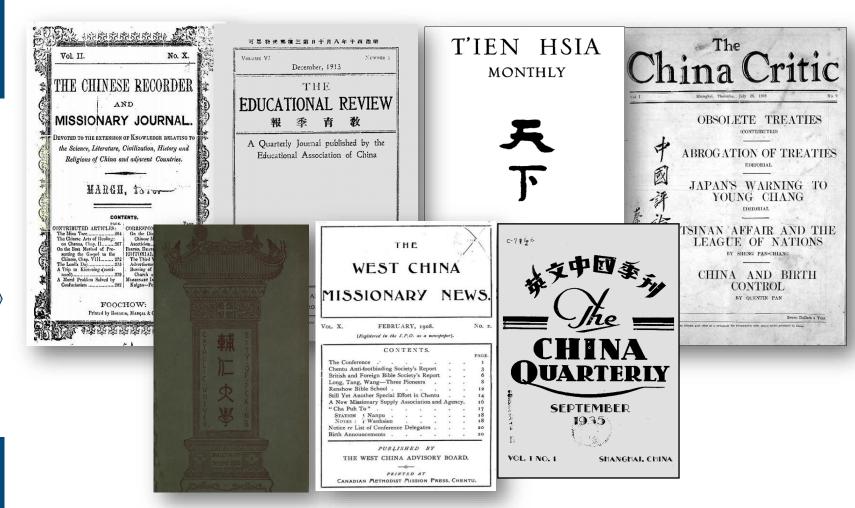
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区域经济研究、政治研究、社会与文化研究

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE TRADE ROUTES BETWEEN BURMA, INDOCHINA

AND YUNNAN

By Kuo Tsung-fei (谷 春 帆)

The Sino-Japanese War has wrought a great many changes in China. It has wiped away many ideas and things that were once popular, but at the same time revived many others that were considered outmoded and antiquated. The importance recently attached to the trade routes between Yunnan and Burma and Yunnan and Indochina is one of the many examples. Who would have thought a few years before the war started that these routes, ancient and out of date as they were, would one day become the arteries of China? Who would have expected that China, involved in a modern war, should be fed through trade routes that had existed before the Christian era? Fate has so arranged and there is no alternative. Pack animals and horses are now pressed into service. The once famous I-tsan (琴站) system—the animal transportation system-is again being adopted. Sailing boats and boats hauled by coolies, long superseded by steamers and motor boats and railways, are built in great numbers and commissioned. The war has put the clock back.

Before the completion of the Indochina-Yunnan railway, in April, 1910, traffic between these two places was carried on by boats and pack animals. The boats came up the Red River to Manhao (# 14), just inside the Chinese border. From Manhao, horses were despatched to Mengtze (業自), thence to all parts of Yunnan. This was the main trade route. As Yunnan borders on Indochina, there were naturally many routes leading from one territory to another. One, crossing Ma-li-pu (麻果坡) on the border, led to Wenshan (文山) in south-eastern Yunnan where public roads led to Kwangsi and central Yunnan.

From Yunnan to Upper Burma, there were three routes: (1)

Tsung-fei, Kuo. "A Brief History of the Trade Routes Between Burma, Indochina and Yunnan." Tien Hsia Monthly, vol. 12, no. 1, August-September 1941, p. 9+.

Straw Hat Making in Ningpo

By EULIN WONG (平元龄)

The manufacture of straw hats in Ningpo (電波).

Year	From Ning	po Alone	From all Ports in China			
	Pieces	Value in Hk. Tls.	Pieces	Value in Hk. Tls.		
1924	4,984,101	109,992	5,883,123	234,944		
1925	6,510,191	182,197	7 108,334	290,749		
1926	4,014,648	203,139	5,698,273	387,135		
1927	4,971,279	315,692	7,193,630	623,047		
1928	3,085,345	641,264	5,500,660	1,059,686		

There are no less than five different kinds of straw Chekiang province, and its environs has within recent used in the manufacture of hats in Ningpo, Yuyao and years assumed increasing importance. The industry Haimen, namely: kim-ssu-tsao (金絲草), pu-li-tsao was originally started in the western suburb of Ningpo (砂瑙草), ma-tsao (蘇草), teng-tsao (蘇草) and pengand later extended to Tzeki (其豁), Chinhai (錄蔽), tsao (本意). Kin-ssu-tsao, or "golden silk" straw is Yuyao (餘號) and Haimen (韓門). In order to give imported from Manila at a cost of from Tls. 4 to Tls. 20 the reader some idea of the important position which per kilogram according to quality. It is extensively Mingpo occupies in the straw hat trade, a comparative used by the straw hat makers of Yuvao and is considertable showing the number of straw and rush hats ex- ed as the best kind of straw used in hat manufacture on ported from Ningpo alone and that from all ports of account of its brilliant color and tensile strength. Pu-China during the past five years ending 1928 is append- li-tsao, or "glass" straw, is imported from Switzerland and Germany at a cost of Tls. 12-12 per kilogram. It is generally used by the hat makers of Ningpo and its neighboring districts. Ma-tsao, or "flax" straw is also imported from Manila. 'It can be obtained at a price of Tls. 130 per 200 pounds and its chief place of consumption is Haimen. Peng-tsao, or "local" straw, is produced at Huang-Ku-Lin (黃去林), western Ningpo, and other rural districts where it is grown in fields as

Wong, Eulin. "Straw Hat Making in Ningpo." The China Critic. vol. III. no. 46, 1930



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西方机械科学技术在中国的传播

CHAPTER XXIV—CHINA'S MODERN INDUSTRIES

(A review of all of Chian's industries would require a volume to itself. In this Chanber and the control of these the control of these industries which first adopted Western machinery. The cotton, silk, tron and steel, wool, flour, and shipbuilding industries are exhaustive. In large or small factories or plants in China, paper, cement, chemicals, canned goods, glass and porcelative, soap and candles, sugar, various types of the control of the control

Inauguration of Modern Industries in China

The inauguration of modern industries began in the early vixtues. The development of Chine's modern industries may be divided into six periods: one industries, 1862-1881.

(2) Period of Government supervision of industries, 1883-1894.

(3) Period of foreign continuatries, 1895-1902.

(4) Period of protection of Chinese industries, 1891-1912.

(5) Period of prosperity, 1912-1922.

(6) Period of prosperity, 1912-1922.

(7) Period of prosperity, 1912-1923.

- 1. PERIOD OF WAR INDUSTRIES, 1862-1881

1. PERIOD OF WAR INDUSTRIES, 1862-1881
China's defeat in the Opium War and the success of the "Ever-Victorious Army" in the suppression of the "Ever-Victorious Army" in the suppression of the superior of th

this period, the shipping industry had a rather successful beginning. The mining industry was out of the period of the control of the control

2. Period of Government Supervision of Industries, 1882-1894

2. PERIOD OF GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION OF INDUSTRIES, 1882-1893.

On account of poor results in some Government industries, there was a strong tendency to change from Government ownership to private ownership with Government supervision of the control of the contr

3. PERIOD OF FOREIGN ENTERPRISE IN CHINA AND INCREASE OF PRIVATE-OWNED INDUSTRIES, 1895-1902

The increase of foreign enterprise since 1895 was due largely to the conclusion of the Treaty of Shimonosoki. According to Article 6 and Section 4 of that Treaty, it was provided that: "Japanese subjects shall be free vided that: "Japanese subjects shall be free dustries in all the open cities, towns, and ports of China, and shall be at liberty to import into China all kinds of machinery, paying only the stipulated duties thereone of the economic importalism of foreign countries in China and subjection of Chinese industries to hopeless struggle with the industrially-accounted the control of the cont

Name of Mill			Where situated	Province	Capital		Number of spindles	Number of doublers	Number of looms	Number of labourers employed
CHINESE MILLS:		•								
leng Fong Cotton Mfg. Co then Hwa Lee Kee Cotton S. & W. Co., L			Shanghai	Kiangsu	Tls.	1,080,000	55,152	-	604	3,822
lung Sing Cotton Mill, No. 1, 8	ita.		,,	**	12	300,000	13,548		-	720
do. No. 2			"	34		4,200,000			1,100	6,289
do. No. 5			,,	**	Tis.	2,500,000	56,744 54,208	7,140	-	2,294
do. No. 6	***		"	**	**	1,300,000	54,208	12,720		2,131
do. No. 7			"	31	22	1,000,000	75,104	2,300	920	3,153
do. No. 9			11	**	1		59,484 80,556	6,720	440	3,220
oh Yih Cotton S. & W. Co., Mill No. 1			17	22				15,060	515	4,770
do. No. 2			"		1		25,600 24,920	2,460		997
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leng Dah Sing Kee Cotton S. & W. Co.			.,	**	**	2,100,000	20,160	13,208	_	2,612
Wing On Textile Mfg. Co., Ltd., Mill No. 1	• •	::	21	" "	1		38,160	-	1.000	850
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Oah Foong Ching Kee Cotton & & W Co.	TAA			** 7		2.100,000	29,952	17,288	001	2,500
Chun Tai Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd	., шы.		11	**	12	2,100,000	25,500		224	1,900
Hong Chang Cotton S. & W. Co. L+4			"	**	12	2,000,000	24,536	5,040	440	1,495
		::	.,	**	Tis.	100,000	11.500	6,400	440	1,465
ling Haing Cotton Will			"	**		1.700,000	28,000	- 1		
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	100	11	21	,,		700,000	12,240	-	200	900
Yah Foong Yih Kee Cotton S. & W. Co. Ming Sung Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.			"	**	**	200,000	4.736	1,632	200	394
Ming Sung Cotton S. & W. Co. Ltd.			,,	,,		700,000	9.000		100	
			21	**	Tis.	200,000	5.120	400	128	300
Shanghai Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd			"	12	2 18.	2,000,000	15,200	2,000	800	798
	• •		27	10		2,000,000	*20,000	*3,000		1,315
Jing Foong Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.		24	F 900 8		1	250,000	2,640		*200	
			"	**	19	230,000	1,600	160	_	184
Dah Sung Cotton S. & W. Co., No. 1		27	Tungchow			5,600,000	92,520	9.000	505	0.70-
do. No. 1				23	**	0,000,000	19,508	2,000	*240	8,522
do. No. 2			Chetung		Tls.	1.500,000	30,800	_		1,401
2.0.2			Опесаць	**	Lis.	1,000,000	30,800	-	200	3,400
do. No. 3			Haimen		8	4,200,000	32,860	800	*40	2 000
Dah Tung Cotton Mfg. Co			Tsungming	**		960,000	16,400	800	594	3,000
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			,,	25	"	000,000	*800	-		700
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Ching Sing Cotton S & W Co Ltd		11			**	1,250,000	32,024	-	0.00	1,100
Kwan Chung Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.				**	"	1,500,000	23,040	1.440	250	1,922
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Yue Kong Cotton S. & W. Co., Ltd.			"		19	1,200,000	62,200 17,600	4,120	720	3,551 1,258

"Chapter XXIV—China's Modern Industries." The China Year Book, 1935, pp. 568+. China and the Modern World. link.gale.com/apps/doc/NELLMS716702737/CFER?u=galechina&sid=bookmark-CFER&xid=5334d206





向西方介绍中国科学

BABYLONIAN ORIGIN OF CHINESE ASTRONOMY AND ASTROLOGY.

The Babylonian origin of Chinese astronomy and astrology is not accepted by some of our best living Sinologues. Among them Dr. Eitel has in the *China Review* of May and June announced his opinion on Babylonian connection in the negative in very distinct terms.

As I have expressed my belief in that connection frequently, and have from first to last given a good deal of attention to the subject, I will here gather together in one short paper the chief coincidences which have weighed with me in deciding for the Babylonian origin of Chinese astronomy and astrology.

1. Astronomy and astronomical instruments. The Babylonians and Chinese both
divided one day and night into twelve
hours. These were called by the Babylonians casbumi. From this nation sprang
also the dial which early reached China,
the first mention of it in Chinese being in
the Chen li. The Babylonian calendar began with Scorpio. The Chinese zodiac of
twenty-eight constellations begins with
Spica in Virgo. Professor Sayce, in his
treatise upon the Astronomy and Astrology
of the Babylonians, p. 163, says, 'M. Ernest
de Bunsen has shewn that Scorpio was taken

assigned to the Scorpion.* Sayce says, the intercalary month belonged to the Accadians before their Semitic neighbours in Assyria borrowed the calendar from them. But we also find the intercalary month in the astronomy of the first sections of the Chinese Book of History. Geminus states that it was the dwellers on the Euphrates that discovered that, after 223 lunations or eighteen years, eclipses of the moon recur in the same order. The early use of the intercalary month by the Chinese implies that either they, or those from whom they derived it, knew this fact about the lunations. The early Chinese astronomy looks very much more scientific than it probably would do if it had been of purely indigenous origin. The hypothesis of Babylonian origin helps us a good deal in accounting for the astronomy of the Hau tien. The possession of an astrolabe for instance in those early times by the Chinese is suggestive of foreign origin. Recent researches have shewn that there was ocean navigation from the mouth of the Euphrates more than two thousand years before Christ. Further, what can be more convincing and significant in this matter, than the existence of names of stars and observations of stars passing the

January 978) there was a total eclipse of the sun [日食民] on the 1st day of the moon. On the 1st day of the 5th moon 1,091 there was an eclipse of the sun. Another partial eclipse on the 1st of the 3rd moon 1,094.

In the year A.D. 979 a new orrery [油 儀], revolving of its own motion without human aid, was invented by the chief astronomer 張 司 訓.

In the first moon of 998 (i.e. end of 997) a comet appeared north of the said by Williams to be a star near Aquila). In the sixth moon of 1,018 a comet appeared in the north [H 1/2]. On the 1st of the 7th moon 1,022 there was an almost total eclipse of the sun. An eclipse of the sun was predicted for the 1st of the 5th moon 1,024, but it did not come off; on the first day of 1,068 another took place.

Williams says under 奎 'the five planets met in it in the year 967.' He omits to state however that between the years 954-60 the Chinese astronomer 竇 儼 told his friend 楊 慈 that in the year 丁 卯 (967)

洗 策 錄

THE HSI YUAN LU, OR INSTRUCTIONS TO CORONERS *

[TRANSLATED FROM THE CHINESE.]

ORIGINAL PREFACE.

The Hsi Fian Lu dates from the reign Shun Yu [A.D. 1241—1253] of the after Sung dynasty, and was compiled by a Commissioner of Justice named Sung Tz'u from the I Yü Chi by Ho Ning, Duke of Lu under the Chin dynasty and his son Mêng, aide-de-camp to the Heir apparent under the first Sung dynasty; also from the Nê Shu Luby an unknown author of the first Sung dynasty, and from various other books. Being subjected for many generations to practical tests by the officers of the Board of Punishments, it became daily more perfect and more exact.

The work now published by the Board was compiled from the Ping Yiun Lu by an unknown author of the after Sung dgnasty, from the Wu Yiun Lu by Wang Yū of the Yuan dynasty, and the His Yiun Lu Chien Shih by Wang K'èn-t'ang of the Ming dynasty, and is strictly adhered to by all engaged in the investigation of criminal cases. Yet although in general use among officials, good editions are rarely to be met with in booksellers' shops. A collection of corroborative cases have lately been supplied by Wang Yu-huai of Wu-lin, an additional commentary by Sub-Prefect Yiun Ch'i-hsin of Kuei-chi, and coloured nunctuation by Prefect Chang Hsi-fan of Yiian-ho, making a thoroughly





在中国的基督教教会大学



FIRST SUMMER CONFERENCE FOR COLLEGE STUDENTS, HANGCHOW CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, JULY 4-11, 1922.





汉学家

James Legge 理雅各



Dilet and Prg.

PROPESSOR EDWARD HARPER PAUKER.

Edward Parker 爱德华·帕克

Herbert Giles 翟理斯



THE REV. TIMOTHY RICHARD, E.D., LITT.D., etc.
[Ellion & Fry.]

Timothy Richard 李提摩太





内容

- 外国文学翻译研究
- 文学批评
- 词汇学
- 修辞学
- 比较语言学
- 文化研究等

A STUDY ON THE YIH KING.

- 1. The Yi King. Translated by James Legge, Oxford: 1882.
- 2. Mutationum Liber. Cursus Literature Sinacæ. Vol. III., pp. 520—619. P. Angelo Zattoli, S. J. Chang-hai: 1880.
- 3. A Translation of the Confucian Yih King, or the "Classic of Change."
 By the Rev. Canon McClatchie, M. A. Shanghai: 1882.
- 1. The Quarterly Review: July, 1882. Art. V.-Chinese Literature.

The Wooks have occupied the attention of so many students as the volume of the Chinese classics which is designated "The Yih King" or the Book of Changes. Dr. Legge having stated the fact that, quotations from 218 commentators on this work are found in the Imperial Kang-hi edition of it, says, "I may venture to say that 218 are hardly a tenth of the men who have tried to interpret this remarkable book, and to solve the many problems to which it gives rise." The fact that we have four translations of it into European anguages—three of which have appeared within the last ten years—is evidence of the interest with which it is regarded by students in the West.

"A Study on the Yih King." The Chinese Recorder, vol. 14, no. 1, January-February, 1883, p. 18 1883年理雅各《易经》

BOOK REVIEW

Edited by Quentin Pan

Corrections to Review of "Autumn Leaves" (Vol. I, No. 29)

- 1. In the 5th. paragraph:—"... result of an 'accidental' view of history..." should read ".....result of accidents? I think it is this "accidental' view of history..."
- In the second quoted passage:—"for junkers" should read "his junkers."
- 3. In the last paragraph but two:—"not to harp at others" should read "apt to harp at others."

STRANGE STORIES FROM A CHINESE STUDIO.

(聊齋志異) Translated and annotated by Herbert A. Giles. XXIII and 488pp. New York: Boni and Liveright.

The reviewer deems it a rare privilege to be able to read in a new and entirely different language a work which has been familiar to him since childhood, and a rarer one still to be allowed to pass any judgment upon the present translation, done as it was under rather

Pan, Quentin. "Book Review." The China Critic, vol. 1, no. 31, 1928 翟理思《聊斋志异》





内容

- 外国文学翻译研究
- 文学批评
- 词汇学
- 修辞学
- 比较语言学
- 文化研究等

Language Study

VI. TOKYO LANGUAGE SCHOOL.

W. B. PETTUS, B.A.

VERY language has its peculiar difficulties and the conditions in various countries and any of the language schools in a mission field is full of suggestion regarding the problems which schools in another field have to face. It is not a new thing in Tokyo to have a language school for the new missionaries. Mr. Matsuda, a Japanese language teacher of experience, started a school there about a decade ago and this school received the endorsement of many of the missionary societies. His system followed very closely that advised by Gouin which is called "The Series System." After the death of Mr. Matsuda, the school was carried on by one of the Japanese ladies who had been an assistant of his, but a year and a half ago the school was facing so many difficulties that it was about to be abandoned when the Japanese Peace Society, the Conference of Federated Missions, and others decided to take the matter up. One of the problems the old school had faced was that the Missions expected it to follow the language course which was prepared by the Conference of Federated Missions. This course was so full and eye work played such an important part in it, that it was impossible for the school to do the most efficient work as long as it was necessary to follow this course. In starting the new school, therefore, it was decided to leave the preparation of the curriculum to the director and committee in charge.

The Director.

Mr. Frank Muller, who for 25 years has been a teacher of English in Japanese schools, was secured as director of the language school. His speciality has been in teaching and he is a master of modern linguistics. It is because of this rather than because of ability in the Japanese language that he was chosen. The results in the school have justified the choice, Mr. Muller has not considered it to be his work to teach Japanese to the students. His energies are devoted to directing

Pettus, W. B. "Language Study: "The Chinese Recorder, vol. 46, no. 3, 1915, p. 185+. China and the Modern World,

DOES LINGUISTIC HAVE A "WHOLE"

P. C. VAUGHN.

UNIVERSITY OF SHANGHAL

SPECIFICATIONS

Towards an understanding between practising linguists, native and foreign, on what in general should constitute a language 'whole' that would be economic in expenditure of time and material, satisfying in results, and, sufficiently adaptable to various conditions so that a degree of national uniformity might be reached: these principles, proven individually, are advanced as a logical

Elimination, completely, of literary appreciation and other alien tendencies wrongly considered a part of language teaching.

Segregation of active and passive phases of usage with regard to teaching materials, methods, and intended utility.

Simplification of active language structures and vocabulary. Rigid selection of reading material for passive training and imitation.

Organization of the whole on a graduating scale with materials as the basis, and methods adapted to suit,

Propagation and promotion of the system through a central institute for research and teacher training on the field.

Linguistics in China have been and are imperialistic: Imperialistic at least, in the seemingly high-handed manner in which they have settled down in a new situation, among entirely

Vaughn, P. C. "Does Linguistic Have A 'Whole'." Educational Review, vol. 28, no. 1, 1936, p. 29 the offering, but these of course have faith. Shanghai can hardly be turned into a London





汉语言文学 & 翻译学



SIX CHAPTERS OF A FLOATING LIFE

(浮生六記)

by

Shen Fu (沈 復)

Rendered into English by Lin Yutang (林 語 堂)

Chap. 1. 国房記樂: Wedded Bliss

Chap. II. 開情記趣: The Little Pleasures of Life

Chap. III. 坎坷 記愁: Sorrow

Chap. IV. 浪遊記快: The Joys of Travel

Chap. V. 中山 記歷: Experience (missing)

Chap. VI. 養生記道: The Way of Life (missing)

LOOKING BACK TO THE PAST

By Lu Hsün (魯迅)

Translated by Feng Yu-sing (馮餘聲)

A paulownia tree towered majestically in front of our house. It was strikingly green, roughly thirty feet in height, weighed down most of the time with nuts, like scintillating stars.

Boys in our neighbourhood used to stone it and gather the nuts that dropped. More often than not, the stones fluttered into our study through the window, and landed on my desk occasionally. In such cases, Mr. Baldhead, my tutor, would hurry out and scold them.

The tree had huge leaves, each about one foot in diameter, which would double up when the summer sunshine fell on them, but, when stirred by night air, would broaden out again, like the palms of human hands.

When night descended, old Wang, our porter, would frantically busy himself in watering the ground to drive away the heat. Sometimes he would bring a broken-down chair and a long pipe along with him and go to Mother Lee for a talk. Their chat would usually go on very late until there was no more moonlight and only the spark from the bowl of his pipe could be seen through the darkness.

On this evening, when people were enjoying the cool air outside,





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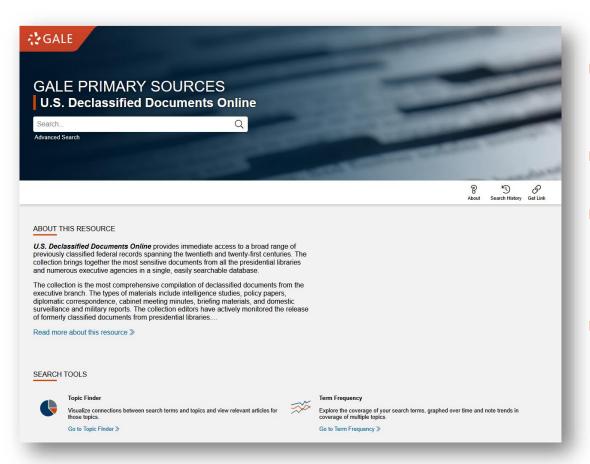








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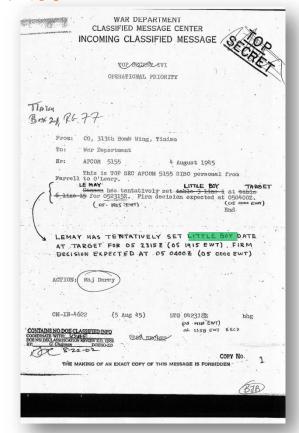
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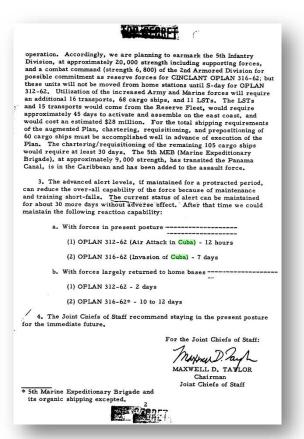


国防部文件



Three War Department cables indicate poor weather conditions which may postpone the U.S. atomic bombing of Hiroshima, Japan. Department of Defense, 4 Aug. 1945.





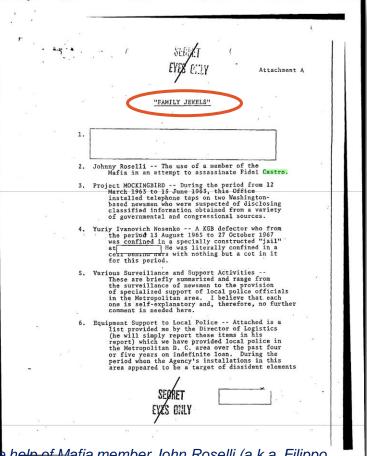
Status of readiness of U.S. Armed Forces for air attack in Cuba discussed. Department Of Defense, 16 Nov. 1962.





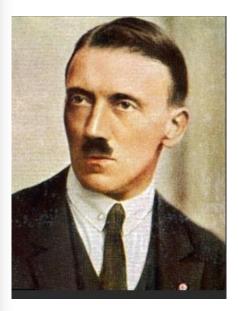
中情局档案





Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), the help of Mafia member John Roselli (a.k.a. Filippo Sacco) in an attempt to assassinate Cuban President Fidel Castro, 1973





RETYPED COPY

On 28 April, Field Marshal Ritter von Greim landed on the Pariser Platz; his pikot was Hanna Reitsch. In landing forein was injured below the knee, and after his injury had been treated he was to have been carried in to Hiller, but he bluntly refused. Greim said concerning Hanna Reitsch: "She was my good angel, she piloted me narvelously." He was there only one day; he had been summoned to Hiller in order of the was there only one day; he had been summoned to Hiller in order of and in order to receive Hitler's orders in this connection. I had a long talk with Hanna Reitsch in the shelter in the presence of Eva Braun,

All the other generals, etc., were with Keitel outside the cauldron of Berlin.

There were present also orderlies and soldiers and the SS bodyguards, the kitchen personnel and the cleaning woman. Up to the end Hitler received his special diet, which consisted of fresh vegetables; he took his meals regularly.

On 21 April, for the last time, personnel of the Reichs Chancellery were taken cut of Berlin by air.

When parts of Berlin were already occupied, and the Russians were coming closer and closer to the center of the city, one could feel, almost physically, the the Third Reich was approaching its end. Marines were supposed to land by plane to protect Berlin until the Menk Amy Group had arrived for the relief of the city. Menk with his tropps was already at Berlin. But suddenly we heard that Umenk's Amy Group absolutely required a twenty-four hours' rest; the soldiers were completely exhausted. Later they were entirely wiped out there. It wasn't that anything had gone wrong-tit could have been expected, since in the last weeks and days so much treachery, so much cowardice and meanness had revealed itself in Hitler's immediate entourage:

Hitler required no care; I was there exclusively for the care of the wounded. To be sure, he had aged greatly in the last days; he now had a lot of grey hair, and gave the impression of a man at least fifteen or twenty years older. He shook a good deal, walking was difficult for him, his right side was still very much weakened as a result of the attempt on his life. In the period immediately after the attempt, he always shook hands with us with his left hand, but that had gone away again and toward the end he was using his right hand. It was not until November that I saw Hitler again for the first time since the attack, when he was in Berlin for a state funeral. He was taking great care to favor his right hand, At that time he was very animated, and made all sorts of jokes. When Hitler was in the room, he filled it entirely with his personality-you saw only him, aside from him nothing else existed. The fascinating thing about him was his eyes; up to the end, it was impossible to turn away from his eyes.

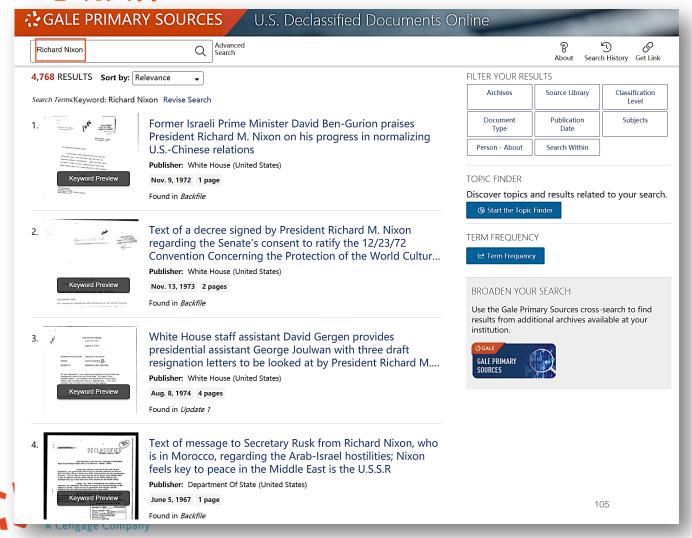
is assume that Hitler recognized the hopelessness of his position; he is said to have expressed himself on the subject of Prof. Harse. For that very reason, I regard every rumon that Hitler is still ()

CONT-TRENT I

Interview with Errna Flegel, a nurse in Hitler's bunker during the final days before the capture of Berlin by the Russians. Central Intelligence Agency, 30 Nov. 1945.



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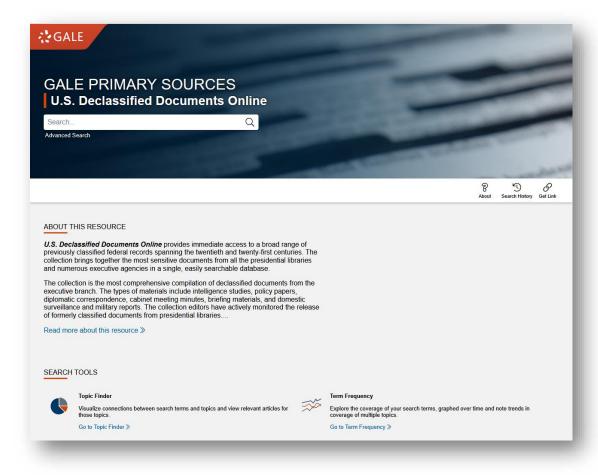




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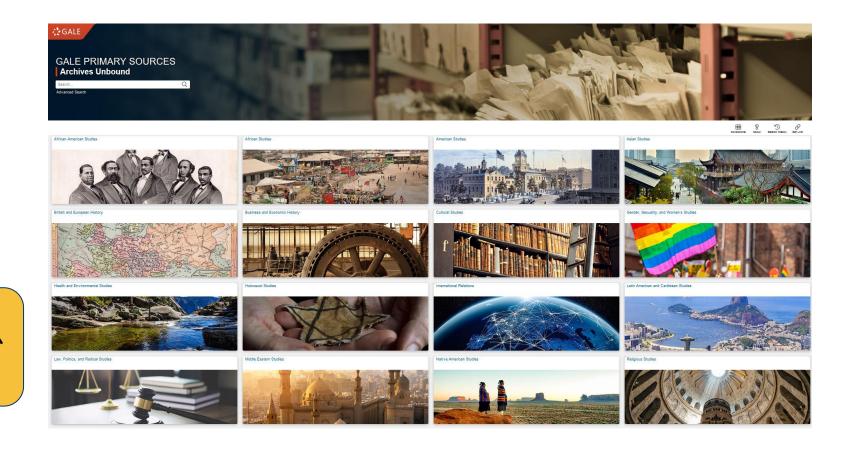


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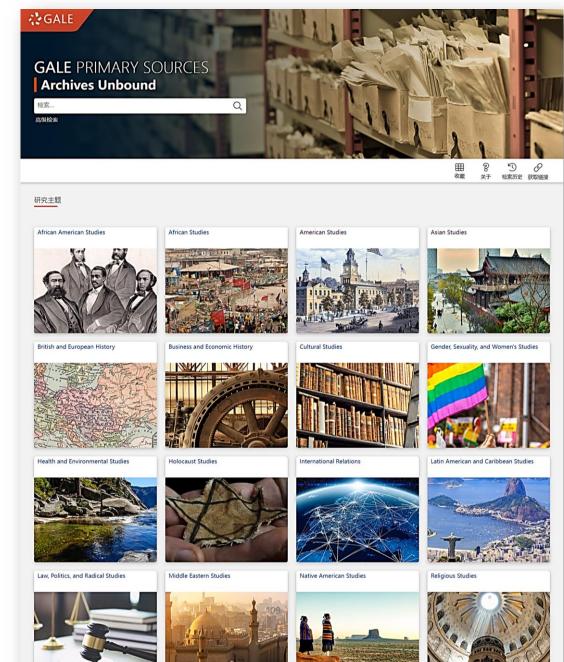






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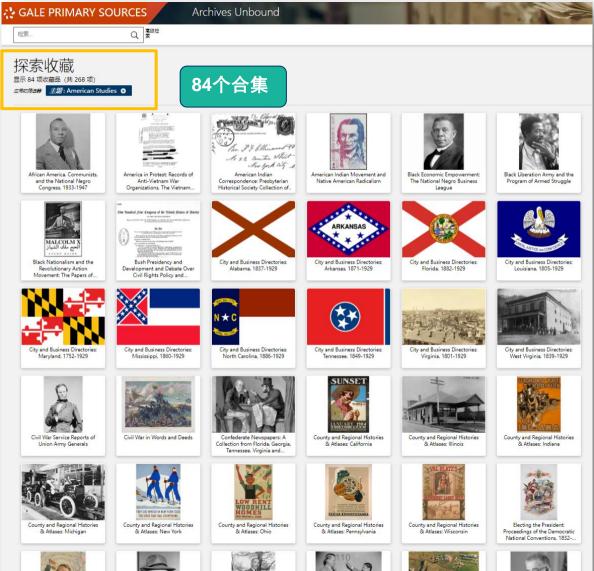


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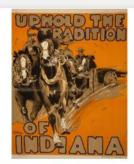
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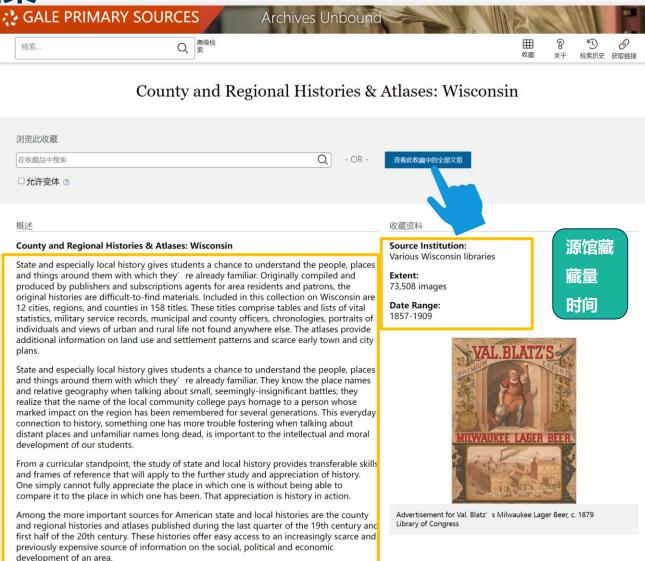
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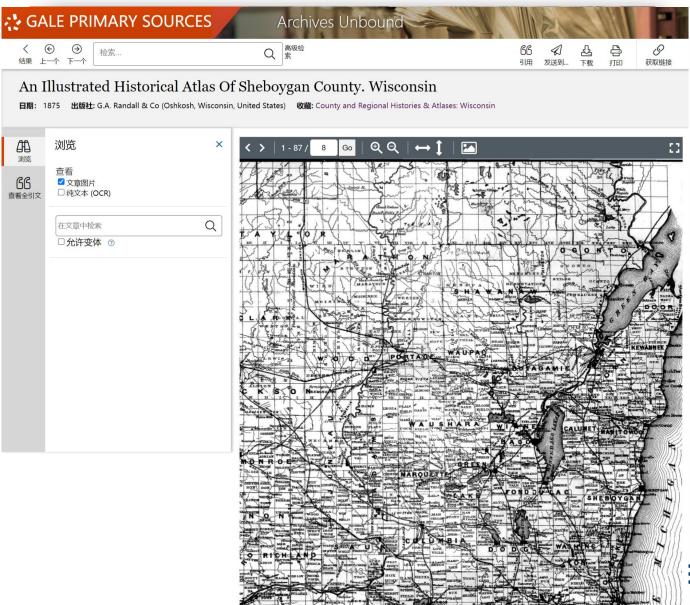


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Loyalists threaten to desert May in push for soft Brexit

MPs will withdraw support for PM's agreement if parliament blocks no-deal exi

Conservatives who backed Theresa
May's Brexit plan when it was heavily
defeated this month are preparing to
abandon her and push for a softe
agreement if parliament blocks a
no-deal exit tomorrow.
MPs who are loyal at present to the
prime minister will get behind alter-
native plans for leaving the European
Union if a proposal by the forme
Labour cabinet minister Yvette Cooper
results in a delay to the withdrawal date
One MP who voted for the deal two
weeks ago said that they could no

afford to wait for Mrs May to try y
secure more concessions on the fris
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Chopsticks and 'Home on the Range' at banquet

Peking, Feb 21.—President and smartly, moving on to the next Mrs Nixon wielded their chopsticks guest. He appeared to miss no one. with experienced skill tonight at a banquet given by Mr Chou Enlai, the Chinese Prime Minister. The American guests ate with formal toasts proposed by Mr obvious gusto, and the trim Chou and Mr Nixon an air of Chinese waiters and waitresses were joviality marked the meal. The hard pressed to keep the wine gob- Nixons enjoyed the food and lets filled, so vigorously and fre- seemed to relish the company. quently did the Nixons drink toasts to their hosts.

hours. The supping was leisurely, it struck up "Home on the Range".

The menu of the banquet was

"Great Hall of the People," boiled eggs preserved for several stepped down and meandered from months; egg rolls, hams, sausages; table to table among lesser officials, lifting his glass, clicking it, taking Peking duck, almond junkets; a tiny nip, nodding his head steamed pastries and fruit—UPI.

Mr Chou was an exemplary host. apparently conversing at times in English with his American guests

Apart from the serious, long

During the dinner a big orchestra played what the Chinese described The dinner lasted almost three as "revolutionary themes." Then

The menu of the banquet was An ebullient Mr Nixon, after toasting Mr Chou formally from the rostrum in front of the immense shreds; fried and stewed shrimps;

尼克松访华



Zhou Enlai and Nixon at a Shanghai banquet in February 1972

The Times (London, England), Tuesday, Feb 22, 1972



柏林墙倒塌

East Germany allows citizens to leave by any route

The Iron Curtain torn open

Berliners cross the Wall to freedom





"SPECIAL RELATIONSHIP" SOVIET "IRON CURTAIN" IN

From Stettin in the Baltic to Trieste in the Adriatic an Iron Curtain has descended across the Continent



Page 21

Boy of 8

MONDAY DECEMBER 23 1991

Superpower dies and 'a great dream' is born with treaty of Alma Ata

The Soviet Union is no more







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香港回归

Final farewell to Hong Kong

Chinese promise to preserve laws and democracy

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911恐怖袭击



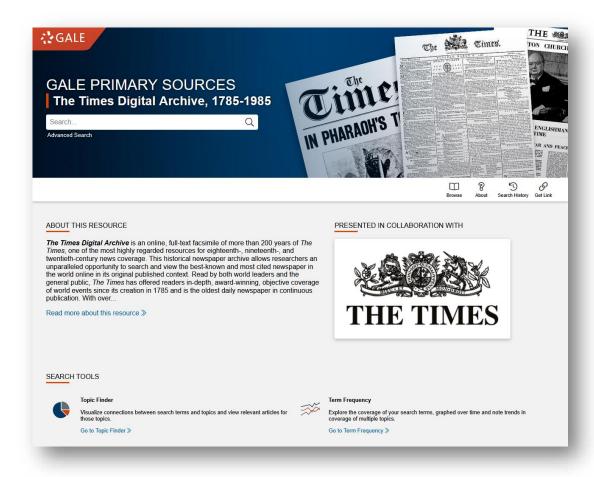




The Times Digital Archive, 1785-1985 《泰晤士报》数字典藏, 1785-1985

The world's newspaper of record "世界报纸的记录"

- 收录1785创刊号-1985年的200年间《泰晤士报》 每一版每一页的原始文献
- 包含160万页,7万多期,1200多万篇文章
- 收录内容:新闻、社论、编辑专栏、书评、经济数据、生活时尚、人物特写、统计排行榜、广告等
- 涵盖社会、文化、文学、新闻、历史、语言、经济 等多种学科的珍贵内容







The Illustrated London News Historical Archive, 1842–2003 《伦敦新闻画报》历史典藏,1842-2003年

创刊于1842年

第一个成功地以图像为主要 特色来报道新闻的周刊

画报的一个重要特色就是强调 真实性和客观性

全球第一份周刊画报



覆盖了:新闻学、文学、历史、 经济学、艺术、政治学、国际关 系、法律等多个学科





The Illustrated London News Historical Archive, 1842-2003 《伦敦新闻画报》历史典藏,1842-2003年

伦敦大轰炸



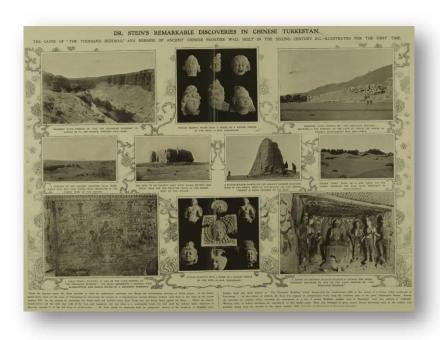
"'Aryan Culture'! Westminster Abbey, Hall and School Bombed." *Illustrated London News*, 17 May 1941, p. 640.

李鸿章访英



"The Visit of Li-Hung-Chang to England." Visit of Li-Hung-Chang to England (Supplement). Illustrated London News, 15 Aug. 1896.

发现莫高窟



""Dr. Stein's Remarkable Discoveries in Chinese Turkestan." Illustrated London News, 12 June 1909





The Illustrated London News Historical Archive, 1842–2003 《伦敦新闻画报》历史典藏,1842-2003年

2016年-2022年知网收录的论文与期刊

《伦敦新闻画报》晚清报道的图像叙事研究

《伦敦新闻画报》中的晚清中国茶文化

论《伦敦新闻画报》中的晚清中国人形象 (1842-1876)

维多利亚时代中期英国中产阶级的休闲娱乐 ——以《伦敦新闻画报》 为主要研究视角

晚清时期西方社会对中国体育的关注—以《伦敦新闻画报》为研究基础

民国女性形象变革探究——以《伦敦新闻画报》(1926—1949)为例

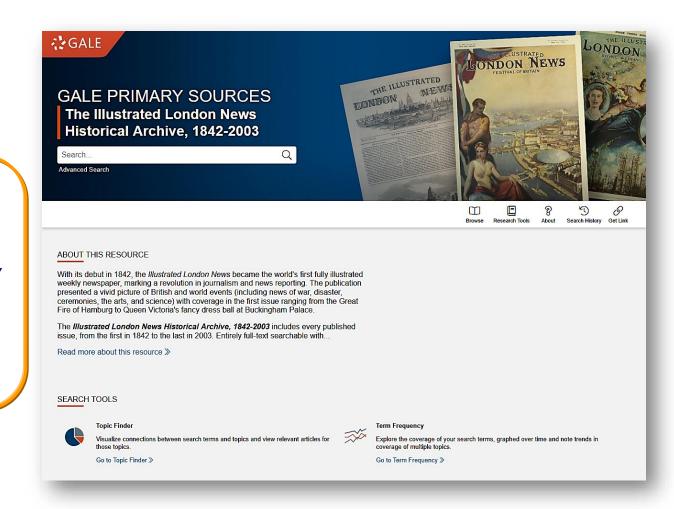




The Illustrated London News Historical Archive, 1842–2003 《伦敦新闻画报》历史典藏,1842-2003年

全球第一份周刊画报

- 收录了《伦敦新闻画报》从1842年创刊到2003 年最后一期的全部原始文献
- 包含26万多页,高画质的图像,共计560,000多 篇文章
- 覆盖:新闻学、文学、历史、经济学、艺术、 政治学、国际关系、法律等多个学科

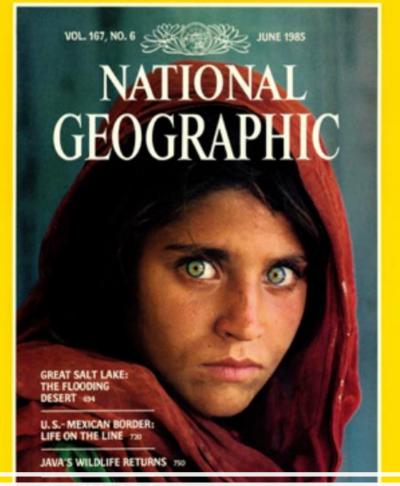


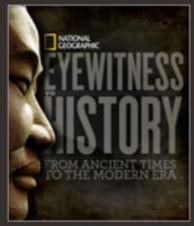


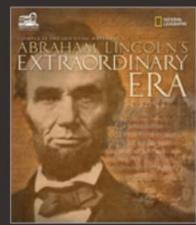








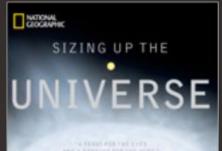








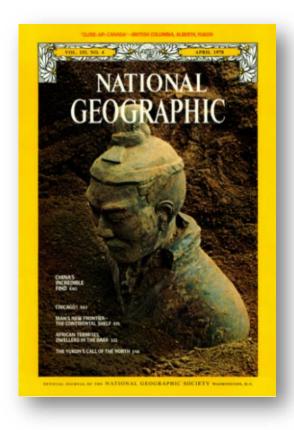


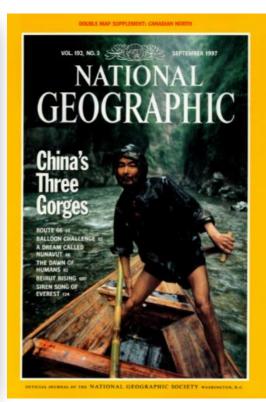


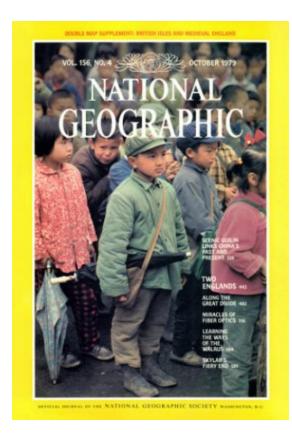
National Geographic Virtual Library 美国《国家地理》杂志虚拟图书馆

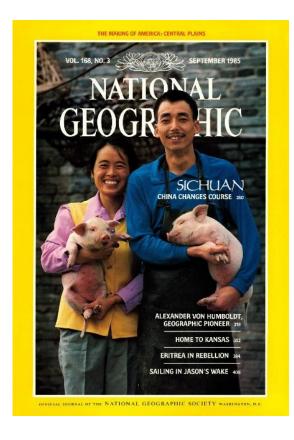
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聚焦中国













Gale Scholar原始典藏库

资源类型

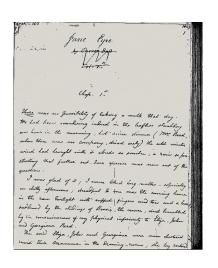


Monographs 早期出版物



Archives

历史档案



Manuscripts

手稿



Newspapers

回溯报纸与期刊







萨宾史料 1500-1926

- 基于约瑟夫•萨宾的美洲参考书目 ——关 于美洲从被发现至今的历史
- 时间跨度: 15世纪-20世纪早期
- 地域涵盖北美洲、中美洲、南美洲和西印度群岛。
- 内容超过6万卷1千2百万页
- 主题包括:

发现美洲大陆,美洲原住民,拉美及加勒比海 地区研究,移民,殖民时期,美国内战,奴 隶制等

馆藏来源:

美国古文物学会,大英图书馆、得克萨斯大学奥斯汀分校Harry Ransom中心,哈佛大学法律图书馆,哈佛大学图书馆,亨廷顿图书馆等



原住民: 北美洲

- 聚焦原住民历史文化的档案合集
- 时间跨度: 17世纪-20世纪
- 文档类型:

手稿、报纸、期刊、报告、法律资料、 相关组织记录、人口普查等

■ 跨多个学科:

历史、人类学、语言学、文学、政治、社会学等

档案来源:

除美国与加拿大图书馆馆藏 还得到多个印第安的相关组织与部落的授权,如:Algonquin, Cherokee, Kansa, Navajo, Mohave等



Gale世界学者: 拉美&加勒比海地区

- 第一个聚焦拉美及加勒比海地区区域研究 档案合集
- 时间跨度: 15世纪-21世纪
- 档案主要来自美国和欧洲超过130万页内容
- 文档类型:

学术期刊、报纸、地图、统计数据、信函、日 记、游记、手稿等

■ 主题涵盖:

政治、经济、宗教、文化、国际关系、科学等

档案来源:

由杰出的国际编委参与 美国国务院档案 拉美洲国家众多馆藏机构



英国政府档案在线

详实记录了都铎王朝、斯图亚特王朝以及18世纪英国 政府的内政外务,包含了国王或女王的枢密院首席秘 书长的英文手稿。

- 时间跨度: 1509-18世纪末
- 内容包括信件、报告、申请、笔记、备忘录等
- 内含以下合集
- 1. 都铎王朝,亨利八世至伊丽莎白一世:国内政府文件
- 2. 都铎王朝,亨利八世至伊丽莎白一世:外交部文件、爱尔兰、苏格兰、边境文件以及枢密院法案
- 3. 斯图亚特王朝: 詹姆斯一世至安妮一世: 国内政府文件
- 4. 斯图亚特王朝: 詹姆斯一世至安妮一世: 外交部文件、 爱尔兰以及枢密院登记记录
- 5. 18世纪政府国内文件、军事、海军及枢密院登记记录
- 6. 18世纪政府外交文件: 低地国家和德国



奴隶制与反奴隶制: 跨国档案

- 奴隶制相关专题研究档案合集
- 文档类型:

图书、手稿、报纸、期刊、高院记录,法律文献等(540万页)

■ 内含4个合集:

第一部分: 奴隶制的辩论和废奴运动

第二部分:大西洋世界的奴隶贸易

第三部分: 奴隶制度

第四部分:解放时代



巴西与葡萄牙的历史和文化

- 现存最高质量的葡萄牙-巴西原始文献资料
- 时间: 16世纪-20世纪
- 档案类型:专著、报告、小册子等
- 涵盖学科: 110万页
- 涉及主题: 巴西和葡萄牙文学、文化、语言学、原住民研究、历史等

档案来源:

英国国家档案馆 大英图书馆 Hatfield House 档案来源:

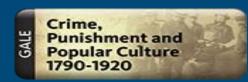
法国国立图书馆 英国国家档案馆 大英图书馆 迈尔密大学图书馆等 馆藏来源: 奥利维拉·利马图书馆



大英图书馆早期 阿拉伯语书籍

- 第一个可全文检索的阿拉伯语数字图书馆 (共计250万页内容)
- 时间跨度: 1473-1890
- 内容涵盖:伊斯兰、基督教专著、文学、法律、 科学、数学、历史、地理、星相学等学科内容
- 内含3个合集 宗教与法律 科学、历史、地理 文学、语法、语言、百科全书、期刊

档案来源: 大英图书馆



犯罪、惩罚和流行文化 1790-1920年

- 该合集记录了19世纪犯罪史
- 时间跨度: 1790-1920
- 档案约210万页
- 内容包括:
- 庭审记录、法律程序、刑侦及法政科技
- 流行侦探小说
- 新闻报道,纪实罪案文学及相关文章
- 语言:英语、法语、德语、意大利语、西班牙语

档案来源:

大英图书馆、英国国家档案馆、美国国家档案馆 国会图书馆、剑桥图书馆、哈佛法学院图书馆 **Chatham House** Online Archive

Publications and Archives of the Royal Institute of International Affairs

查塔姆研究所在线典藏

- 来自全球领先国际事务政策研究中心—— 查塔姆研究所20世纪到21世纪的丰富原始 文献档案
- 时间跨度: 1920-2008
- 研究所近百年的出版物、历史期刊、研究 报告、简报
- **1966**年起的音频和发言文本,文本可全文 检索

档案来源: 查塔姆研究所

Gale Primary Sources 跨库检索平台





Gale Scholar 典藏数据库



需要通过独立的平台访问

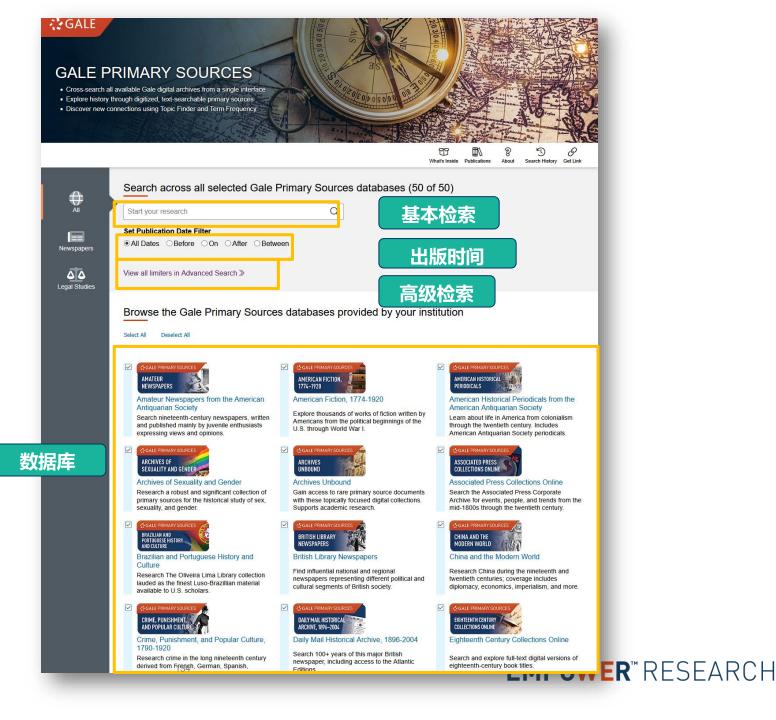




Platform 平台工具

首页

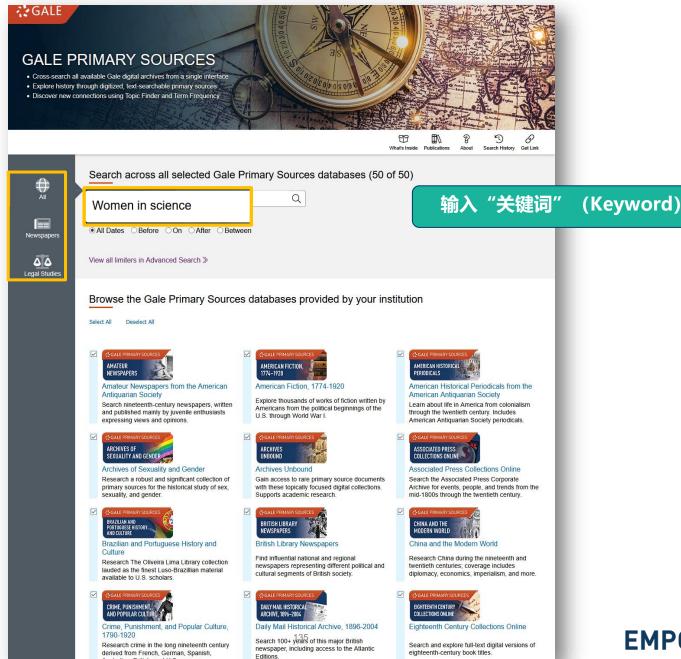
- ◆ 简单直观的搜索引擎式界面
- ◆ 产品选项保证数据库的单一使 用和跨库检索之间的切换
- ◆ 独有工具展开进一步数据挖掘





Basic Search 基本检索

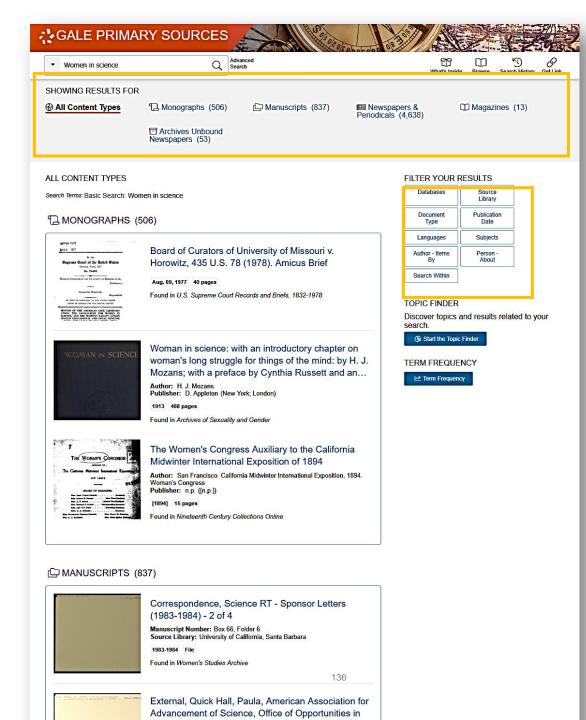
文献初筛选







Result Page 结果页



资源分类呈现

细化检索结果:

来源数据库

原馆藏

文献类型

出版物时间

语言

主题

作者

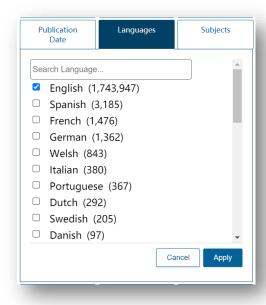
二次检索





Filter Your Results 筛选结果

出版物语言



出版物时间 来源数据库



涉及的人物

Author - Items By	Person - About	Publication Date
Search Person - Abo	ut	<u> </u>
☐ Martin, Del	(42)	
Reagan, Ron	ald (36)	
☐ Lyon, Phyllis	(35)	
☐ Stone, Lucy	(21)	
☐ Summers, La	arry (19)	
☐ Carter, Jimm	y (American presid	lent) (18)
Abzug, Bella	(16)	
☐ Nixon, Richa	rd M. (15)	
☐ Russ, Joanna	(15)	
☐ Addams. Jan	e (14)	•
		Cancel Apply

二次检索







Example form GPS

专著

WOMAN IN SCIENCE

WITH AN INTRODUCTORY CHAPTER ON WOMAN'S LONG STRUGGLE FOR THINGS OF THE MIND

BY

H. J. MOZANS, A.M., Ph.D.

AUTHOR OF "UP THE OBINOCO AND DOWN THE MAGDALENA,"
"ALONG THE ANDES AND DOWN THE AMAZON," ETC.



Que e piu bella in donna que savere i Dante, Convito.

NEW YORK AND LONDON
D. APPLETON AND COMPAN
1913

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政府报告

Gift of Thomas Wentworth Higginson, March 1, 1896. H statea Collection

[SERIES II. No. 27.]

THE RELATION OF COLLEGE WOMEN TO PROGRESS IN DOMESTIC SCIENCE.

BY MRS. ELLEN H. RICHARDS.

A Paper presented to the Association of Collegiate Alumna, October 24, 1890.

The college-bred woman is a comparatively modern product. Twenty years ago one could almost count on one's fingers the women who were so educated, and who were old enough to impress their individuality on any community. It is only just now, when there are two thousand or more mature women who have known what a thorough college training is in their own experience, that we can begin to talk of their influence, or to lay out work for them as a class. As individuals they find their own work; but in some respects it seems to me that they have certain obligations laid upon them as a reward, or penalty, for their position as pioneers and the most observed class of the present day. We have been treated for some years to discussions from eminent men as to our mental ability, our moral and physical status, our predilection for matrimony, voting, or the presidency, etc.; but the kind of a home we should-make if we did make one, the position we should take on the servant question, the influence we should have on that centre and source of political economy, the kitchen, seem to have been ignored.

Meanwhile men have talked and argued themselves into many a muddle and inconsistency, and the college woman has gone serenely on her way, making her place in the world by her practical ability without any fuss, until you will find in the thick of almost any fight for the right or for the amelioration of any class a college-bred woman as a leader. You may work









Example form GPS

报纸

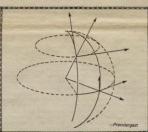
Women in Science and Engineering

Women in Science and Engineering, Boston (WISE), i an informal organization o women scientists, engineers, and science graduate students in the Boston area. WISE's aim is to mprove the status of wom scientists and engineers, and to educate and interest girls hroughout the school system in areer openings in science.

about five years ago as a result of a symposium on Women in Academia which was sponsored by the Eastern Massachusetts Division of NOW. At that ymposium a very successful workshop on Women in Science was organized by Vera Pless

isenberg, Dean of Students at contains the names of Minorities.

Iti: Paul Rosenkranz, Professor approximately 200 women of Psychology at Holy Cross, scientists located in the greater for WISE is to organize two



continued to meet on the local unhersities or college, from primary school through were of once a month through with a very popular Chiese unhersity education to care meetings are business meeting are business meeting. In addition to holding reviews and, as a sessuit, has been discuss current progress, review monthly meetings, one of the requested by colleges and what is being done, and plan first projects of WISE was to universities across the nation. A further ways to accomplish their assemble a roster of local women shortened version of "Goals" goals. Most meetings also have scientists which is available to also appeared in the MIT Alumn polar, most meetings also have scientists which is adaptive to an application in the MY Authority of the scientists which is a subject to an application in the MY Authority of the scientific products of the scientific products of the scientific products of work in the scientific professions is very before the 1972 American past meetings have included scientific professions is very before the 1972 American Patricia Graham, Daen of the small, there is autoprisingly legic A is a classification for the small, there is a surprisingly legic A is a classification for the small, there is a surprisingly legic A is a classification of the think of the scientific profession is very before the 1972 American to the small profession is very before the 1972 and the scientification is the scientific profession in the scientific profession in the scientific profession is very large and the scientification is a scientification of the scientific profession in the scientific profession in the scientification is a scientification of the scientification in the scientification in the scientification is a scientification of the scientification in the scientification in the scientification in the scientification in the scientification is a scientification in the scient Vomen in Academia; Carda geographical region. The roster Committee on Women and

that they were not alone, and President of Eastern list of WISE.

Manpower Commission, and (November 3), Anyone who that problems which they had Massachusetts NOW; Catherine In 1972, as a result of many Joan Berkowitz of Arthur D. would like to know more about believed to be unique to Campbell Henn, a lawyer and discussions as to what were Little, Inc. We hope to invite WISE and to be put on the themselves were in fact common Vice President of the really realistic goals for women many people from local high mailing list, please contact Themselves were in fact common to the common to the control of the WISE was born. Colleges. Such meetings are now engineering and included a WISE members afterwards, and Since that time WISE has usually held at one of the many discussion of attainable goals

symposia at the American to help us educate the Boston Association for the public (and the AAAS) that Advancement of Science annual women scientists and engineers meeting which is to be held in meeting which is to be held in do exist!

Boston in February 1976. The Apart from such special titles of the symposia are projects, one of the most

"Bicentennial Retrospectives important facets of WISE is still and Prospectives: Science that it offers an opportunity for and Prospectives. Scientis delication for Women' and women in various scientific "Bicentennial Retrospectives field's to meet together and Prospectives: Opportunities' informally to discuss their for Women in Science." Both common interests and problems, symposia are being sponsored by Any scientist or science student. about 10 of the AAAS sections in the Boston area is invited to and the speakers include Mildred join us at our meetings. Speakers Dresselhaus, Vera Kistiakowsky, who have already spoken this and Phyllis Wallace of MIT, year include John Puma, Patricia Graham of the Radcliffe Director of Affirmative Action Patricia Granam of the Haddirft

Infector of Affirmative Accident

Institute, Elizabeth Baranger of at Boston Edison Co., who
the University of Pittsburgh,
spoke on "After Affirmative
Mary Van Heyden-Hilliard of the Action?" (October 9), and
American Personnel Guidance

Dorothy Weeks, who talked to e first time many women who studies sex stereotyping; Boston area and about half of Association, Virginia Trotter of us about her reflections on more entists in the area discovered. Roberta. Benjamin, former these are on the active mailing. HEW, Betty Vetter of the than 50 years in science

Gloria Lubkin, herself a trained nuclear physicist, is Physics Today's senior editor for scientific and political news.

By Gloria Lubkin

Chien-Shiung Wu, the first lady of physics research

With skill that inspires the awe of her colleagues, she proved a basic law of physics to be incorrect

The middle-aged Chinese lady emerged from the salt mine near Cleveland, Ohio, and smiled when she saw the daylight once more. Perfectly groomed, as always, in her traditional cheong-san, she had spent the better part of the day 2,000 feet down in a small house that protected her colleagues and their equipment from the hydrochloric acid fumes produced in the crystalline cavern. Deep in the mine, shielded from the rain of radioactivity and cosmic rays that constantly fall on the earth, racks of apparatus had been installed in the house to determine whether a radioactive substance ever emits two electrons at the same time.

This elaborate experiment was one of many in the career of Dr. Chien-Shiung Wu, who has been called the greatest living woman experimental physicist. An earlier experiment on radioactive decay of cobalt-60 had overthrown one of the most fundamental laws of physics; another had helped to explain why the first large atomic pile stopped running a few hours after it reached a critical mass. Unlike many physicists who tend to retire from the rat race of active research at age 40 or so, Dr. Wu is still a leader in experimental physics. Now 57, she is today applying her skill and imagination as a nuclear physicist to a serious and long-neglected medical problem-sickle-cell anemia. "I've always felt that in physics you must have total



straight and Dr. Wu would stay the whole time. Nor-

mally she spends the day in her laboratory and office,

coming in at 9:00 A.M. and leaving at 7:00 or 8:00 P.M.;

often she continues her work in the evening, either at

home or in the lab. "Sitting around or walking I think

about my work; usually those are the best moments."

school principal, she and her two brothers were en-couraged to read and to explore the world around

them. An early interest in solving puzzles made her

think of becoming a mathematician, but at National

After writing her senior thesis on X rays, she decided

Originally she planned to attend the University of

Michigan, but when she found that the campus had

about 500 students from China she decided against it.

I wanted to learn everything about the United States

Michigan, she felt, she would stick too closely to her

countrymen. So she enrolled in the University of Cali-

fornia at Berkeley, where the Chinese students were

. to absorb the American way of life," she says. At

to come to the United States for a Ph.D.

mostly native Americans.

Central University she became absorbed in physics.

Growing up in Shanghai, where her father was a

Madam Wu at home: delicate flowers, the crisp tracery of a Chinese dress, a tenacious mind probing the heart of the nucleus.

commitment," she says softly. "It's not just a job. It's

Madam Wu lives only a block away from Columbia University and her laboratory in the Pupin physics building. In her spacious apartment, amid a collection of Chinese art and furniture combined with modern American pieces, she often entertains-in honor of a student receiving a Ph.D. or to introduce colleagues to a visiting scientist. Her kitchen is filled with gadgets for cooking in the Chinese style. She is so devoted to fine Chinese cooking that when a favorite restaurant chef moves to a new job she follows. Her graduate students recall the custom of lunching with her on Fridays at one of the nearby Chinese restaurants.

Last year she had ten graduate students. She works her students hard and sends them proudly off to careers in high-energy physics research, teaching and medical research. "She demanded a lot," one student recalls, "and gave as much and more than she demanded. She didn't ask us to work, but she was work ing all the time and she certainly expected people to work hard." When they were running an experiment they might work continuously for one or two days

smash atoms-the cyclotron. Chien-Shiung became a student of Lawrence at the Radiation Laboratory and received her Ph.D. in 1940. In 1939 the German scientists Otto Hahn and Fritz

It was a particularly exciting time in physics and

physics was particularly exciting at Berkeley. Ernest Lawrence had recently invented a new machine to

Strassmann had discovered that the uranium atom could split roughly in half with the release of large mounts of energy. Then the Austrian expatria Lise Meitner in Sweden and her nephew Otto Frisch in England, correctly interpreted this as fission. The news reached Berkeley and with it a host of new problems to be pursued. Chien-Shiung set to work to discover the lifetimes of the noble gases emitted when the uranium nucleus split. Meanwhile, American scientists had agreed among themselves to refrain from publishing any new information on uranium fission, and as a result Madam Wu's work was not known be-

Physics in an auto showroom

Among themselves, however, the physicists at Berkeley were openly discussing the possibilities of fission. Robert Oppenheimer asked Dr. Wu to give a colloquium talk on the subject and, after an hour on pure physics, Chien-Shiung discussed the feasibility of a chain reaction and the possibility of "a catastrophe." "Now I will stop here. I will go no further," she said, drawing an appreciative laugh from Lawrence. But Dr. Wu did go further.

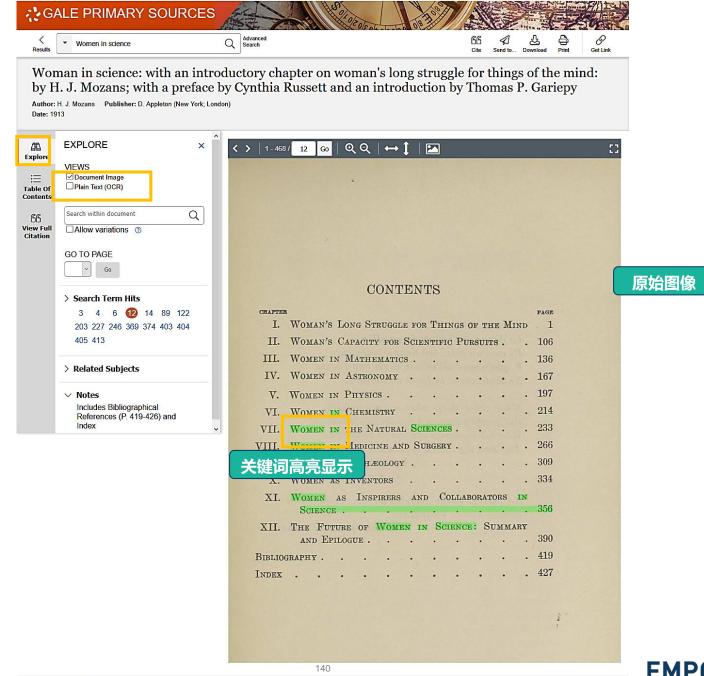
Before long she was at Columbia University working on the Manhattan Project, helping to invent and develop the atomic bomb she had hinted at in the colloquium. In an automobile showroom converted into a laboratory, she helped develop a diffusion process for enriching uranium ore for producing large quantities of uranium-235. After Enrico Fermi built the first atomic pile under Stagg Field at the University of Chicago in 1942, another pile was constructed at Hanford, Washington. Mysteriously, the chain reaction stopped a few hours after start-up. Fermi had suspected that one of the substances produced by fission was capturing most of the neutrons, thus halting the reaction, "Ask Miss Wu," Fermi was told. It turned out that one of the noble gases studied by Chien-Shiung at Berkeley was the very isotope that was poisoning the chain reaction. Once the poison was known, the antidote was found and the pile continued to operate.

In 1942, after a long-distance, long-term courtship, Chien-Shiung had married Luke Yuan, a fellow graduate student from her days at Berkeley. They moved to the East, she to a teaching job at Smith College in Northampton, Massachusetts, and he to





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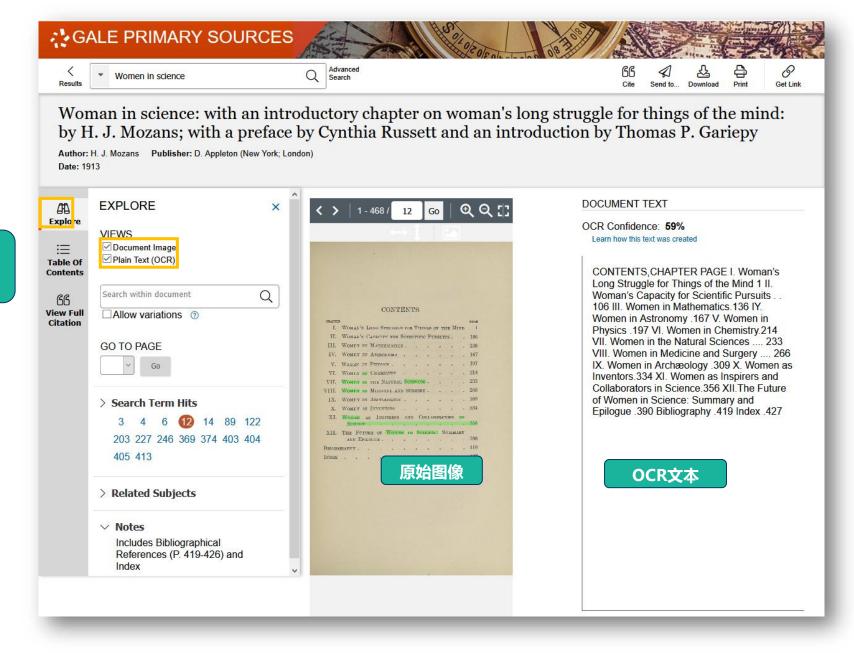








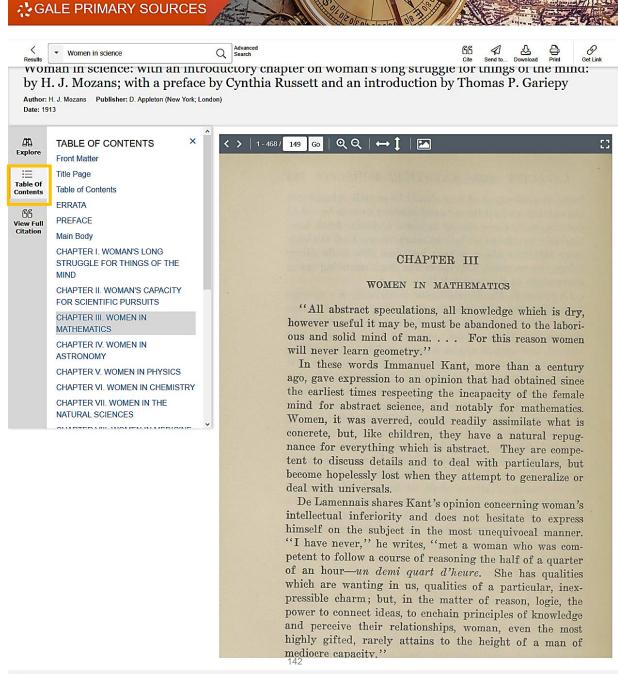
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woman in science: with an introductory chapter on woman's long struggle for things of the innid.

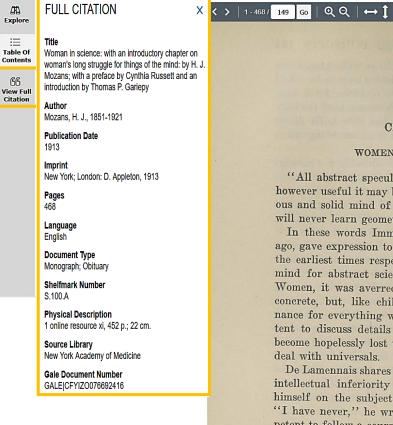
by H. J. Mozans; with a preface by Cynthia Russett and an introduction by

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CHAPTER III

WOMEN IN MATHEMATICS

"All abstract speculations, all knowledge which is dry, however useful it may be, must be abandoned to the laborious and solid mind of man. . . . For this reason women will never learn geometry."

In these words Immanuel Kant, more than a century ago, gave expression to an opinion that had obtained since the earliest times respecting the incapacity of the female mind for abstract science, and notably for mathematics. Women, it was averred, could readily assimilate what is concrete, but, like children, they have a natural repugnance for everything which is abstract. They are competent to discuss details and to deal with particulars, but become hopelessly lost when they attempt to generalize or deal with universals.

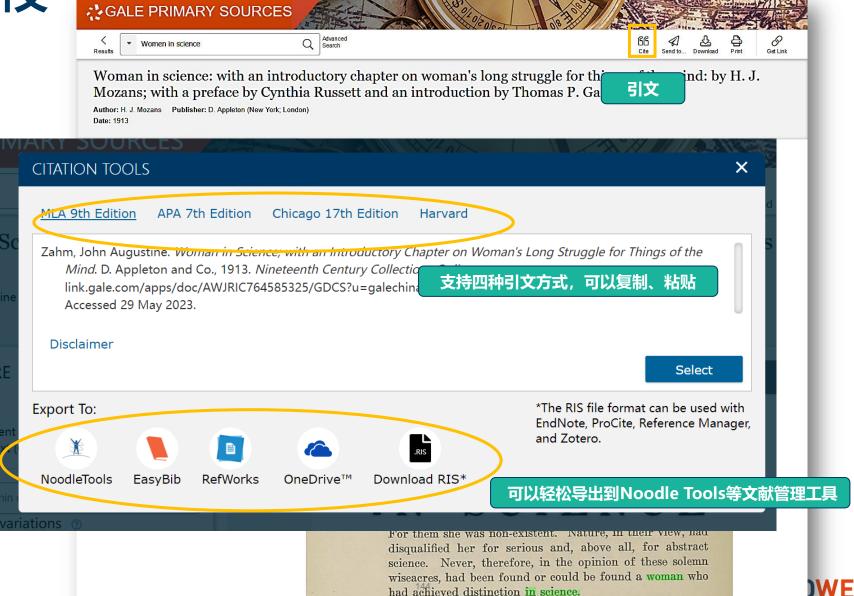
De Lamennais shares Kant's opinion concerning woman's intellectual inferiority and does not hesitate to express himself on the subject in the most unequivocal manner. "I have never," he writes, "met a woman who was competent to follow a course of reasoning the half of a quarter of an hour-un demi quart d'heure. She has qualities which are wanting in us, qualities of a particular, inexpressible charm; but, in the matter of reason, logic, the power to connect ideas, to enchain principles of knowledge and perceive their relationships, woman, even the most highly gifted, rarely attains to the height of a man of mediocre capacity."







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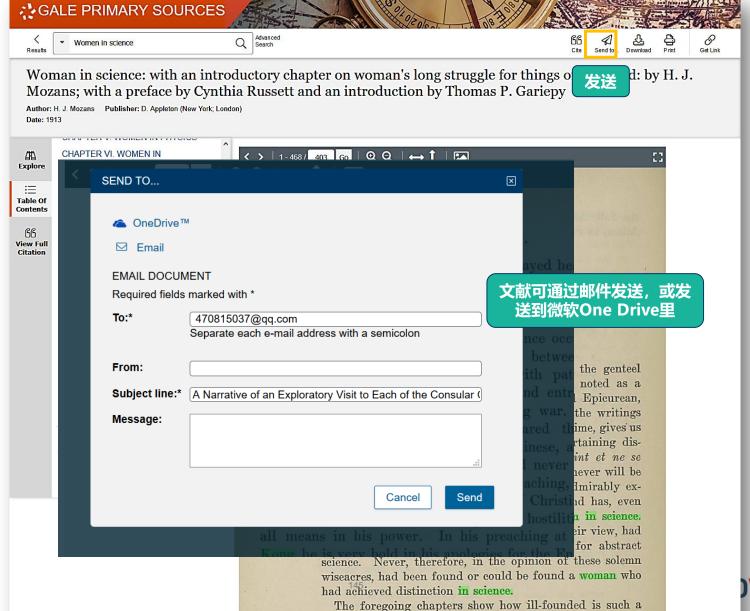


The foregoing chapters show how ill-founded is such a view regarding woman in times past. For that half of



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view regarding woman in times past. For that half of



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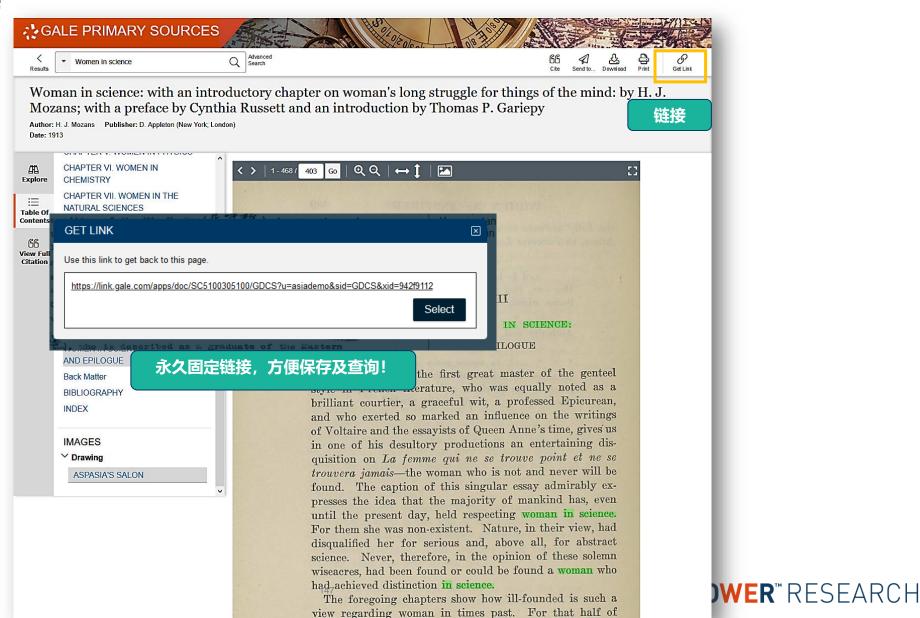
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The foregoing chapters show how ill-founded is such a view regarding woman in times past. For that half of



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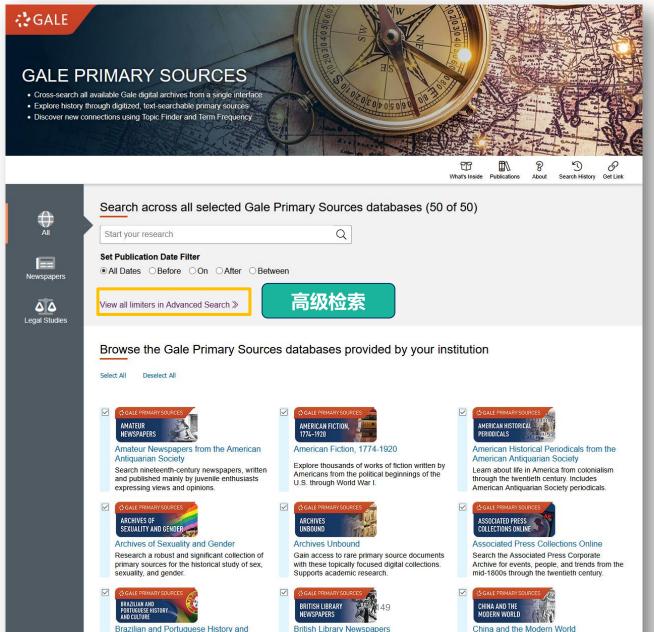
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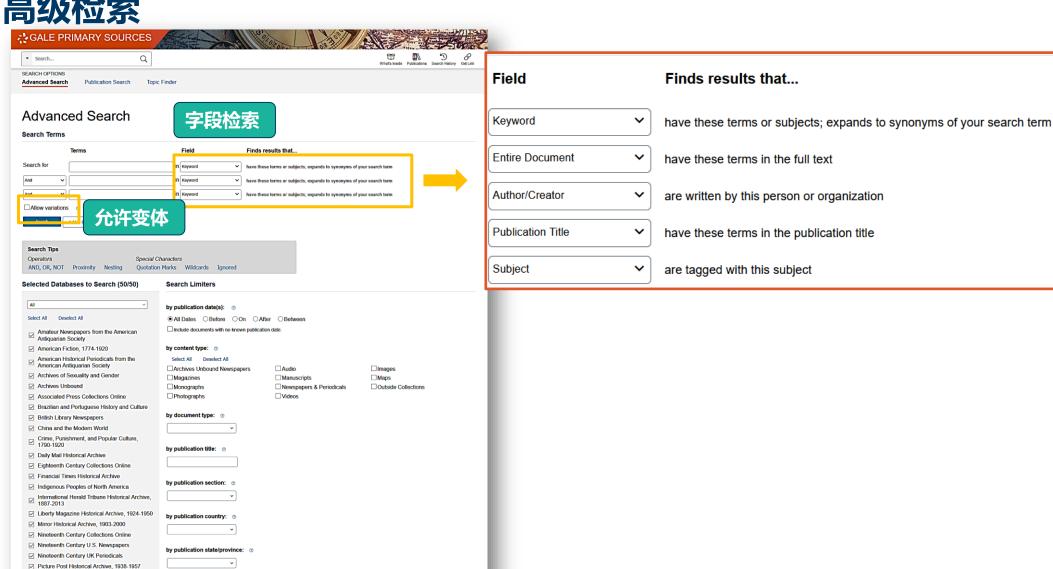
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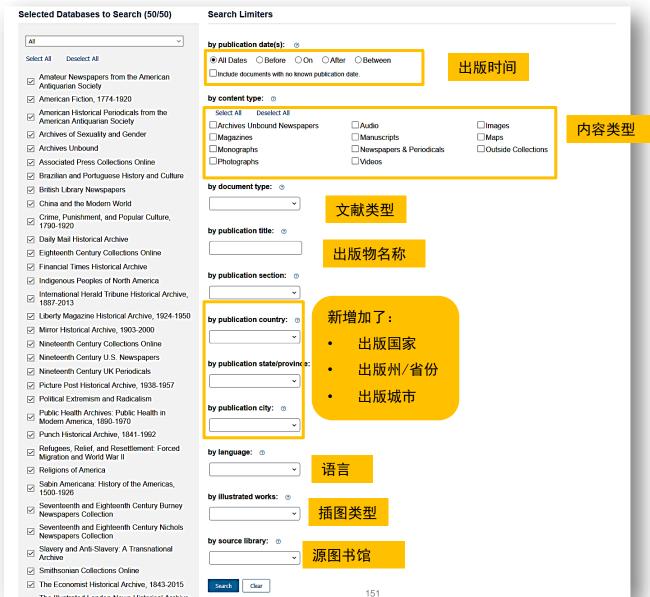
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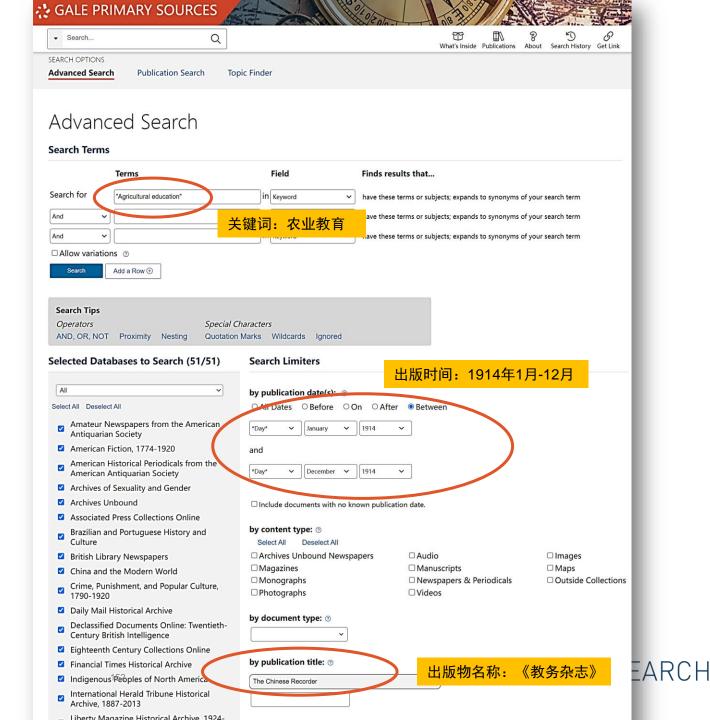


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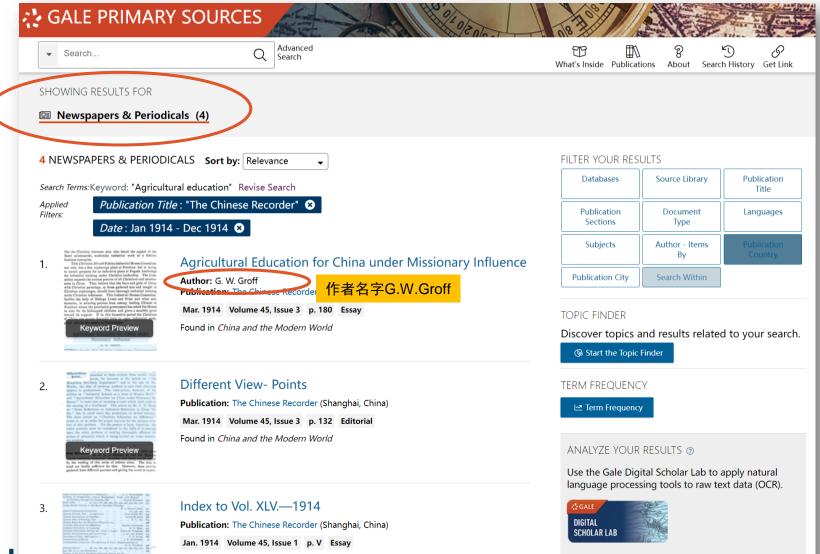
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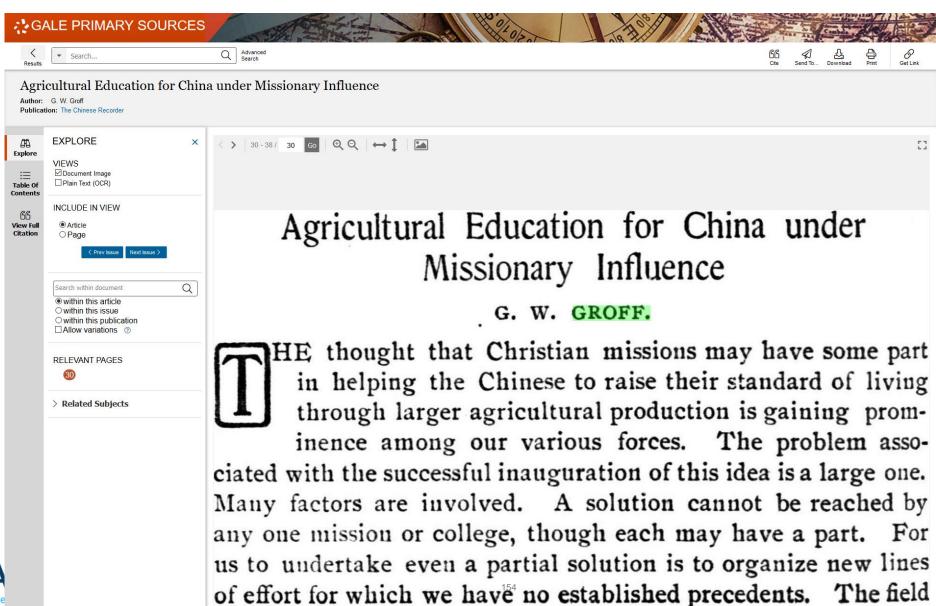




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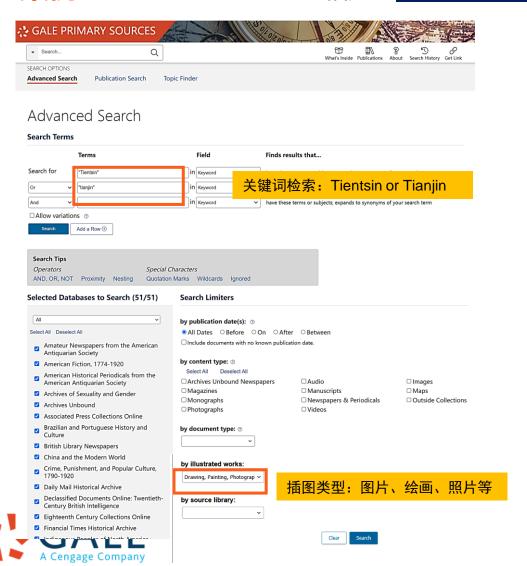


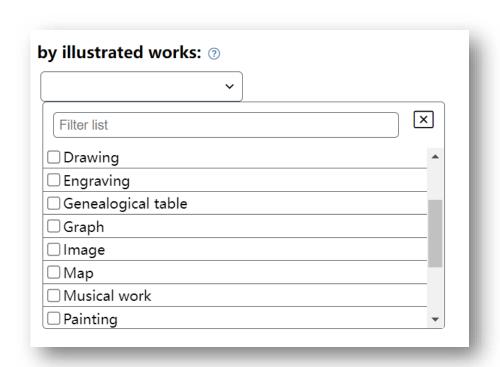


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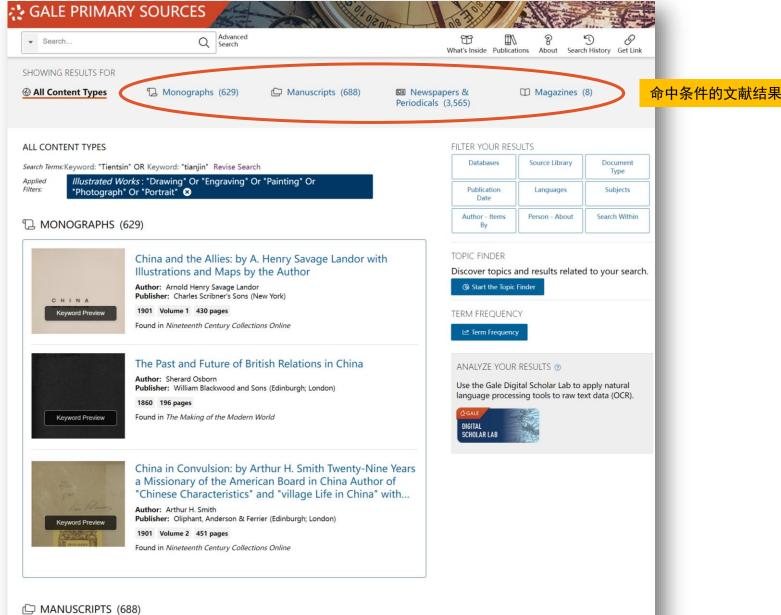
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Great Britain. War Office Intelligence Division. "Plan of Tientsin, GSGS 3830." *British Library: Ministry of Defense Maps*, Primary Source Media, 1927. *Nineteenth Century Collections Online*,



"In Exile in Tientsin: The Ex-Emperor of China and His Wife." Illustrated London News, 31 July 1926, p. 199. The Illustrated London News Historical Archive, 1842-2003



"Tientsin after the Occupation."

Illustrated London News, 11 Sept.
1937, p. 436. The Illustrated

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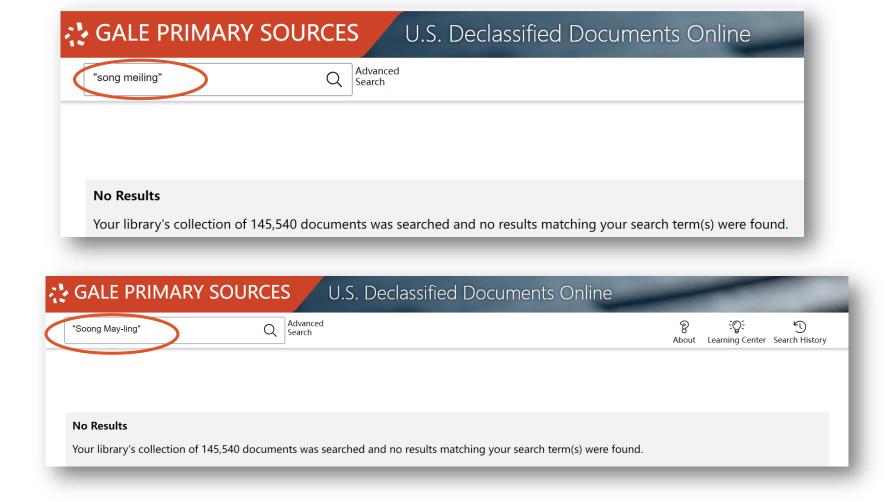






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方法: 身份、头衔、职位 联想法



"Madame Chiang Kai Shek" "Madame Chiang Kai-Shek"



U.S. Declassified Documents Online



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Ling-Kai K'ung, niece of Taiwanese First Lady Madame
Chiang Kai-shek (formerly Mayling Soong), expresses her
aunt's congratulations on the forthcoming wedding of the...

Publisher: White House (United States)

June 7, 1971 1 page Found in *Backfile*



Thank you note from <u>Taiwanese first lady Madame Chiang</u> Kai-shek to President and Mrs. Richard M. Nixon for flowers sent by the Nixons upon the loss of her brother

Publisher: White House (United States)

June 7, 1971 1 page Found in *Backfile*



Chronological report on President Dwight D. Eisenhower's 6/18-6/19/60 trip to Taiwan

Publisher: White House (United States)

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President George H.W. Bush replies to Taiwanese First Lady Madame Chiang Kai-shek's 12//18//1991 letter of praise for his decision to lead the 2//19-2//28//1991 UN coalition of...

Publisher: White House (United States)

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President Chiang Kai-shek's concerns during days prior to UN vote on Chinese representation discussed

Publisher: Central Intelligence Agency (United States)

Nov. 30, 1966 3 pages
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Eisenhower instructs Under-Secretary Hoover to negotiate solution to offshore islands problem with Taiwan

Publisher: White House (United States)

Apr. 22, 1955 2 pages

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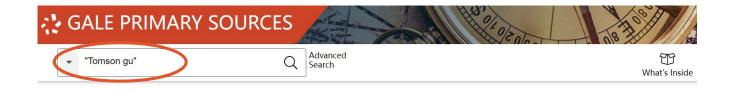
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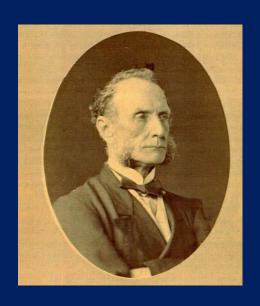
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方法: 威妥玛式拼音法 (Wade-Giles romanization)



Wade-Giles / 韦氏拼音	Pinyin / 汉语拼音	Wade-Giles / 韦氏拼音	Pinyin / 汉语拼音
а	а	mi	mi
ai	ai	miao	miao
an	an	mieh	mie
ang	ang	mien	mian
ao	ao	min	min
cha	zha	ming	ming
ch'a	cha	miu	miu
chai	zhai	mo	mo

中国清末至1958年汉语拼音方案公布前,外文资料中文姓名、地名音译通常采用的是威妥玛拼音,影响较大。包括今天的北京大学 (PEKING UNIVERSITY)、清华大学 (TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY)、苏州大学 (SOOCHOW UNIVERSITY)、功夫KUNGFU、太极TAICHI的英文依然沿用威妥玛氏氏拼音。

方法: 威妥玛式拼音法 (Wade-Giles romanization)



"Ku hung ming"
"Ku hung-ming"

Wade-Giles / 韦氏拼音	Pinyin / 汉语拼音
ku	gu
hung	hong
ming	ming

关于辜鸿铭的历史文献

KU HUNG-MING

By Wen Yuan-ning (温源甯)

Some time in the 1870's, two Chinese, strangers to each other, with a queue and the other queueless, were drinking wine conversing in fluent French in one of the rooms of the Strand H at Singapore. They talked in French, because the queueless in foreign dress, a polyglot and an M.A. of Edinburgh Univer then employed in the Colonial Secretary's Office at Singapore, co not speak his own national language (官話). The one with a gu a Roman Catholic who had been educated by the Jesuit Father France, was Ma Chien-chung (馬建中), a Chinese Governm official "on his way back to China from India where he had gon negotiate with the Indian Government on some question al opium." They talked, among other things, of literature. queueless polyglot Chinese in foreign dress, M.A. of Edinbu University, knew Western literature well, and could quote Matt Arnold, Joubert and Goethe from memory by the yard; but knowledge of Chinese literature was practically nil. Refer to this incident years afterwards, he wrote:

"The only book of real Chinese literature which I then just learnt to admire and enjoy was the Liao Chai Chil (聊齋誌異), translated by Dr. Giles as Strange Stories f a Chinese Studio. Ma Chien-chung told me that the Chai was only belles-lettres and not real literature. advised me to read the T'ang Sung Pa Ta Chia (唐 块 大家), eight great writers of the T'ang and Sung dynas He also recommended to me as one of the great masterpi of Chinese literature—the collected memorials of Lu (陸 贄), a great statesman of the T'ang dynasty."

The effect of this chance encounter with Ma Chien-chung Ku Hung-ming (辜鴻銘)—for that is the name of the queu

The Life of Ku Hung-ming

Es giebt zwei friedliche Gewalten: Das Recht und die Schicklichkeit (There are two peaceful powers The right and tact)

speaking of the spirit of the Chinese people Ku Goethe, the greatest figure in Europe, whom he

There were two scholars of unusual attainments Modern China, Yen Foo (器 復) and Ku ming (臺灣銘). It is not easy for any other to measure lances with them. The rmer exerted great efforts in rendering the western the people of Europe. Yen Foo has always been highly ought of. It seems to me now an attempt must needs made to give an accurate estimate of Dr. Ku Hungquiring so great a renown on account of his extensive lowledge and keen insight in foreign countries, was re-

Is it due to the fact that people get used to admiring that which is distant and despising that which is near? o far as I know, no authentic writing about him is am sorry I have, unfortunately, been unable to procure

enius. His father was a man of means and standing John Ruskin, Tennyson and Emerson as well. here. The Kus were the natives of Tonashire (同安縣), Chwanchufoo (泉州群) in the province of Fukien. It continued at Berlin and finished at London. He was Government. From 1885 to 1905 he was secretary an who, being very wrong-headedly severe, compelled him 调) whom he held in honor and who, in turn, was tenacious memory, he could recite it verbatim.

peating classical English poems. That makes the differ- ful poem in memory of her. From 1909 to 1911

said to Tseu Yih-zan, the editor of an English weekly pub lished by the Commercial Press. (See English Studen Vol. 6, No. 5, P. 2, 1922)

He advocated that the most effective method learning all sorts of languages lav in recitation which consists of three steps. First, Impression; Secon Retention; and lastly, Recollection. I believe firmly that a certain amount of sentences committed to memory wi

As early as 1860, while a mere boy, aged thirteen he bade good-bye to his beloved home, being left to the care of that strict Scots instructor and pursued t advanced studies in Europe. He applied himself closel to the study of science and philosophy for some time Berlin. Having obtained the Ph. D. degree at the University of Berlin he went to study in Oxford where graduated with high distinction. Later at Edinburg literary art and clearness of expression are concern had the reputation of speaking both good idiomat basing it upon some general information and his represtative masterpiece, "The Spirit of the Chinese people." the literary men of the time, particularly keeping company Born in 1847, in Penang, Straits Settlements, of an with Thomas Carlyle who worshipped Goethe as much a respectable bourgeois family, he was esteemed as a he did. He was deeply influenced by Matthew Arnold

returned to China from Europe, which he had almowas as far back as his grandfather's time that his parents travelled from end to end for twelve years. He spen moved to Penang. His official name was Tang-sen (湯生). his leisure hours, in studying by turns English, German He adopted a penname as Jung-jen (個人), meaning French, Italian. Greek and Latin, for he had a fond tast iterally "The idler." From his earliest years, he was widely for the Occidental languages. He was also well verse known for his cleverness and his superiority was acknow- in Japanese and Chinese. Upon his return he began t ledged. Those who know him highly regarded him as take part in politics. For some years he received th a promising youth. He began his education at Hongkong, appointment and held an official post in the Manch first educated under the severe discipline of a Scotsman interpreter to the late Viceroy Chang Chih-tung (课之 repeat every sentence that he had learned. The first passionate admirer of his. When Chang Chih-tung acte extbook, which he read, was an English classic, entitled as one of Empress Dowager's great ministers, he player Paradise Lost" written by John Milton; owing to his an important rôle in the ministry. In 1905 his Japanes wife by the name of Osaka Yishida Sadako (大阪吉 "People now begin to study English by having a 貞子) who had been married to him for eighteen years primer. I began to study English by studying and re- passed away in Wuchang, Hupeh. He composed a beauti nce between your English and my English," he once established himself as the dean of Nanyang Coll

Mr. Ku Hung-Ming

By Chang Hsin-Hai

Berlin in those feverish, early post-war days, one was And the intense partisan spirit which Mr. Ku later t to be struck by the display in the windows of enter- developed for all things Chinese, from the melody of te, bound between the covers of an intensely blue lady, was a fierce reaction to the inadequacy of his ear our, which bore the name of "Vox Clamantis." It was training, and was responsible for the intense likes a strange anomaly that a book so popularly received in lislikes, the profound prejudices and bias which cha Germany should be accompanied by such an appellation, s appearance, so the book-sellers told me, was an event no mean importance. Not so important, perhaps, as he publication of Spengler's work, or of Count Keyserng's. But the disillusioned Germany of those days, with her shattered hopes and unrealized ideals, was a ermany that was curiously susceptible to all manner palliative influence, and any book from the distant, pary, ancient East was considered to possess magical alities, able to soothe and to console the soul of a eary nation. Goethe, the national idol of the Geran people, was dethroned to give place to Lao-tze or Chuang-tse. And in the consciousness of all Gernany, Mr. Ku Hung-Ming was a living symbol of that eautiful country of seers and prophets with which the me of China was identified.

Yes, Mr. Ku Hung-ming was the author of "Vox amantis" who, by virtue of this and of other publicaons, had early endeared himself to the large bulk of he German people. And yet, this same man, so widely nown in foreign lands, was in his own country ignored, and not only ignored, but was an object of derision, of corn. Till very recently, he was in our midst, old nd weak, but continuing to fight, as he had always ought during the last forty years of his life, for an orderand united China, to be the embodiment of all those autiful ideals of conduct and of culture which have ade China one of the unquestioned factors of world ivilization. He was above all a champion of fidelity, of aith, of loyalty. Less than a month ago, this remarkble figure left us for a destination where his soul could ind greater peace; but his countrymen observed an of his humour. Mr. Ku was widely known as a defend inous silence, disturbed occasionally by a telegram of everything Chinese, including the system of co a report ensconced in one of those comfortable corners cubinage. Two clever American women thought th the newspapers where the readers cast no more than they would embarrass the old man by expatiating on the casual glance. If his death was so ignored, the last subject." The word for concubinage", Mr. Ku went on ears of his life must elicit even greater compassion. explain, "in Chinese and in Japanese means nothing m is loyalty was a source of dire poverty, and his poverty than an elbow-rest. The Chinese take concubines becau

art of his countrymen that they could consider this view, Mr. Ku, if women were tired, they could also have nan of yast erudition and learning as no more than a men for a rest. And therefore if men are entitled to ha iece of old furniture that should have been disposed of more than one woman, women can have more than o ong ago. It is true that his knowledge of Chinese things man." And here they sat down with a great sense as never profound. That was due to the accident of victory thinking that they had ended the conversation the Strait Settlements where then as now the British have one tea-pot and five tea-cups, but show me wh remment saw to it that only the greatness and the you can have one ten-cup and five tea-pots?

Walking along Kantstrasse or along similar streets ferocity of the British lion was taught to its subjection ing booksellers of large numbers of a book of meagre Chinese song to the bound feet of the demure Chin acterised his entire life

> He was among the earliest of the returned studer and after all these years of sending young people study in Europe and America from where thousand have come back, it would be interesting to know h many of these possess the knowledge that Mr. Ku p sessed, of Western life and culture. His knowledge languages and of the peculiar traits of different nati alities is what we shall always envy but w difficulty rival. His writings are full of references such leaders of thought as Goethe, Voltaire, Carly Emerson, Arnold and Ruskin all of whom contribu to the cultivation in him of a refined intelligence a an exquisite culture which continued to show the selves not only in his writings but even more so his conversation. Mr. Ku was certainly one the most entertaining of talkers. There was always al-ove all he had a wonderful sense of humour. Th was no more delightful experience than to sit and h this fine-looking man, with his well-defined and chisel features and penetrating eyes, dilate upon all subje of human interest. I venture to say that if he had Boswell, he would go down to posterity in the fash of the great Doctor. Mr. Somerset Maughan could ha been one if, instead of being satisfied with writing a sh but delicious appreciation of a brief encounter, he w willing to devote the whole book "On A Chinese Screen to a record of the chance remarks of this extraordina

An example of Mr. Ku's power of conversation ar source of a disorganized family where the issues when the man is tired, he can go to them for res "How very absurd," retorted the ladies who were all t birth and to his early training. For he was born But "No, no," Mr. Ku immediately followed. "You o

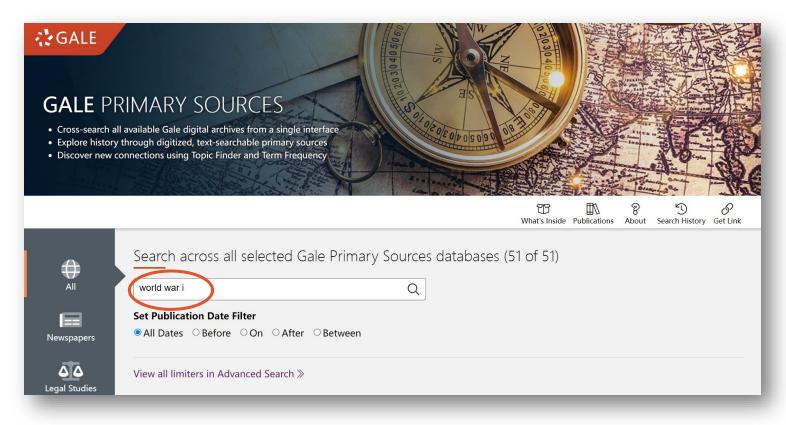




3.追溯历史事件的名称

例子: "World War I"





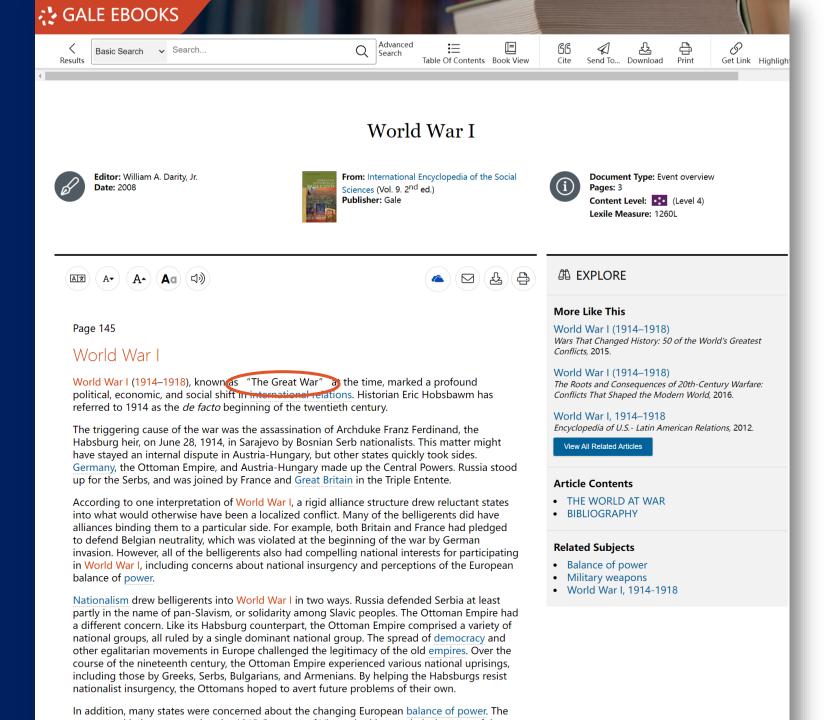




方法: 百科全书回溯法



"World War I"
"The Great War"



方法: 相关网站&参考文献



"First World War"

"Great War"





SHOWS THIS DAY IN HISTORY SCHEDULE TOPICS STORIES

World War I

HISTORY.COM EDITORS •









CONTENTS

- 1. <u>Archduke Franz</u> <u>Ferdinand</u>
- 2. Kaiser Wilhelm II
- 3. World War I Begins
- 4. The Western Front
- 5. First Battle of the Marne
- 6. <u>World War I Books and Art</u>
- 7. The Eastern Front
- 8. Russian Revolution
- 9. <u>America Enters World War I</u>
- 10. Gallipoli Campaign
- 11. Battle of the Isonzo
- 12. World War I at Sea
- 13. World War I Planes
- 14. <u>Second Battle of the Marne</u>
- 15. The Harlem Hellfighters and Other All-Black Regiments

World War I, also known as the Great War, began in 1914 after the

assassination of Archduke Franz
Ferdinand of Austria. His murder
catapulted into a war across Europe that
lasted until 1918. During the conflict,
Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and
the Ottoman Empire (the Central Powers)
fought against Great Britain, France,
Russia, Italy, Romania, Canada, Japan and
the United States (the Allied Powers).
Thanks to new military technologies and
the horrors of trench warfare, World War
I saw unprecedented levels of carnage
and destruction. By the time the war was
over and the Allied Powers claimed
victory, more than 16 million people—

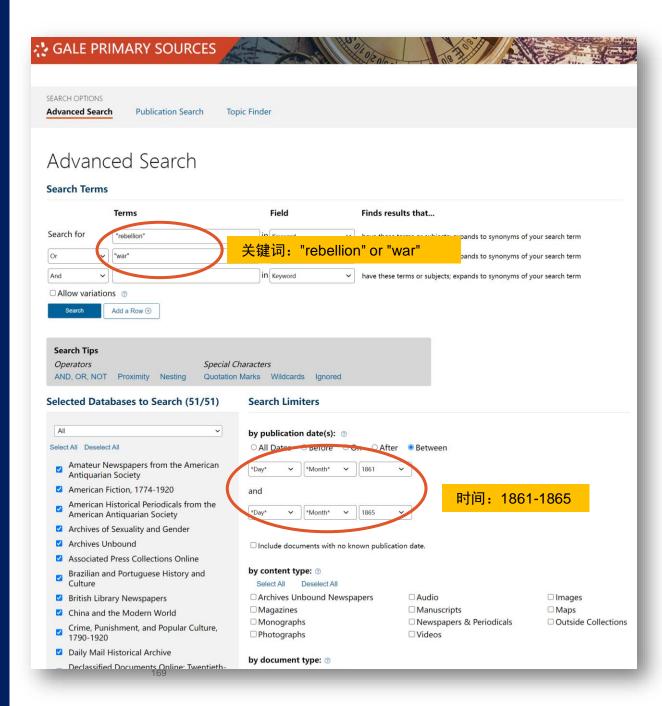
WATCH: World War I Documentaries on HISTORY Vault

soldiers and civilians alike—were dead.

方法: 多角度探寻关键词



- "rebellion" or "war"
- And 1861-1865



有关美国内战的历史文献

THE

REBELLION IN AMERICA.

BY

BAPTIST WRIOTHESLEY NOEL, M.A.

"My son, fear thou the Lord and the king; and meddle not with them that are given to change: for their calamity shall rise suddenly."

-Prov. xxiv. 21, 22

LONDON:

JAMES NISBET AND CO., 21 BERNERS STREET.
M.DCCC.LXIII.

GEOGRAPHICAL, STATISTICAL AND ETHICAL VIEW AMERICAN SLAVEHOLDERS' SIDNEY E. MORSE, A.M. ILLUSTRATED WITH A CEROGRAPHIC MAP. NEW YORK: ANSON D. F. RANDOLPH, No. 683 BROADWAY.





4. 追溯历史术语

例子: 黑人研究?





方法: 词频启示法



◆ 黑色曲线: Negro

◆ 绿色曲线: Colored

◆ 蓝色曲线: African American

∴ GALE PRIMARY SOURCES

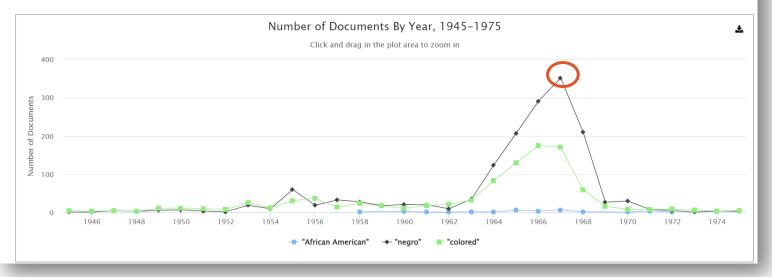
U.S. Declassified Documents Online

Term Frequency

View search results over time by entering a word or phrase, comparing multiple terms if desired.

By clicking on a point on the graph, retrieve search results for that year or, by clicking and dragging, select a time period to zoom in on.





Search Tips

Tips: 如何获取准确术语提高英文检索效率?



英文专著/期刊

从英文专著、期刊、论文、 参考文献中提取关键词



词典

根据研究需求,选择对应 的词典,比如历史语言学 词典,威妥玛式拼音法等



外网引擎&网站

从西方网站上查找研究主 题概述,从历史沿革中找 寻该主题的多种表达方式,



曲线救国

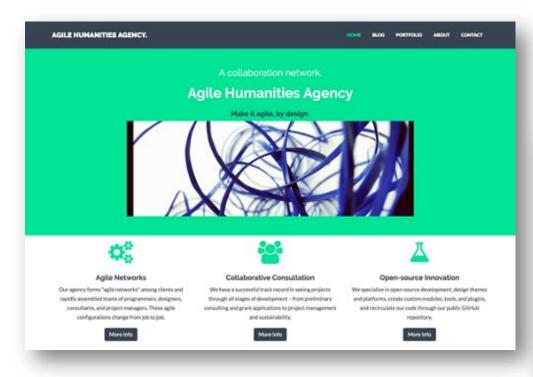
用已知词查找文献,通过更换 关键词来找到所需文献

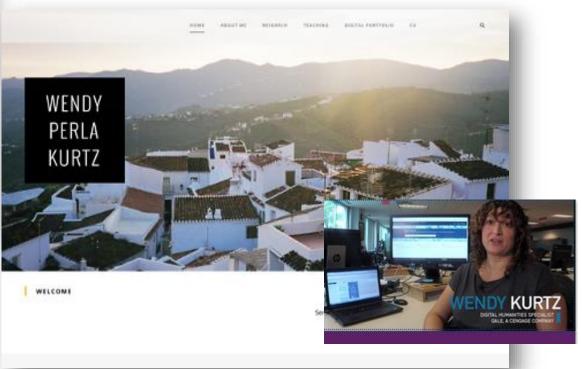






Developed with DH Scholars and technical experts 与数字人文学者和技术专家共同开发









全球领先的数字人文研究平台

- Cloud-based Digital Humanities platform
 云端存储的数字人文研究平台
- Access to large data sets, and include 3rd party content, not just Gale
 包含1.66亿页Gale原始文献数据,并可添加第三方数据内容
- Use Analysis tools+ Visualize Results 使用便捷的分析工具及可视化的产出结果





GALE DIGITAL SCHOLAR LAB

Explore your institution's Gale Primary Sources using digital humanities methodologies to discover new insights. Create your account to begin.

Log In / Create Account

Providing Digital Scholarship Pathways

Gale Digital Scholar Lab equips students and scholars with text and data mining resources, visualization tools, and methodology suggestions. The incremental process of Build, Clean, and Analyze supports newcomers and experienced users alike as they interpret both Gale Primary Sources and their own documents.



Build Your Content Sets

- · Use Gale Primary Sources archives
- · Upload and use your own text files
- Download content sets for use elsewhere

Learn more about the Build step »



Clean Texts for Computational Analysis

- · Apply stop words to your analysis
- · Use flexible options to target specific character removal
- Reuse configurations across Content Sets

Learn more about the Clean step »



Analyze Content in Powerful New Ways

- · Visualize data from up to 10,000 documents at a time
- Explore individual documents overlaid with analysis data
- · Download the raw data and your visualizations

Learn more about the Analyze step »

Support for Your Research and Learning Needs

Find detailed tutorials, sample projects, and additional materials to support your research, learning, and teaching activities using Gale Digital Scholar Lab.

Visit the Learning Center

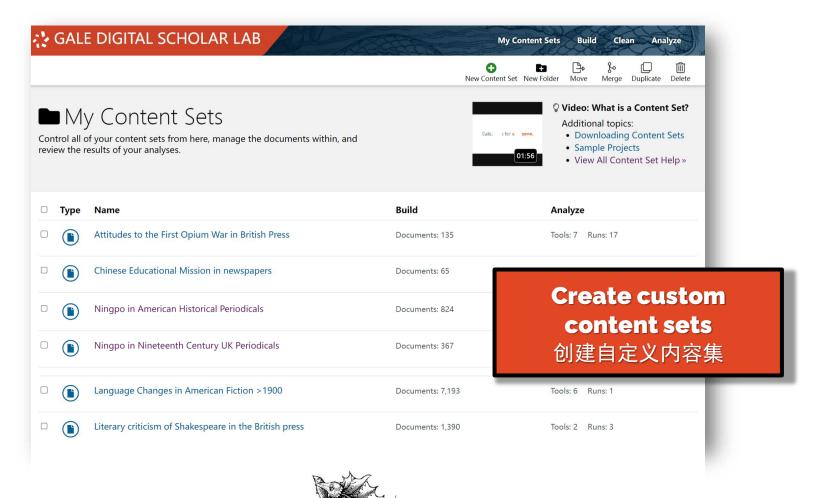




What Texts are Available?

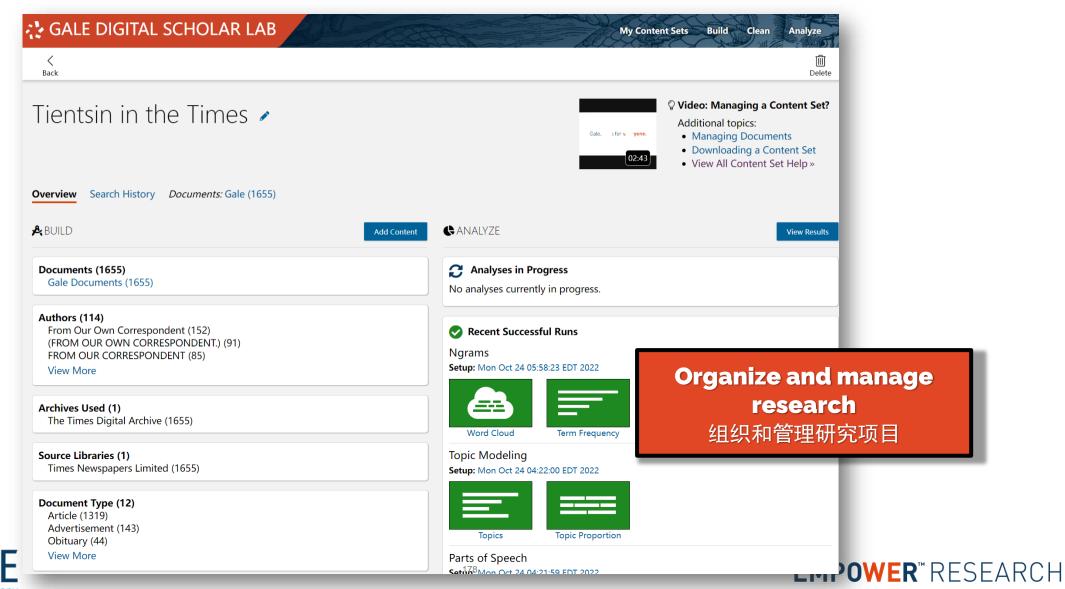
See the full list of Gale Primary Sources made available to you through your institution and learn more about each.

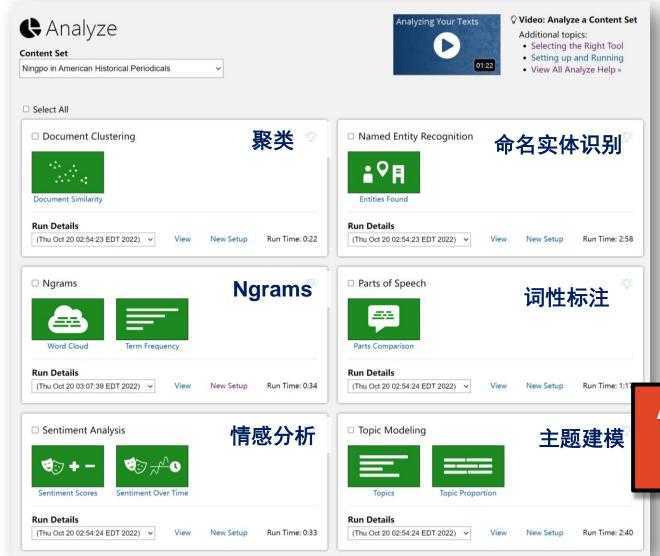
See the available archives »









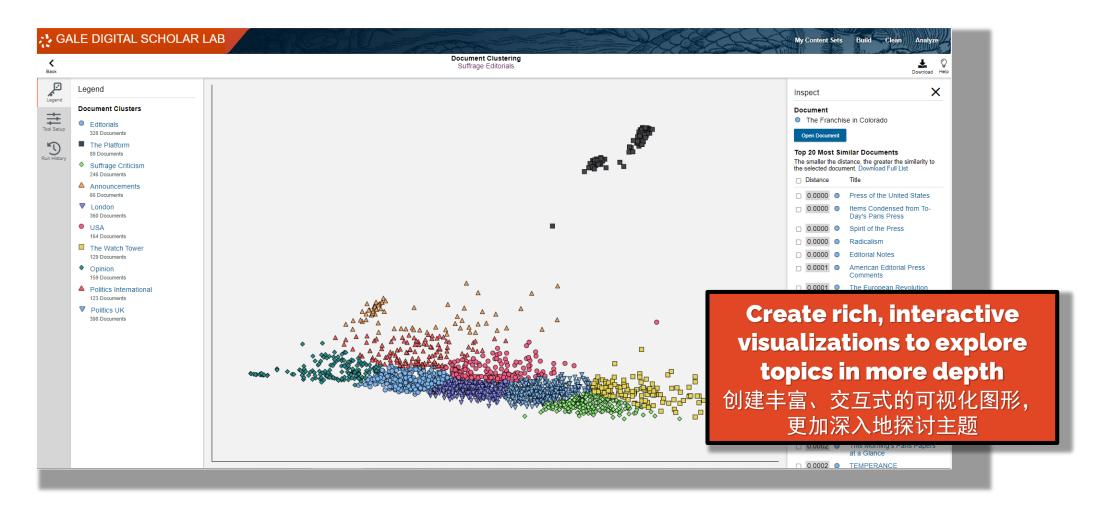


Apply powerful, open-source text mining tools

使用强大的开源文本挖掘工具

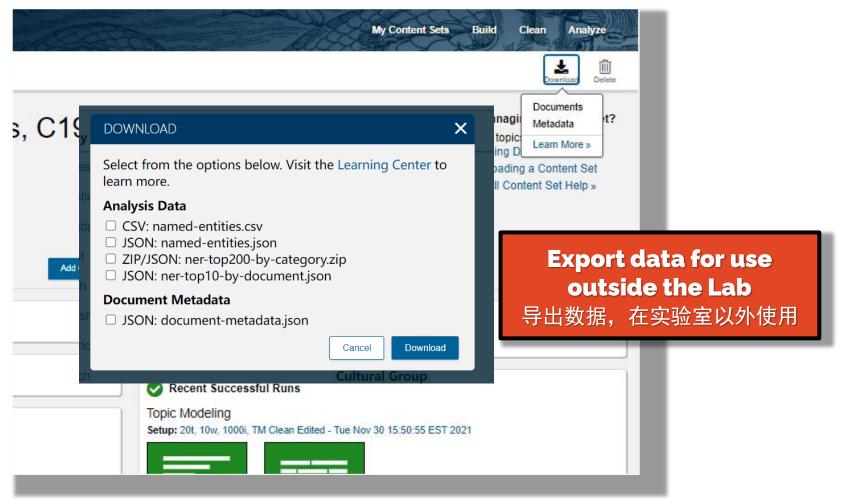
















New Features 新功能



Providing Digital Scholarship Pathways

Gale Digital Scholar Lab equips students and scholars with text and data mining resources, visualization tools, and methodology suggestions. The incremental process of Build, Clean, and Analyze supports newcomers and experienced users alike as they interpret both Gale Primary Sources and their own documents.



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Learning Center developed by experts

由专家开发的"学习中心"

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Visit the Learning Center







What Texts are Available?

See the full list of Gale Primary Sources made available to you through your institution and learn more about each.

See the available archives »



What Analyses Can I Run?

Acquaint yourself with the tools available in the Gale Digital Scholar Lab through the Learning Center and guided sample projects.

Explore the analysis tools »



Try Out Sample Projects

Learn about important concepts like text and data mining (TDM), optical character recognition (OCR), and more.

View the sample projects »

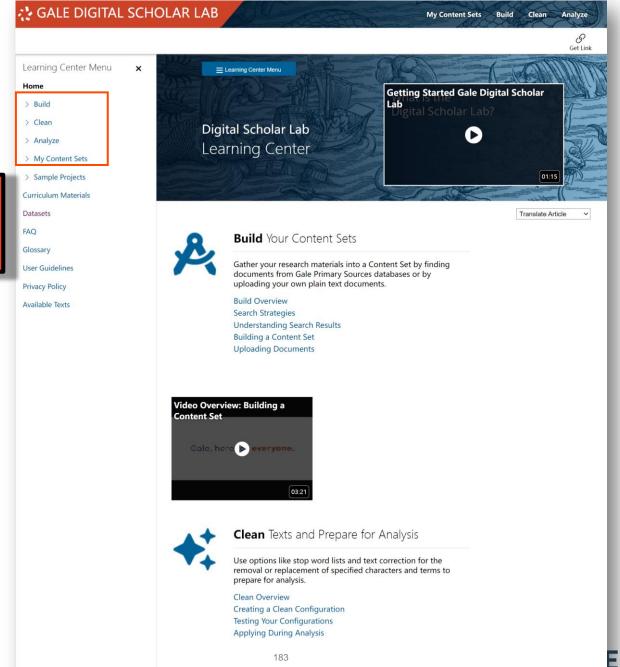




Learning Center 学习中心

Learning Center

每一个研究流程都有对应的 介绍和引导









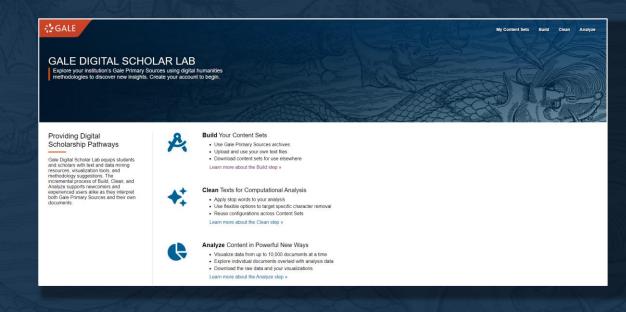
Gale Digital Scholar Lab

Gale数字学术实验室

- Access to a broad range of texts from Gale Primary Source collections
 访问来自Gale原始档案资源的大量文献
- Construct custom content sets across Gale's collections
 利用Gale档案资源构建自定义内容集
- Organise and manage research 组织和管理研究项目
- Integrated help and instructional materials
 整合帮助和教学资料
- Export OCR, statistical data and visualisations in standard formats
 以标准格式导出OCR、统计数据和可视化图形
- Upload external data to use in the Lab 上传外部数据在数字实验室中使用

Integrated TDM Research Environment

整合式文本和数据挖掘研究平台

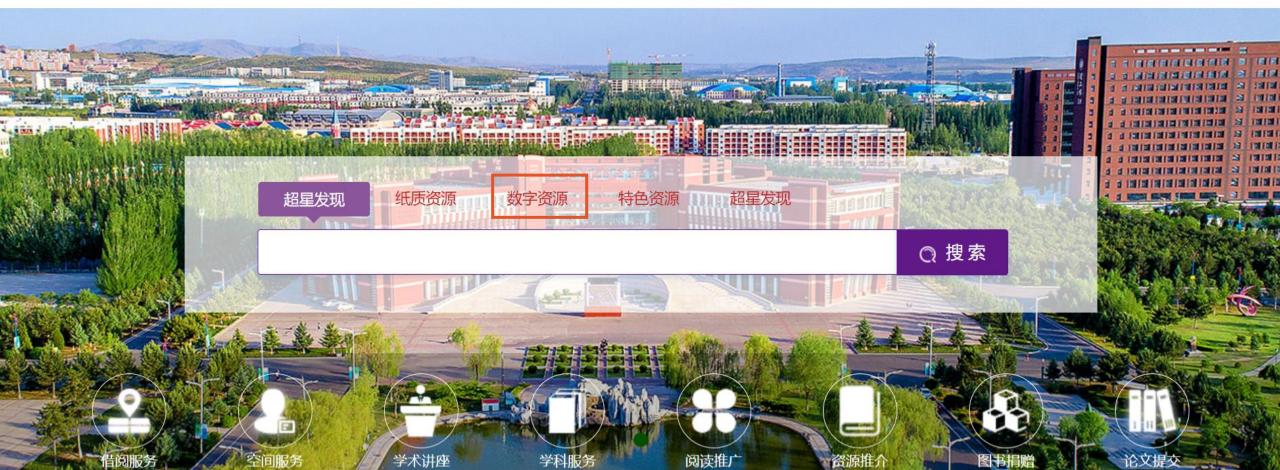




How to Access?



首页 本馆概况 ~ 管理制度 ~ 党建工作 ~ 下载专区





首页 本馆概况 ~ 管理制度 ~ 党建工作 ~ 下载专区

资源导航 外文资源 当前位置: 首页 > 资源导航 > 教字资源 > 外文资源

+ 数字资源

- 中文资源

- 外文资源

- 廾放仔取

- 试用资源

+ 特色资源

- 师大文库

+ 自建资源

7. 人类似	当刖位置: 自贝 > 贪源导肌 > 数子贪源 > 外又贪源
• Gale数据库	2021/10/07
• SAGE	2021/03/19
· Worldlib人 线咨询平台	2021/03/10
• Worldlib	2019/06/12
SCI (Science Citation Index)	2019/06/11
• EI数据库	2019/06/11
• EBSCOhost 外文全文数据库	2019/06/11
• Springerlink 斯普林格期刊全文数据库	2019/06/11
• AMS (美国数学学会) MathSciNet数据库	2022/05/12
• 全球科学出版社(Global Science Press)数学电子期刊库	2021/11/03
• PsycArticles心理学期刊全文数据库	2021/03/17
• 中博外文电子图书	2020/07/18
• WILEY 社会与人文科学在线期刊库	2019/06/11
Nature	2019/06/11
• Science 《科学周刊》数据库	2019/06/11
• IOP 英国物理学会期刊	2019/06/11
• AIP 美国物理联合会全文期刊数据库	2019/06/11
APS 美国物理学会全文期刊数据库	2019/06/11
• OSA 美国光学学会数据库	2019/06/11
• RSC 英国皇家化学学会全文期刊数据库	2019/05/17
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-----校内链接-----

-----友情链接-----

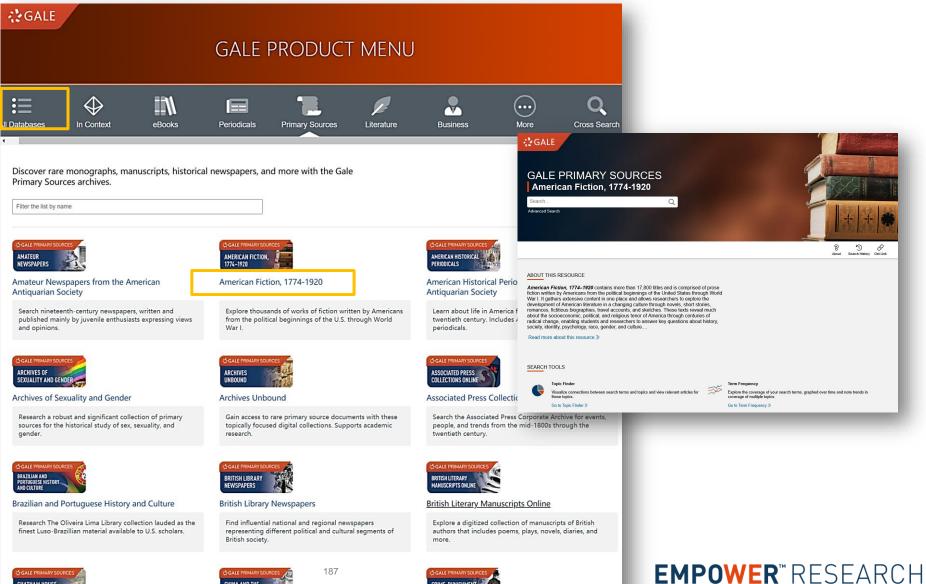
快速入口:





Menu 数据库目录









CHATHAM HOUSE

Chatham House Online Archive

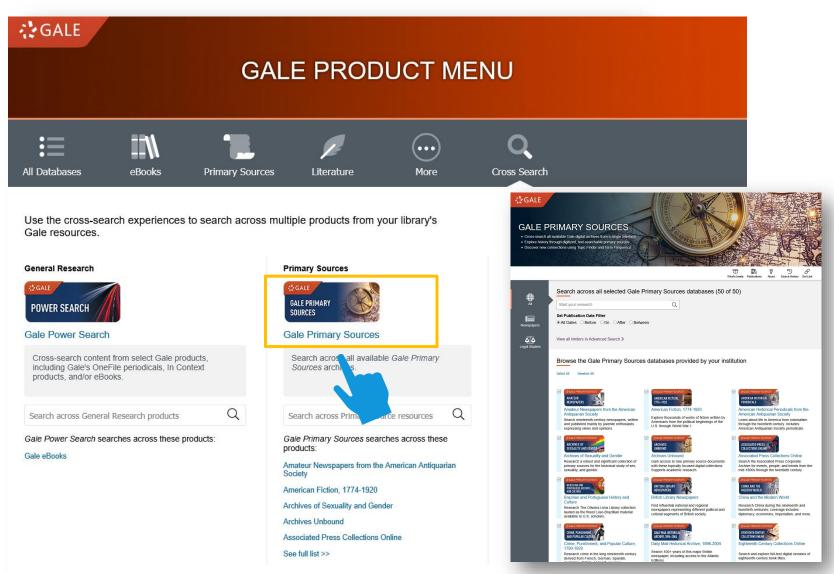
CHINA AND THE

China and the Modern World



Crime, Punishment, and Popular Culture, 1790-1920

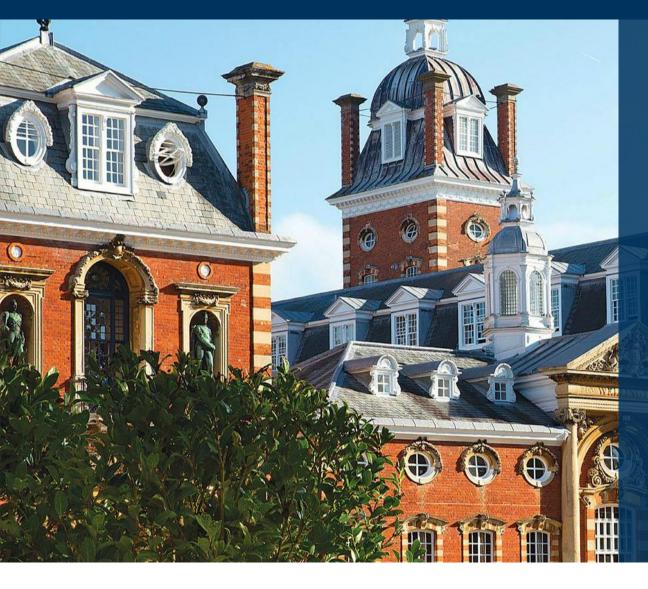
Menu 数据库目录







Agenda



Gale Scholar

- Gale Scholar 项目概述
- Gale Scholar 重点数据库介绍
- 跨库检索平台&工具
- · 高效检索和挖掘Gale 原始文献的技巧
- Gale 数字学术实验室简介

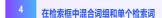








洲旅行的作品时,将检索词以这种方式组成词组: European W1 travel (它的字面含义是 找到与travel相距一个词的European)。假设所用检索词组不太常见的话,这会将检索结



果从数百条缩减到几十条。

例如, 输入"ancient Rome" AND Caesar



Thank You!



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